STATE CHILD HEALTH PLAN UNDER TITLE XXI OF THE SOCIAL SECURITY ACT STATE CHILDREN'S HEALTH INSURANCE PROGRAM

(Required under 4901 of the Balanced Budget Act of 1997 (New section 2101(b)))

State/Territory: Virginia

457.40(b)), As a condition for receipt of Federal funds under Title XXI of the Social Security Act (42 CFR

ittel, Secretary of Health and Human Resources

Commonwealth of Virginia

submits the following State Child Health Plan for the State Children's Health Insurance Program and Federal regulations and other official issuances of the Department. Health Plan, the requirements of Title XXI and XIX of the Act (as appropriate) and all applicable hereby agrees to administer the program in accordance with the provisions of the approved State Child

The following state officials are responsible for program administration and financial oversight (42 CFR 457.40(c)):

Name: John E. Littel

Name: Cheryl J. Roberts Title: Secretary of Health and Human Resources
Title: Director, Department of Medical Assistance Services; CHIP

Director

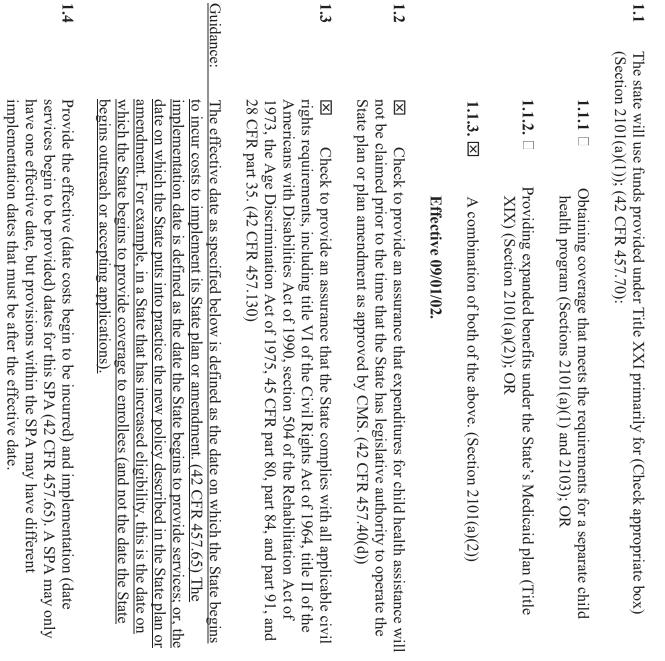
respond to a collection of information unless it displays a valid 0MB control number. The valid complete and review the information collection. If you have any comments concerning the accuracy required to complete this information collection is estimated to average 80 hours per response, Maryland 21244-1850. CMS, 7500 Security Blvd., Attn: PRA Reports Clearance Officer, Mail Stop C4-26-05, Baltimore of the time estimate(s) or suggestions for improving this form, please write to: including the time to review instructions, search existing data resources, and gather the data needed, and 0MB control number for this information collection is 0938-1148 (CMS-10393 #34). The time *Disclosure. In accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, no persons are required to

Effective Date: 07/01/2023

Approval Date:

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Health Plan Requirements Section 1. General Description and Purpose of the State Child Health Plans and State Child



Approval Date:

7/01/01. Amend. 4: 09/01/02. Amend. 5: 08/01/03. Amend. 6: Withdrawn.

Amendment Effective Dates: Amend. 1: 07/01/01. Amend. 2: 12/01/01. Amend. 3:

Original Plan Effective Date: 10/26/98; Implementation Date: 10/26/98

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07/01/09; Hospice Concurrent with Treatment 03/23/10; Early Intervention and service program 07/01/06. Amend. 8: Changes to the CHIP State Plan to outline children from waiting period 08/01/05; allow for disease management in fee-for-Virginia Health Care Fund 07/01/10. Assistance 07/01/10. Amend. 11: Administrative Renewal Process 10/01/10; 01/01/10; Mental Health Parity and No Cost Sharing for Pregnancy-Related prospective payment for FQHCs and RHCs 10/01/09; Citizenship Documentation Expansion Immigrants 04/01/09. Amend. 10: Translation for Dental Care Amend. 9: FAMIS MOMS to 200% FPL and MCO opt in 07/01/09; Medicaid coverage of school services and to add language regarding private funding Amend. 7: delete ESHI premium assistance program and exempt pregnant

system change (Sec. 6 and 12) Behavioral Health Service Administrator: 01/01/14 and RHCs: 10/01/09; Citizenship Documentation: 01/01/10; and Mental Health Procedures 07/01/12; and Performance Plan: 07/01/12. Amend. 14: Delivery 07/01/12; Add coverage for early intervention case management: 10/01/11; and management: 05/01/12; Expand eligibility under lawfully residing option: Virginia Health Care Fund: 07/01/10. Amend. 12: Discontinue primary care case Care Fund: 07/01/10. Amend. 11: Administrative Renewal Process: 10/01/10; and Parity, No Cost Sharing for Pregnancy-Related Assistance, and Virginia Health Treatment: 03/23/10; Early Intervention and prospective payment for FQHCs Amend. 10: Translation for Dental Care: 07/01/09; Hospice Concurrent with funding; Amend. 9: 07/01/09, and Medicaid Expansion Immigrants: 04/01/09; implementation date of language regarding the RWJ Grant funding and private Withdrawn; Amend. 7: 07/01/06; Amend. 8: 07/01/07, and 02/14/09 Amend. 3: 12/01/01; Amend. 4: 09/01/02; Amend. 5: 08/01/03; Amend. 6: Amendment Implementation Dates: Amend. 1: 08/01/01; Amend. 2: 12/01/01; Discontinue Virginia Health Care Fund funding: 07/01/12. Amend. 13: Outreach

List continues after table below.

Transmittal Number	SPA Group	PDF	Description	Superseded Plan Section(s)
VA-13-15	MAGI	CS7	Eligibility –	Supersedes the current
Effective/Implementation Date: January 1, 2014	& Methods		Income Children	Area 4.1.1; Age 4.1.2; and Income 4.1.3
		CS13	Eligibility - Deemed Newborns	Incorporate under section 4.3

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Transmittal Number	SPA Group	PDF	Description	Superseded Plan Section(s)
VA-14-0020		CS15	MAGI-Based	Incorporate within a
Effective/Implementation			Income Methodologies	separate subsection under section 4.3
bace outloand to box		CS10	Eligibility – Children Who	Supersedes language in regard to denendents of
			Have Access to	public employees in
			Public Employee Coverage	Section 4.1.9
VA-14-0002	XXI Medicaid	CS3	Eligibility for Medicaid	Supersedes the current Medicaid expansion
Effective/Implementation Date: January 1, 2014	Expansion		Expansion Program	section 4.0
VA-14-0025	Establish 2101(f)	CS14	Children Ineligible for Medicaid as a	Incorporate within subsection 4.4.1
Effective/Implementation Date: January 1, 2014	Group		Result of the Elimination of Income Disregards	
VA-13-0018	Eligibility Processing	CS24	Eligibility Process	Supersedes the current sections 4.3 and 4.4
Effective/Implementation Date: October 1, 2013	8			
VA-13-19 Effective/Implementation	Non- Financial Eligibility	CS17	Non-Financial Eligibility – Residency	Supersedes the current section 4.1.5
Date. January 1, 2017		CS18	Non-Financial— Citizenship	Supersedes the current sections 4.1.0; 4.1.1-LR
		CS19	Non-Financial – Social Security Number	Supersedes the current section 4.1.9
		CS23	Other Eligibility Standards	Supersedes the current section 4,1.6, 4.1.7, 4.1.8, 4.1.9

UNDER TITLE XXI OF THE SOCIAL SECURITY ACT STATE CHILD HEALTH PLAN

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Transmittal Number	SPA Group	PDF	Description	Superseded Plan Section(s)
VA-13-19-01 Effective/Implementation Date: July 3, 2014		CS20	Substitution of Coverage	Supersedes the current section 4.4.4
VA-21-0021 Effective/Implementation Date: July 1, 2021	MAGI Eligibility & Methods	CS9	Coverage from Conception to Birth	
	Non- Financial Eligibility	CS27	CS27 Continuous Eligibility	

SPA #15

Purpose of SPA: Update for SFY 2015

Effective date: 07/01/14

Implementation dates:

Remove waiting period for eligibility: 07/03/14; Allow eligibility for dependents

of state employees: 01/01/15

SPA #16

Purpose of SPA: Update for SFY 2016

Effective date: 07/01/15

Implementation date:

Benefits - add Behavioral Therapy services: 07/01/16

SPA #17

Disaster Event. for Individuals Living or Working in a Declared Disaster Area at the Time of a Purpose of SPA: Temporary Adjustments to Enrollment and Redetermination

Effective date and implementation date: 01/01/17

SPA #VA-17-0012

Purpose of SPA: Update for SFY 2017

Effective date: 7/1/16

SUD amendments (not including peer supports) have an implementation date of 04/01/17.

07/01/17. All other items (including peer supports) have an implementation date of

Approval Date: 2/20/2024

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SPA #VA-18-0012

Act - Effective and implementation date 07/01/17; Purpose of SPA: Compliance with Mental Health Parity and Addiction Equity

implementation date: 07/01/19 Removal of Outpatient Behavioral Health Co-payments – Effective and

SPA #VA-19-0010

Assurances; Technical Updates Purpose of SPA: Update for SFY 2019; Managed Care Final Rule Compliance

Effective and implementation date: 07/01/18

SPA #VA-20-0001

Federally Declared Disaster Area Flexibilities Related to Processing and Renewal Requirements for State or Purpose of SPA: CHIP Disaster Relief - Temporary Waiver of Co-payments;

Effective date: 01/01/2020

Implementation date: 03/12/2020

SPA #VA-20-0015

Effective and implementation date: 10/24/19 Purpose of SPA: Update for SFY2020; SUPPORT Act Section 5022 Compliance

SPA #VA-21-0010

Purpose of SPA: Health Services Initiative - Poison Control Centers

Effective and implementation date: 07/01/21

SPA #VA-21-0027

a Health Services Initiative to provide fee-for-service health services up to 60 uninsured pregnant women up to 200% FPL not otherwise eligible for Medicaid, **FAMIS Prenatal.** days postpartum to mothers covered under the unborn child option, called FAMIS MOMS, or FAMIS, regardless of immigration status requirements; Fund Purpose of SPA: Extend coverage for unborn children whose mothers are

Effective and implementation date: 07/01/21

SPA #VA-22-0010

treatment), testing, and vaccinations for COVID-19 without cost-sharing in (including treatment of a condition that may seriously complicate COVID-19 American Rescue Plan Act provisions that require states to cover treatment Purpose of SPA: The purpose of this SPA is to demonstrate compliance with the

Effective and implementation date: 03/11/21

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SPA #VA-22-0011

Analysis, and Updated Performance Objectives Purpose of SPA: Enhanced Behavioral Health Services, Hardship Exception

Effective date: 07/01/21

Implementation date:

- and 9 (Hardship Exception Analysis and Strategic Objectives and Hospitalization, Assertive Community Treatment, and updates to Sections 4 For Mental Health Intensive Outpatient Services, Mental Health Partial Performance Goals): 07/01/21
- For Multi-systemic Therapy, Functional Family Therapy, and Crisis Intervention and Stabilization services under Section 6.3.5.1- BH: 12/01/21

SPA #VA-22-0021

Purpose of SPA: Removal of Co-Payments

Effective and implementation data: 07/01/22

Effective and implementation date: 07/01/22

SPA #VA-23-0027

their administration, without cost-sharing. Purpose of SPA: The state is assuring that it covers age-appropriate vaccines and

Proposed effective date: October 1, 2023

Proposed implementation date: October 1, 2023

SPA #VA-24-0006

Purpose of SPA: Add 12-month continuous coverage for children.

Proposed effective date: 1/1/24

Proposed implementation date: 1/1/24

SPA #VA-24-0012

coverage; revise dental language to make it clearer. individuals with traumatic brain injury; add language clarifying nursing facility Purpose of SPA: Update school services language; add case management for

1.4- TC Amendment, when it occurred and who was involved. occurred specifically for the development and submission of this State Plan Tribal Consultation (Section 2107(e)(1)(C)) Describe the consultation process that

at the Indian Health Program (IHP) office, describing the provisions of CHIP on the SPA, and contact information was provided for submitting any comments comment period. Tribal members and IHP contacts were invited to provide input SPA #VA-24-0012 and notifying Tribal and IHP leadership of the 30-day Tribal each of Virginia's seven federally recognized Indian Tribes, as well as to contacts _, 2024, a Tribal notification letter was sent to representatives of

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contacts. Virginia does not anticipate that this SPA will have a direct impact on the Tribes or IHP. to DMAS. comments were submitted by the Tribal members or IHP

Section 2. **B**)) General Background and Description of State Approach to Child Health Coverage and Coordination (Section 2102 (a)(1)-(3)) and (Section 2105)(c)(7)(A)-

2.1. requirements). (Section 2102(a)(1)); (42 CFR 457.80(a)) insurance programs and public-private partnerships (See Section 10 for annual report the extent feasible, distinguish between creditable coverage under public health location, currently have creditable health coverage (as defined in 42 CFR 457.10). To income level and other relevant factors, such as race, ethnicity and geographic targeted low-income children and other groups of children specified), identified by Describe the extent to which, and manner in which, children in the State (including

of a representative sample of 1,861 households representing 4,694 individuals. estimate Medicaid insured children. national Current Population Survey. DMAS' administrative data were used to from this survey and census data for its planning purposes rather than from the The Department of Medical Assistance Services (DMAS) used estimates derived Virginia. The latest survey was conducted in the Spring of 1997 for the year 1996 The Virginia Health Care Foundation conducted two surveys of health access in

HEALTH INSURANCE STATUS OF VIRGINIA CHILDREN 0-18, BY POVERTY LEVEL 1996

		Insured		I	Uninsured		
Poverty Level	Medicaid	Private	Total	Medicaid	Other	Total	Total
			Insured	Eligible 1	Uninsured	ninsured Uninsured	Children
Under 100%		2,430	208,980	34,020	0	34,020	243,000
100% to 125%		3,570	37,020	10,980	9,000	19,980	57,000
125% to 150%		4,860	36,360	12,920	12,720	25,640	62,000
150% to 175%		9,140	46,640	22,080	17,280	39,360	86,000
175% to 200%	6,000	44,000	50,000	2,000	33,000	35,000	85,000
200% to 250%		57,000	57,000	0	20,000	20,000	77,000
Above 250%	0	979,000	979,000	0	40,000	40,000	1,019,000
Totals	315,000	1,100,000	1,415,000	82,000	132,000	214,000	1,629,000

of poverty. Above 100% of poverty, more of the uninsured are ages 6 through 18. Virginia DMAS assumes that insured/uninsured individuals are evenly distributed by age below 100% Medicaid covers children 0 through 5 up to 133% and covers children ages 6 through 18 up to

equal to or less than 133% of FPL. Effective January 1, 2014, this changed to 143% of FPL. XXI to cover additional targeted low-income children ages 6 through 18 with family income 100% of poverty. Effective 9/01/02, Virginia's Medicaid program was expanded through Title

State is proposing to cover with administrative funds, including the cost of each option as allowed at 42 CFR 457.10. If so, describe what services or programs the Health Services Initiatives. Describe if the State will use the health services initiative accordingly. (Section 2105(a)(1)(D)(ii)); (42 CFR 457.10) program, and how it is currently funded (if applicable); also update the budget

Postpartum Services

eligibility for the entire 60-day postpartum period. supports (LTSS). Enrollees with FAMIS Prenatal coverage will be provided continuous plan covered benefits for pregnant women, with the exception of long-term services and under the FAMIS MOMS CHIP 1115 Demonstration, which reflects the Medicaid state option. The FAMIS Prenatal program's benefit package is the same as that provided service basis to mothers of children covered under FAMIS Prenatal, the unborn child payment of 60 days postpartum services, for services that are provided on a fee-foras authorized under § 2105(a)(2) of the Act. Such assistance will provide for the (after administrative costs for the CHIP populations), for other child health assistance Virginia will use additional CHIP funds, up to 10 percent of federal CHIP expenditures

supplant or match CHIP federal funds. The Commonwealth assures that it will report annually on metrics regarding how the HSI improves the health of low-income children. The Commonwealth assures that funding under this HSI will not supplant or match CHIP federal funds with other federal funds, nor will it allow other federal funds to

Poison Control Centers

allowed for states, to support Virginia's poison control centers that will use CHIP funds, within the 10 percent federal administrative expenditures cap regulations at 42 CFR 457.10, Virginia will establish a health services initiative (HSI) As permitted under Section 2105(a)(1)(D)(ii) of the Social Security Act and federal

poisoning. Specialists in poison information (healthcare professionals with special immediately available to assist with complicated cases or to consult with clinicians at the and healthcare providers. Each center has board-certified clinical toxicologists training in toxicology) triage and respond to poisonings and inquiries from the public work collaboratively to provide 24-hour, immediate response to acute and chronic Poison Center, and National Capital Poison Center. Virginia's poison control centers Virginia is served by three poison control centers—Virginia Poison Center, Blue Ridge

other specialties; in FY2020, 522 professional education programs were delivered, and resident and fellow house-staff and physicians in pediatrics, emergency medicine and 735 healthcare students and providers received on-site training by the poison centers. Comprehensive education programs include didactic and clinical teaching to students,

campaigns specifically targeting children and underserved communities include: contacts and 11,002,766 website page encounters in FY2020. Examples of outreach outreach efforts transitioned to social and digital media, including 813,218 social media materials, the majority of which targeted pediatric poisoning. Due to COVID-19, many centers were represented at 194 health fairs and disseminated 827,424 poison prevention medically underserved areas of the Commonwealth. In FY2020, Virginia's poison since children are at highest risk of unintentional poisoning. Outreach is also targeted to The poison control centers' community-based outreach targets caregivers of children,

- masks) were included with Richmond Public Schools meal distribution. PoisonHelp kits (poison prevention advice, poison hotline magnets, face
- reached 2,500 parents and youth. Substance Abuse Awareness Coalition that put on a virtual conference that A poison center educator led a youth development committee for a Rural
- communities; the largest event, "Conversaciones en Espanol" reached 2,500 Centers provided targeted social media outreach to Spanish-speaking
- Centers worked with the Hanover County Cares Coalition to focus on OTC medication safety in Latinx youth.

poisonings at home and reducing unnecessary ambulance rides, hospital days, and the American Association of Poison Control Centers (AAPCC), poison centers save \$1.8 would self-refer to an ED if a poison center was not available. According to research by emergency department visits. Prior studies indicate that up to 50 percent of callers can be safely managed by poison centers, preventing unnecessary 911 calls and emergency care. As these statistics demonstrate, most children with accidental poisoning children were safely managed by the poison center, thereby preventing unnecessary any other action (e.g., calling 911 or self-referral to a hospital), then 90 percent of exposure, as opposed to a health care facility. If the poison center was called prior to children. Seventy-five percent of all pediatric cases were safely managed at the site of of which were human poisoning exposures. Of these calls, 56 percent of cases involved savings to the Commonwealth. prevention of 12,000 ED visits results in a conservative estimate of \$12 million in annual were averted. Assuming an average cost of \$1,000 (facility plus physician fee), hospital transfer costs. Virginia estimates that in 2019 at least 12,000 pediatric ED visits billion annually in medical costs in the United States. Costs are saved by managing In 2019, Virginia's poison control centers responded to 68,000 calls for assistance, 61,700

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approximately 31.5 percent of Virginia children are in households with incomes at or below 200% FPL. Applying these percentages to pediatric cases handled by Virginia's According to U.S. Census Bureau American Community Survey estimates. Poison Control Centers, the Centers serve an estimated 10,350 low-income children per

federal matching funds at Virginia's enhanced FMAP, effective July 1, 2021. and directs DMAS to establish a HSI for the poison control centers to draw down CHIP funds and federal funds for the poison control centers starting in state fiscal year 2022, Virginia's 2020 Appropriations Act allocates a combined \$2.5 million in state general

statewide call volume from the most recent annual report. Only Virginia calls are using the state's established methodology, i.e., based on each center's share of total cap, the amount allocated in the state budget will be distributed among the three centers involving children 0-18 in the most recent year for which data is available (e.g., 56% in children. This maximum amount is calculated by applying the percentage of calls not exceed the share of the centers' budgets that goes toward providing services to included in the totals. 2019) to the combined total budgeted expenditures for the three centers. Subject to this Total CHIP HSI funding to the Poison Control Centers (combined federal and state) will

or match CHIP federal funds. federal funds with other federal funds, nor will it allow other federal funds to supplant HSI funding is only available to the extent that funds remain under the state's 10% Commonwealth assures that funding under this HSI will not supplant or match CHIP CHIP administrative cap after accounting for all CHIP administrative expenses. The

Section 3. Methods of Delivery and Utilization Controls

Standards and Methodology). expanded eligibility under the State's Medicaid plan, and continue on to Section 4 (Eligibility Check here if the State elects to use funds provided under Title XXI only to provide

Guidance: In Section 3.1, describe all delivery methods the State will use to provide services to delivery. The State should describe any variations based upon geography and by case management entities (PCCM entities), and primary care case managers (PCCM); enrollees, including: (1) contracts with managed care organizations (MCO), prepaid managed care contract(s) to CMS' Regional Office for review. population (including the conception to birth population). States must submit the the State to health care providers; and (4) any other arrangements for health care (2) contracts with indemnity health insurance plans; (3) fee-for-service (FFS) paid by inpatient health plans (PIHP), prepaid ambulatory health plans (PAHP), primary care

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Delivery Systems (Section 2102(a)(4)) (42 CFR 457.490; Part 457, Subpart L)

3.1.1 Choice of Delivery System

the box and answer the questions below that apply to your State PCCM entities and PCCMs as defined in 42 CFR 457.10. Please check populations? Managed care entities include MCOs, PIHPs, PAHPs, Does the State use a managed care delivery system for its CHIP No, the State does not use a managed care delivery system for any CHIP populations.

XYes, the State uses a managed care delivery system for all

CHIP populations.

Yes, the State uses a managed care delivery system; however, only some of the CHIP population is included in the managed care delivery system and some of the CHIP population is included in a fee-for-service system.

included in the State's managed care delivery system for CHIP. States If the State uses a managed care delivery system for only some of its State in its managed care delivery system below in Section 3.1.2 will be asked to specify which managed care entities are used by the populations, please describe which populations are, and which are not, CHIP populations and a fee-for-service system for some of its CHIP

in the FAMIS Prenatal program are in fee-for-service during the brief initial period before they are enrolled in a managed care plan population; however, children in FAMIS and pregnant individuals (several weeks). Virginia uses a managed care delivery system for the entire CHIP

service. The CHIP Health Services Initiative (HSI) will fund status requirements. The unborn child option population will with income from 0 to 200% FPL not otherwise eligible for through the unborn child option for uninsured pregnant women postpartum services for FAMIS Prenatal participants enrolled in receive services through Medicaid managed care and fee-for-Medicaid, FAMIS, or FAMIS MOMS, regardless of immigration Effective July 1, 2021, Virginia added FAMIS Prenatal coverage fee-for-service.

Effective October 1, 2009, the Commonwealth reimburses for

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the Department. Attachment 4.19-B. Coverage under the modified Medicaid lookas also described in the Virginia State Plan for Medical Assistance, are made to FQHCs and RHCs for services reimbursed by MCOs and rural health clinics (RHCs), applicable to CHIP, in the same services provided by Federally-qualified health centers (FQHCs) alike component will be reimbursed on a fee-for-service basis by Medical Assistance, Attachment 4.19-B. Supplemental payments (Medicaid) program as described in the Virginia State Plan for manner it reimburses for services provided in the Title XIX

and a sufficient network exists. FAMIS rates are actuarially sound contracting with providers and must ensure services are provided the final rates. The savings factor shall be determined annually. 1997. A managed care savings factor shall be applied to determine regulations promulgated pursuant to the Balanced Budget Act of rates, and are established in a manner consistent with CMS provided. The plans have the discretion in reimbursing and The managed care organizations (MCOs) are at risk for all services

Guidance: Utilization control systems are those administrative mechanisms that

are designed to ensure that enrollees receiving health care services under the State plan receive only appropriate and medically necessary health care consistent with the benefit package.

care is delivered in a cost-effective and efficient manner. (42 CFR) State developed standards for review, in order to assure that necessary State should describe its plans for review, coordination, and use of an 800 number for after-hours and urgent care). In addition, the use clinical practice guidelines; or demand management systems (e.g., requirements for referrals to specialty care; requirements that clinicians Examples of utilization control systems include, but are not limited to: 457.490(b)) implementation of utilization controls, addressing both procedures and

children. Include a description of: child health assistance using Title XXI funds to targeted low-income some of its CHIP populations, describe the methods of delivery of the If the State does not use a managed care delivery system for any or

- The methods for assuring delivery of the insurance products and enrollees, including any variations. (Section 2102(a)(4); 42 CFR delivery of health care services covered by such products to the 457.490(a))
- receiving health care services under the State plan receive only The utilization control systems designed to ensure that enrollees

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3.1.2 Use of a Managed Care Delivery System for All or Some of the State's CHIP **Populations** 3.1.1.2Guidance: service. managed care delivery system and are provided through fee-for-School health services and dental services are carved out of the services may include transportation and dental, among others. enrollee, such as through fee-for-service. Examples of carved out care delivery system and how the State provides these services to an delivery system for only some of its CHIP population, the State's the method(s) of payment that the State will use: with under its managed care delivery system, and select and/or explain Check each of the types of entities below that the State will contract If yes, please describe which services are carved out of your managed managed care delivery system? managed care delivery system receive any services outside of a Do any of your CHIP populations that receive services through a responses to the following questions will only apply to those Section 3 (starting with 3.1.1.2). If the State uses a managed care Only States that use a managed care delivery system for all or some populations. CHIP populations need to answer the remaining questions under \boxtimes Managed care organization (MCO) (42 CFR 457.10) 2102(a)(4); 42 CFR 457.490(b)) benefit package described in the approved State plan. (Section appropriate and medically necessary health care consistent with the Prepaid inpatient health plan (PIHP) (42 CFR 457.10) Z Capitation payment Other (please explain) Describe population served: Capitation payment FAMIS Prenatal (i.e., the unborn child population) FAMIS children under age 19 Describe population served:

Guidance:

If the State uses prepaid ambulatory health plan(s) (PAHP) to

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addition to PCCM services: If PCCM entity is selected, please indicate which of the following Instead, complete section 3.1.3 for the NEMT PAHP PAHP), the State should not check the following box for that plan. exclusively provide non-emergency medical transportation (a NEMT function(s) the entity will provide (as described in 42 CFR 457.10), in Primary care case manager (PCCM) (individual practitioners) (42 Prepaid ambulatory health plan (PAHP) (42 CFR 457.10) necessary for performance measurement of providers administering enrollee satisfaction surveys or collecting data conduct provider profiling and/or practice improvement Operation of a customer service call center FFS program Oversight responsibilities for the activities of FFS providers in the FFS program Development of enrollee care plans Operation of a nurse triage advice line Provision of face-to-face case management Provision of intensive telephonic case management Primary care case management entity (PCCM Entity) (42 CFR Other (please describe) Coordination with behavioral health systems/providers Implementation of quality improvement activities including Review of provider claims, utilization and/or practice patterns to Provision of enrollee outreach and education activities Provision of payments to FFS providers on behalf of the State Execution of contracts with fee-for-service (FFS) providers in the 457.10) CFR 457.10) Other (please explain) Capitation payment Shared savings, incentive payments, and/or other financial Other (please explain) Other (please explain) rewards for improved quality outcomes (see 42 CFR Case management fee Describe population served: 457.1240(f)) Case management fee

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3.1.2.2The State assures that if its contract with an MCO, PAHP, or PIHP 42 CFR 422.208 and 422.210. (42 CFR 457.1201(h), cross-referencing stipulates that the entity must comply with the requirements set forth in allows the entity to use a physician incentive plan, the contract to 42 CFR 438.3(i))

3.1.3 Nonemergency Medical Transportation PAHPs

Guidance: exclusively provide NEMT and/or uses other managed care entities beyond a 4 after checking the assurance below. If the State uses a PAHP that does not the only managed care entity for CHIP in the State, please continue to Section non-emergency medical transportation (a NEMT PAHP). If a NEMT PAHP is Only complete Section 3.1.3 if the State uses a PAHP to exclusively provide NEMT PAHP, the State will need to complete the remaining sections within

- 457.1206(b)): comply with all applicable requirements, including the following (from 42 CFR PAHPs, and through its contracts with such entities, requires NEMT PAHPs to The State assures that it complies with all requirements applicable to NEMT
- 457.1201(l) (related to mental health parity). All contract provisions in 42 CFR 457.1201 except those set forth in 42 CFR 457.1201(h) (related to physician incentive plans) and 42 CFR
- The information requirements in 42 CFR 457.1207 (see Section 3.5 below for more details).
- The provision against provider discrimination in 42 CFR 457.1208
- and 42 CFR 438.62(a), as cross-referenced in 42 CFR 457.1216 (about disenrollment), 42 CFR 457.1214 (about conflict of interest safeguards), The State responsibility provisions in 42 CFR 457.1212 (about continued services to enrollees).
- 457.1222, 457.1224, and 457.1226. The provisions on enrollee rights and protections in 42 CFR 457.1220.
- The PAHP standards in 42 CFR 438.206(b)(1), as cross-referenced by 42 (b) and (d) (about structure and operation standards). (about coverage and authorization of services), and 42 CFR 457.1233(a), CFR 457.1230(a) (about availability of services), 42 CFR 457.1230(d)
- An enrollee's right to a State review under subpart K of 42 CFR 457.
- Prohibitions against affiliations with individuals debarred or excluded by Federal agencies in 42 CFR 438.610, as cross referenced by 42 CFR
- Providers, and Indian managed care entities in 42 CFR 457.1209 Requirements relating to contracts involving Indians, Indian Health Care

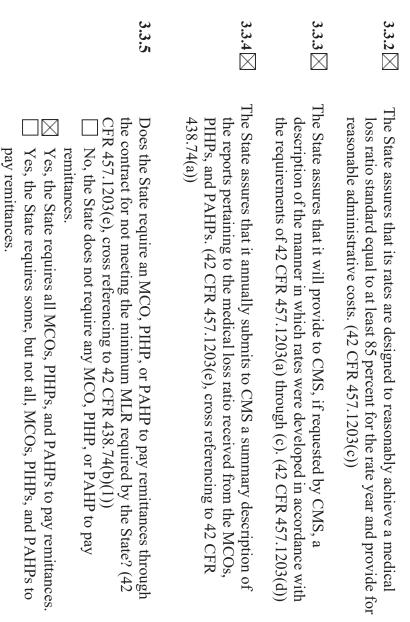
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STATE: Virginia $3.2.2 \times$ Rate Development Standards and Medical Loss Ratio Guidance: General Managed Care Contract Provisions The State assures that it operates a Web site that provides the MCO, PIHP The State assures that it will include provisions in all managed care contracts The State assures that each MCO, PIHP, PAHP, PCCM, and PCCM entity The State assures that it provides for free and open competition, to the protect those rights (42 CFR 457.1220, cross-referencing to 42 CFR 438.100). rights, and ensures that its employees and contract providers observe and applicable. (42 CFR 457.940(b); 42 CFR 457.1250(a), cross referencing to 42 accordance with the procurement requirements of 45 CFR part 75, as coverage or other services, including external quality review organizations, in complies with any applicable Federal and State laws that pertain to enrollee part 75, as applicable. (42 CFR 457.940(c)) that define a sound and complete procurement contract, as required by 45 CFR maximum extent practical, in the bidding of all procurement contracts for state must check the next assurance. assurance. If the state is unable to check both boxes under 3.1.1 above, the States that checked both boxes under 3.3.1 above do not need to make the next CFR 438.10(c)(3)) PAHP, and PCCM entity contracts. (42 CFR 457.1207, cross-referencing to 42 Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act. Rehabilitation Act of 1973, Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972, (45 CFR part 80), Age Discrimination Act of 1975 (45 CFR part 91), These Federal and State laws include: Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 Titles II and III of the Americans with Disabilities Act, and section 1557 of the CFR 438.356(e)) The State assures that its payment rates are:

Based on public or private payment rate Consistent with actuarially sound principles as defined in 42 CFR 457.10 Based on public or private payment rates for comparable services for If the State is unable to meet the requirements under 42 CFR 457.1203(a), comparable populations; and the provision of services. (42 CFR 457.1203(b)) to enroll providers who demonstrate exceptional efficiency or quality in necessary to ensure sufficient provider participation or provider access or the State attests that it must establish higher rates because such rates are (42 CFR 457.1203(a)) Page 3-17

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to pay a remittances but not a dental PAHP, please include this information. not required to pay remittances. For example, if a state requires a medical MCO by the State, please describe which types of managed care entities are and are remittances through the contract for not meeting the minimum MLR required If the State requests some, but not all, MCOs, PIHPs, and PAHPs to pay

If the answer to the assurance above is yes for any or all managed care entities please answer the next assurance:

- The State assures that if a remittance is owed by an MCO, PIHP, or PAHP to the State, the State:
- matching rate; and remittance, taking into account applicable differences in the Federal Reimburses CMS for an amount equal to the Federal share of the
- report provided to CMS that summarizes the reports received from the determine the State and Federal share of the remittance with the annual Submits a separate report describing the methodology used to 42 CFR 438.74(b)) MCOs, PIHPs, and PAHPs. (42 CFR 457.1203(e), cross referencing to

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3.3.6	The State assures that each MCO, PIHP, and PAHP calculates and reports the
	medical loss ratio in accordance with 42 CFR 438.8. (42 CFR 457.1203(f))

3.4 Enrollment

- The State assures that its contracts with MCOs, PIHPs, PAHPs, PCCMs, and PCCM entities provide that the MCO, PIHP, PAHP, PCCM or PCCM entity:
- without restriction (unless authorized by CMS), up to the limits set under the Accepts individuals eligible for enrollment in the order in which they apply contract (42 CFR 457.1201(d), cross-referencing to 42 CFR 438.3(d)(1));
- against individuals eligible to enroll (42 CFR 457.1201(d), cross-referencing to 42 CFR 438.3(d)(3)); and Will not, on the basis of health status or need for health care services, discriminate
- race, color, national origin, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity or disability. not use any policy or practice that has the effect of discriminating on the basis of color, national origin, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, or disability and will Will not discriminate against individuals eligible to enroll on the basis of race (42 CFR 457.1201(d), cross-referencing to 438.3(d)(4))

3.4.1 Enrollment Process

- The State assures that it provides informational notices to potential established under 42 CFR 457.340. (42 CFR 457.1210(c)) requirements in 42 CFR 457.1207 and accessibility standards as the disenrollment policies, and complies with the information choice of an entity, explains the length of the enrollment period as well entity, explains the implications of making or not making an active includes the available managed care entities, explains how to select an enrollees in an MCO, PIHP, PAHP, PCCM, or PCCM entity that
- $3.4.1.2 \times$ The State assures that its enrollment system gives beneficiaries already enrolled in an MCO, PIHP, PAHP, PCCM, or PCCM entity priority to under the program. (42 CFR 457.1210(b)) entity does not have the capacity to accept all those seeking enrollment continue that enrollment if the MCO, PIHP, PAHP, PCCM, or PCCM
- 457.1210(a)) to an MCO, PIHP, PAHP, PCCM, or PCCM entity? (42 CFR Does the State use a default enrollment process to assign beneficiaries Yes

If the State uses a default enrollment process, please make the following assurances:

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 \times \times The State maximizes continuation of existing provider-beneficiary The State assigns beneficiaries only to qualified MCOs, PIHPs, capacity to enroll beneficiaries. (42 CFR 457.1210(a)(1)(i)) 457.1210(a)(1)(iii)) entity from being considered. (42 CFR 457.1210(a)(1)(ii), 42 CFR arbitrarily exclude any MCO, PIHP, PAHP, PCCM or PCCM possible, distributes the beneficiaries equitably and does not relationships under 42 CFR 457.1210(a)(1)(ii) or if that is not (including default enrollment) under 42 CFR 438.702 and have intermediate sanction of having suspension of all new enrollment PAHPs, PCCMs, and PCCM entities that are not subject to the

3.4.2 Disenrollment

- $3.4.2.1 \times$ The State assures that the State will notify enrollees of their right to annually. (42 CFR 457.1207, cross-referencing to 42 CFR 438.10(f)(2)) disenroll consistent with the requirements of 42 CFR 438.56 at least
- $3.4.2.2 \times$ The State assures that the effective date of an approved disenrollment, PCCM or PCCM entity refers the request to the State. (42 CFR in which the enrollee requests disenrollment or the MCO, PIHP, PAHP, be no later than the first day of the second month following the month regardless of the procedure followed to request the disenrollment, will 457.1212, cross-referencing to 438.56(e)(1))
- $3.4.2.3 \times$ If a beneficiary disenrolls from an MCO, PIHP, PAHP, PCCM, or to 42 CFR 438.56; State Health Official Letter #09-008) incorporating section 1932(a)(4); 42 CFR 457.1212, cross referencing delivery system. (Section 2103(f)(3) of the Social Security Act, option to enroll in another plan or receive benefits from an alternative PCCM entity, the State assures that the beneficiary is provided the
- MCO, PIHP, PAHP, PCCM and PCCM Entity Requests for Disenrollment.
- The State assures that contracts with MCOs, PIHPs, PAHPs, disenrollment of an enrollee, if any. (42 CFR 457.1212, cross-MCO, PIHP, PAHP, PCCM and PCCM entity may request PCCMs and PCCM entities describe the reasons for which an referencing to 42 CFR 438.56(b))

Guidance: Reasons for disenrollment by the MCO, PIHP, PAHP, PCCM, and Reasons for disenrollment may not include an adverse change in the PCCM entity must be specified in the contract with the State.

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disruptive behavior resulting from his or her special needs (except when his or her continued enrollment in the MCO, PIHP, PAHP, medical services, diminished mental capacity, or uncooperative or enrollee's health status, or because of the enrollee's utilization of (42 CFR 457.1212, cross-referencing to 42 CFR 438.56(b)(2)) furnish services to either this particular enrollee or other enrollees). PCCM or PCCM entity seriously impairs the entity's ability to

3.4.2.5 Enrollee Requests for Disenrollment.

Guidance: the annual disenrollment opportunity, or when the State imposes the intermediate sanction specified in 42 CFR 438.702(a)(4). (42 CFR 457.1212, cross-referencing to 42 CFR 438.56(c)) the temporary loss of CHIP eligibility caused the beneficiary to miss of that enrollment, at least once every 12 months, upon reenrollment if time; or 2) without cause during the latter of the 90 days after the PAHP, PCCM, or PCCM entity, except for either: 1) for cause, at any The State may also choose to limit disenrollment from the MCO, PIHP beneficiary's initial enrollment or the State sends the beneficiary notice

438.56(c)) PCCM entity by an enrollee? (42 CFR 457.1212, cross-referencing to 42 CFR Does the State limit disenrollment from an MCO, PIHP, PAHP, PCCM and

□⊠ Yes

457.1212, cross-referencing to 42 CFR 438.56(c)): PCCM and PCCM entity, please make the following assurances (42 CFR If the State limits disenrollment by the enrollee from an MCO, PIHP, PAHP,

- The State assures that enrollees and their representatives are given written notice of disenrollment rights at least 60 days before the start of each 438.56(f)(1)) enrollment period. (42 CFR 457.1212, cross-referencing to 42 CFR
- \times \times The State assures that beneficiary requests for disenrollment without cause The State assures that beneficiary requests to disenroll for cause will be the following times: will be permitted by the MCO, PIHP, PAHP, PCCM or PCCM entity at (42 CFR 457.1212, cross-referencing to 42 CFR 438.56(c)(1) and (d)(2)) permitted at any time by the MCO, PIHP, PAHP, PCCM or PCCM entity
- during the 90 days following the date the State sends the beneficiary enrollment into the MCO, PIHP, PAHP, PCCM, or PCCM entity, or notice of that enrollment, whichever is later; During the 90 days following the date of the beneficiary's initial
- At least once every 12 months thereafter;

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- the annual disenrollment opportunity; and temporary loss of CHIP eligibility has caused the beneficiary to miss If the State plan provides for automatic reenrollment for an individual who loses CHIP eligibility for a period of 2 months or less and the
- PAHP, PCCM or PCCM entity specified in 42 CFR 438.702(a)(4). (42 When the State imposes the intermediate sanction on the MCO, PIHP CFR 457.1212, cross-referencing to 42 CFR 438.56(c)(2))
- $3.4.2.6 \times$ The State assures that the State ensures timely access to a State review referencing to 42 CFR 438.56(f)(2)) there is not good cause for disenrollment. (42 CFR 457.1212, crossfor any enrollee dissatisfied with a State agency determination that

3.5 Information Requirements for Enrollees and Potential Enrollees

- $3.5.1 \times$ The State assures that it provides, or ensures its contracted MCOs, PAHPs, referencing to 42 CFR 438.10. potential enrollees in accordance with the terms of 42 CFR 457.1207, crossinformational materials, and instructional materials related to enrollees and PIHPs, PCCMs and PCCM entities provide, all enrollment notices.
- $3.5.2 \times$ The State assures that all required information provided to enrollees and potential enrollees are in a manner and format that may be easily understood 457.1207, cross-referencing to 42 CFR 438.10(c)(1)) and is readily accessible by such enrollees and potential enrollees. (42 CFR
- $3.5.3 \times$ The State assures that it operates a Web site that provides the content specified in by linking to individual MCO, PIHP, PAHP and PCCM entity Web sites. 42 CFR 457.1207, cross-referencing to 42 CFR 438.10(g)-(i) either directly or
- $3.5.4 \times$ The State assures that it has developed and requires each MCO, PIHP, PAHP and PCCM entity to use:
- Definitions for the terms specified under 42 CFR 438.10(c)(4)(i), and
- Model enrollee handbooks, and model enrollee notices. (42 CFR 457.1207, cross-referencing to 42 CFR 438.10(c)(4))
- $3.5.5 \times$ If the State, MCOs, PIHPs, PAHPs, PCCMs or PCCM entities provide the in an accessible manner. Including that: 457.1207, cross-referencing to 42 CFR 438.10(c)(6) for providing the material confirm that the State assures that it meets the requirements under 42 CFR information required under 42 CFR 457.1207 electronically, check this box to
- The format is readily accessible;
- PAHP's, or PCCM's, or PCCM entity's Web site that is prominent and The information is placed in a location on the State, MCO's, PIHP's,

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readily accessible;

- electronically retained and printed; The information is provided in an electronic form which can be
- in 42 CFR 438.10; and The information is consistent with the content and language requirements
- without charge upon request and is provided the information upon request The enrollee is informed that the information is available in paper form within 5 business days.

3.5.6 X

The State assures that it meets the language and format requirements set forth limited to: in 42 CFR 457.1207, cross-referencing to 42 CFR 438.10(d), including but not

- State, and in each MCO, PIHP, PAHP, or PCCM entity service area; languages spoken by enrollees and potential enrollees throughout the Establishing a methodology that identifies the prevalent non-English
- Making oral interpretation available in all languages and written translation available in each prevalent non-English language;
- prevalent non-English languages in its particular service area; Requiring each MCO, PIHP, PAHP, and PCCM entity to make its written materials that are critical to obtaining services available in the
- services available free of charge to each enrollee; and requiring each MCO, PIHP, PAHP, and PCCM entity to make those Making interpretation services available to each potential enrollee and
- and PCCM entity to notify its enrollees: Notifying potential enrollees, and requiring each MCO, PIHP, PAHP,
- 0 translation is available in prevalent languages; That oral interpretation is available for any language and written
- 0 at no cost for enrollees with disabilities; and That auxiliary aids and services are available upon request and
- o How to access the services in 42 CFR 457.1207, cross-referencing 42 CFR 438.10(d)(5)(i) and (ii).

$3.5.7 \times$ The

The State assures that the State or its contracted representative provides the mandatory managed care program and within a timeframe that enables the and includes the information either in paper or electronic format, to all information specified in 42 CFR 457.1207, cross-referencing to 438.10(e)(2), PIHPs, PAHPs, PCCMs and PCCM entities: potential enrollee to use the information to choose among the available MCOs. in a voluntary managed care program or is first required to enroll in a potential enrollees at the time the potential enrollee becomes eligible to enroll

the requirements of 42 CFR 438.56 and which explains clearly the process Information about the potential enrollee's right to disenroll consistent with for exercising this disenrollment right, as well as the alternatives available

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to the potential enrollee based on their specific circumstance;

- The basic features of managed care;
- to mandatory enrollment, or free to enroll voluntarily in the program; Which populations are excluded from enrollment in managed care, subject
- The service area covered by each MCO, PIHP, PAHP, PCCM, or PCCM
- Covered benefits including:
- which, if any, benefits are provided directly by the State; and Which benefits are provided by the MCO, PIHP, or PAHP; and
- For a counseling or referral service that the MCO, PIHP, or PAHP how to obtain the service; does not cover because of moral or religious objections, where and
- 457.1207, cross-referencing to 42 CFR 438.10(h) and (i); The provider directory and formulary information required in 42 CFR
- PAHP, PCCM, or PCCM entity consistent with those set forth in the State Any cost-sharing for the enrollee that will be imposed by the MCO, PIHP,
- access to covered services, including the network adequacy standards established in 42 CFR 457.1218, cross-referencing 42 CFR 438.68; The requirements for each MCO, PIHP or PAHP to provide adequate
- The MCO, PIHP, PAHP, PCCM and PCCM entity's responsibilities for coordination of enrollee care; and
- PIHP, PAHP and PCCM entity, including enrollee satisfaction To the extent available, quality and performance indicators for each MCO,
- $3.5.8 \times$ The State assures that it will provide the information specified in 42 CFR PIHPs, PAHPs and PCCM entities, including that the State must notify all 457.1207, cross-referencing to 42 CFR 438.10(f) to all enrollees of MCOs, enrollees of their right to disenroll consistent with the requirements of 42 CFR 438.56 at least annually.
- The State assures that each MCO, PIHP, PAHP and PCCM entity will provide the information specified in 42 CFR 457.1207, cross-referencing to 42 CFR including that: 438.10(f) to all enrollees of MCOs, PIHPs, PAHPs and PCCM entities.

 $3.5.9 \times$

- The MCO, PIHP, PAHP and, when appropriate, the PCCM entity, must contracted provider within the timeframe specified in 42 CFR 438.10(f). make a good faith effort to give written notice of termination of a
- make available, upon request, any physician incentive plans in place as set The MCO, PIHP, PAHP and, when appropriate, the PCCM entity must forth in 42 CFR 438.3(i).

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 $3.5.10 \times$

The State assures that each MCO, PIHP, PAHP and PCCM entity will provide beneficiary's enrollment, by a method consistent with 42 CFR 438.10(g)(3), 438.10(g)(1)-(2), within a reasonable time after receiving notice of the PCCM entity, specified in 42 CFR 457.1207, cross-referencing to 42 CFR that meets the requirements as applicable to the MCO, PIHP, PAHP and enrollees of that MCO, PIHP, PAHP or PCCM entity an enrollee handbook

Information that enables the enrollee to understand how to effectively use the managed care program, which, at a minimum, must include:

and including the following items:

- Benefits provided by the MCO, PIHP, PAHP or PCCM entity;
- 0 How and where to access any benefits provided by the State,
- 0 the State about how to access these services; PAHP, or PCCM entity and how they can obtain information from inform enrollees that the service is not covered by the MCO, PIHP, religious objections, the MCO, PIHP, PAHP, or PCCM entity must PAHP, or PCCM entity does not cover because of moral or In the case of a counseling or referral service that the MCO, PIHP, including any cost sharing, and how transportation is provided; and
- they are entitled; sufficient detail to ensure that enrollees understand the benefits to which The amount, duration, and scope of benefits available under the contract in
- authorizations and/or referrals for specialty care and for other benefits not Procedures for obtaining benefits, including any requirements for service furnished by the enrollee's primary care provider;
- The extent to which, and how, after-hours and emergency coverage are provided, including:
- What constitutes an emergency medical condition and emergency
- 0 services; and The fact that prior authorization is not required for emergency
- has a right to use any hospital or other setting for emergency care; The fact that, subject to the provisions of this section, the enrollee
- Any restrictions on the enrollee's freedom of choice among network
- family planning services and supplies from out-of-network providers; The extent to which, and how, enrollees may obtain benefits, including
- Cost sharing, if any is imposed under the State plan;
- CFR §438.100; Enrollee rights and responsibilities, including the elements specified in 42
- The process of selecting and changing the enrollee's primary care provider;
- Grievance, appeal, and review procedures and timeframes, consistent with 42 CFR 457.1260, in a State-developed or State-approved description,

STATE: Virginia 0 The requirements and timeframes for filing a grievance or appeal; Page 3-26

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The availability of assistance in the filing process; and

- Ο to the enrollee; has made a determination on an enrollee's appeal which is adverse The right to request a State review after the MCO, PIHP or PAHP
- How to access auxiliary aids and services, including additional information in alternative formats or languages;
- and any other unit providing services directly to enrollees; and The toll-free telephone number for member services, medical management,
- Information on how to report suspected fraud or abuse.
- 3.5.11 × The State assures that each MCO, PIHP, PAHP and PCCM entity will give intended effective date of the change. (42 CFR 457.1207, cross-referencing to information specified in the enrollee handbook at least 30 days before the each enrollee notice of any change that the State defines as significant in the 42 CFR 438.10(g)(4))
- The State assures that each MCO, PIHP, PAHP and when appropriate, PCCM to 42 CFR 438.10(h)(1)-(2) and (4). that includes information as specified in 42 CFR 457.1207, cross-referencing (including specialists), hospitals, pharmacies, and behavioral health providers PAHP's or PCCM entity's network providers, including for physicians entity, will make available a provider directory for the MCO's, PIHP's,
- $3.5.13 \times$ The State assures that each MCO, PIHP, PAHP and when appropriate, PCCM entity, will update any information included in a paper provider directory at 438.10(h)(3). (42 CFR 457.1207, cross-referencing to 42 CFR 438.10(h)(3)) least monthly and in an electronic provider directories as specified in 42 CFR
- $3.5.14 \times$ The State assures that each MCO, PIHP, PAHP and when appropriate, PCCM referencing to 42 CFR 438.10(i), including: entity, will make available the MCO's, PIHP's, PAHP's, or PCCM entity's formulary that meets the requirements specified in 42 CFR 457.1207, cross-
- Which medications are covered (both generic and name brand); and
- What tier each medication is on.
- 3.5.15 The State assures that each MCO, PIHP, PAHP, PCCM and PCCM entity cross-referencing to 42 CFR 438.104 (except 42 CFR 438.104(c)). follows the requirements for marketing activities under 42 CFR 457.1224.
- Guidance: marketing materials without first obtaining State approval; distributes the MCO, PIHP, PAHP, PCCM, or PCCM entity does not distribute any materials to its entire service areas as indicated in the contract; does not seek to Requirements for marketing activities include, but are not limited to, that the

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04(b))	telephone, email, texting, or other cold-call marketing activities. (42 CFR	insurance; and does not, directly or indirectly, engage in door-to-door,	influence enrollment in conjunction with the sale or offering of any private

- Guidance: assurances in Section 3.5 (3.5.16 through 3.5.18). Only States with MCOs, PIHPs, or PAHPs need to answer the remaining
- $3.5.16 \times$ The State assures that each MCO, PIHP and PAHP protects communications 42 CFR 438.102 between providers and enrollees under 42 CFR 457.1222, cross-referencing to
- 3.5.17 The State assures that MCOs, PIHPs, and PAHPs have arrangements and of the MCO, PAHP, or PIHP for the purpose of influencing the individual to unsolicited personal contact with a potential enrollee by an employee or agent enroll with the entity. (42 CFR 457.1280(b)(2)) procedures that prohibit the MCO, PIHP, and PAHP from conducting any
- Guidance: about the notice procedures for grievances and appeals. States should also complete Section 3.9, which includes additional provisions
- $3.5.18 \times$ The State assures that each contracted MCO, PIHP, and PAHP comply with the notice requirements specified for grievances and appeals in accordance reviews as described in 42 CFR 457, Subpart K. (42 CFR 457.1260) 438.420 do not apply and that references to reviews should be read to refer to with the terms of 42 CFR 438, Subpart F, except that the terms of 42 CFR

3.6 Benefits and Services

Guidance: The State should also complete Section 3.10 (Program Integrity).

- $3.6.1 \times$ The State assures that MCO, PIHP, PAHP, PCCM entity, and PCCM contracts involving Indians, Indian health care providers, and Indian managed care entities comply with the requirements of 42 CFR 438.14. (42 CFR 457.1209)
- $3.6.2 \times$ The State assures that all services covered under the State plan are available and accessible to enrollees. (42 CFR 457.1230(a), cross-referencing to 42 CFR
- 3.6.3 \times The State assures that it:
- site required by 42 CFR 438.10; with 42 CFR 457.1218, cross-referencing 42 CFR 438.68(b)(1) on the Web Publishes the State's network adequacy standards developed in accordance

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• provision of auxiliary aids and services. (42 CFR 457.1218, crossno cost to enrollees with disabilities in alternate formats or through the Makes available, upon request, the State's network adequacy standards at referencing 42 CFR 438.68(e))

Guidance: assurances in Section 3.6 (3.6.4 through 3.6.20). Only States with MCOs, PIHPs, or PAHPs need to complete the remaining

- $3.6.4 \times$ The State assures that each MCO, PAHP and PIHP meets the State's network adequacy standards. (42 CFR 457.1218, cross-referencing 42 CFR 438.68; 42 CFR 457.1230(a), cross-referencing to 42 CFR 438.206)
- $3.6.5 \times$ The State assures that each MCO, PIHP, and PAHP includes within its network of credentialed providers:
- English proficiency or physical or mental disabilities; covered under the contract for all enrollees, including those with limited A sufficient number of providers to provide adequate access to all services
- necessary to provide women's routine and preventative health care services Women's health specialists to provide direct access to covered care for female enrollees; and
- Family planning providers to ensure timely access to covered services. (42 CFR 457.1230(a), cross-referencing to 42 CFR 438.206(b)
- $3.6.6 \times$ The State assures that each contract under 42 CFR 457.1201 permits an referencing 42 CFR 438.3(1)) enrollee to choose his or her network provider. (42 CFR 457.1201(j), cross-
- $3.6.7 \times$ The State assures that each MCO, PIHP, and PAHP provides for a second outside the network, at no cost. (42 CFR 457.1230(a), cross-referencing to 42 opinion from a network provider, or arranges for the enrollee to obtain one CFR 438.206(b)(3))
- $3.6.8 \times$ The State assures that each MCO, PIHP, and PAHP ensures that providers, in including by: furnishing services to enrollees, provide timely access to care and services,
- enrollee that is no greater than if the services were furnished within the covered under the contract to a particular enrollee and at a cost to the services if the provider network is unable to provide necessary services Requiring the contract to adequately and timely cover out-of-network
- meet State standards for timely access to care and services, taking into Requiring the MCO, PIHP and PAHP meet and its network providers to account the urgency of the need for services;

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• Ensuring that the hours of operation for a network provider are no less than the hours of operation offered to commercial enrollees or comparable to CHIP enrollees; Medicaid or CHIP Fee-For-Service, if the provider serves only Medicaid or

- in the contract on a 24 hours a day, 7 days a week basis when medically Ensuring that the MCO, PIHP and PAHP makes available services include
- Establishing mechanisms to ensure compliance by network providers;
- Monitoring network providers regularly to determine compliance:
- Taking corrective action if there is a failure to comply by a network and (5) and (c)) provider. (42 CFR 457.1230(a), cross-referencing to 42 CFR 438.206(b)(4)
- 3.6.9 \times The State assures that each MCO, PIHP, and PAHP has the capacity to serve standards for access to care. (42 CFR 457.1230(b), cross-referencing to 42 the expected enrollment in its service area in accordance with the State's CFR 438.207)
- $3.6.10 \times$ The State assures that each MCO, PIHP, and PAHP will be required to submit the MCO, PIHP, or PAHP's operations that would affect the adequacy of documentation to the State, at the time of entering into a contract with the anticipated number of enrollees for the service area: capacity and services, to demonstrate that each MCO, PIHP, and PAHP for the State, on an annual basis, and at any time there has been a significant change to
- specialty services; and Offers an appropriate range of preventative, primary care and
- geographic distribution. (42 CFR 457.1230, cross-referencing to 42 CFR 438.207(b)) Maintains a provider network that is sufficient in number, mix, and
- $3.6.11 \times$ services requirements under 42 CFR 438.210, including: that its contracts with each MCO, PIHP, or PAHP comply with the coverage of Except that 42 CFR 438.210(a)(5) does not apply to CHIP, the State assures
- Identifying, defining, and specifying the amount, duration, and offer; and scope of each service that the MCO, PIHP, or PAHP is required to
- a service. (42 CFR 457.1230(d), cross referencing to 42 CFR Permitting an MCO, PIHP, or PAHP to place appropriate limits on contracts) 438.210(a) except that 438.210(a)(5) does not apply to CHIP

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 $3.6.12 \times$ Except that 438.210(b)(2)(iii) does not apply to CHIP, the State assures that its services requirements under 42 CFR 438.210, including that: contracts with each MCO, PIHP, or PAHP comply with the authorization of

- follow written policies and procedures; The MCO, PIHP, or PAHP and its subcontractors have in place and
- The MCO, PIHP, or PAHP have in place mechanisms to ensure provider when appropriate; and consistent application of review criteria and consult with the requesting
- cross referencing to 42 CFR 438.210(b), except that 438.210(b)(2)(iii) enrollee's medical, or behavioral health needs. (42 CFR 457.1230(d), made by an individual with appropriate expertise in addressing the service in an amount, duration, or scope that is less than requested be Any decision to deny a service authorization request or to authorize a does not apply to CHIP contracts)
- authorization request, or to authorize a service in an amount, duration, or scope notice to the enrollee of any adverse benefit determination to deny a service 438.210(c)) that is less than requested. (42 CFR 457.1230(d), cross-referencing to 42 CFR The State assures that its contracts with each MCO, PIHP, or PAHP require each MCO, PIHP, or PAHP to notify the requesting provider and given written
- $3.6.14 \times$ The State assures that its contracts with each MCO, PIHP, or PAHP provide individual or entity to deny, limit, or discontinue medically necessary services to any enrollee. (42 CFR 457.1230(d), cross-referencing to 42 CFR that compensation to individuals or entities that conduct utilization management activities is not structured so as to provide incentives for the 438.210(e))
- $3.6.15 \times$ The State assures that it has a transition of care policy that meets the requirements of 438.62(b)(1) and requires that each contracted MCO, PIHP, and PAHP implements the policy. (42 CFR 457.1216, cross-referencing to 42 CFR 438.62)
- $3.6.16 \times$ The State assures that each MCO, PIHP, and PAHP has implemented procedures to deliver care to and coordinate services for all enrollees in including: accordance with 42 CFR 457.1230(c), cross-referencing to 42 CFR 438.208,
- his or her needs; Ensure that each enrollee has an ongoing source of care appropriate to
- primarily responsible for coordinating the services accessed by the Ensure that each enrollee has a person or entity formally designated as

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enrollee:

- of services; designated person or entity responsible for the enrollee's coordination Provide the enrollee with information on how to contract their
- enrollee receives from community and social support providers; PIHP, or PAHP; with fee-for-service services; and with the services the enrollee between settings of care; with services from any other MCO, Coordinate the services the MCO, PIHP, or PAHP furnishes to the
- needs within 90 days of the effective date of enrollment for all new Make a best effort to conduct an initial screening of each enrollees
- enrollee's needs; enrollee the results of any identification and assessment of the Share with the State or other MCOs, PIHPs, or PAHPs serving the
- shares, as appropriate, an enrollee health record in accordance with Ensure that each provider furnishing services to enrollees maintains and professional standards; and
- coordinating care is protected with the requirements of 45 CFR parts Ensure that each enrollee's privacy is protected in the process of to 42 CFR 438.208(b)) 160 and 164 subparts A and E. (42 CFR 457.1230(c), cross-referencing

Guidance: individual with special health care needs. (42 CFR 457.1230(c), crossmechanisms for identifying, assessing, and producing a treatment plan for an services, whether a particular PIHP or PAHP is required to implement the services and on the way the State has organized its delivery of managed care based a determination by the State in relation to the scope of the entity's For assurances 3.6.17 through 3.6.20, applicability to PIHPs and PAHPs is referencing to 42 CFR 438.208(a)(2))

- $3.6.17 \times$ The State assures that it has implemented mechanisms for identifying to State's quality strategy. eligible for assessment and treatment services under 42 CFR 457.1230(c), cross-referencing to 42 CFR 438.208(c) and included the mechanism in the MCOs, PIHPs, and PAHPs enrollees with special health care needs who are
- $3.6.18 \times$ The State assures that each applicable MCO, PIHP, and PAHP implements the mechanisms to comprehensively assess each enrollee identified by the state as CFR 438.208(c)(2)) having special health care needs. (42 CFR 457.1230(c), cross-referencing to 42

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 $3.6.19 \times$ The State assures that each MCO, PIHP, and PAHP will produce a treatment or service plan that meets the following requirements for enrollees identified with special health care needs:

- Is in accordance with applicable State quality assurance and utilization review standards;
- significantly. (42 CFR 457.1230(c), cross-referencing to 42 CFR every 12 months, or when the enrollee's circumstances or needs change Reviewed and revised upon reassessment of functional need, at least 438.208(c)(3))
- $3.6.20 \times$ The State assures that each MCO, PIHP, and PAHP must have a mechanism in place to allow enrollees to directly access a specialist as appropriate for the (42 CFR 457.1230(c), cross-referencing to 42 CFR 438.208(c)(4)) health care needs who need a course of treatment or regular care monitoring. enrollee's condition and identified needs for enrollees identified with special

3.7 Operations

The State assures that it has established a uniform credentialing and recredentialing policy that addresses acute, primary, behavioral, and substance those policies. (42 CFR 457.1233(a), cross-referencing 42 CFR 438.214(b)(1)) use disorders providers and requires each MCO, PIHP and PAHP to follow

Guidance: Only States with MCOs, PIHPs, or PAHPs need to answer the remaining assurances in Section 3.7 (3.7.2 through 3.7.9).

- referencing 42 CFR 438.12 and 438.214, including that: provider selection requirements in 42 CFR 457.1208 and 457.1233(a), cross-The State assures each contracted MCO, PIHP and PAHP will comply with the Each MCO, PIHP, or PAHP implements written policies and procedures cross-referencing 42 CFR 438.214(a)); for selection and retention of network providers (42 CFR 457.1233(a),
- \times MCO, PIHP, and PAHP network provider selection policies and treatment (42 CFR 457.1233(a), cross-referencing 42 CFR 438.214(c)); high-risk populations or specialize in conditions that require costly procedures do not discriminate against particular providers that serve
- \boxtimes MCOs, PIHPs, and PAHPs do not discriminate in the participation, the scope of his or her license or certification, solely on the basis of that reimbursement, or indemnification of any provider who is acting within 438.12(a)); license or certification (42 CFR 457.1208, cross referencing 42 CFR

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XIf an MCO, PIHP, or PAHP declines to include individual or groups of for the decision (42 CFR 457.1208, cross referencing 42 CFR 438.12(a)); PIHP, and PAHP gives the affected providers written notice of the reason providers in the MCO, PIHP, or PAHP's provider network, the MCO,

MCOs, PIHPs, and PAHPs do not employ or contract with providers referencing 42 CFR 438.214(d)). section 1128 or section 1128A of the Act. (42 CFR 457.1233(a), crossexcluded from participation in Federal health care programs under either

the subcontractual relationships and delegation requirements in 42 CFR 457.1233(b), cross-referencing 42 CFR 438.230, including that: The State assures that each contracted MCO, PIHP, and PAHP complies with

The MCO, PIHP, or PAHP maintains ultimate responsibility for adhering contract with the State; to and otherwise fully complying with all terms and conditions of its

- \times All contracts or written arrangements between the MCO, PIHP, or PAHP the State or the MCO, PIHP, or PAHP determine that the subcontractor of activities or obligations, or specify other remedies in instances where written arrangement must either provide for revocation of the delegation MCO's, PIHP's, or PAHP's contract obligations, and the contract or activities and reporting responsibilities specified in compliance with the written agreement, the subcontractor agrees to perform the delegated and related reporting responsibilities, are specified in the contract or and any subcontractor specify that all delegated activities or obligations, has not performed satisfactorily;
- \times All contracts or written arrangements between the MCO, PIHP, or PAHP subregulatory guidance and contract provisions; and comply with all applicable CHIP laws, regulations, including applicable and any subcontractor must specify that the subcontractor agrees to
- The subcontractor agrees to the audit provisions in 438.230(c)(3)

3.7.4

The State assures that each contracted MCO and, when applicable, each PIHP and PAHP, adopts and disseminates practice guidelines that are based on valid 438.236(b) and (c)) adopted in consultation with network providers; and are reviewed and updated and reliable clinical evidence or a consensus of providers in the particular periodically as appropriate. (42 CFR 457.1233(c), cross referencing 42 CFR field; consider the needs of the MCO's, PIHP's, or PAHP's enrollees; are

STATE: Virginia 3.7.5× The State assures that each contracted MCO and, when applicable, each PIHP coverage of services, and other areas to which the guidelines apply are consistent with the practice guidelines. (42 CFR 457.1233(c), cross referencing and PAHP makes decisions for utilization management, enrollee education, Page 3-34

42 CFR 438.236(d))

- The State assures that each contracted MCO, PIHP, and PAHP maintains a and disenrollments for other than loss of CHIP eligibility. (42 CFR areas including, but not limited to, utilization, claims, grievances and appeals consistent with 42 CFR 438.242. The systems must provide information on health information system that collects, analyzes, integrates, and reports data 457.1233(d), cross referencing 42 CFR 438.242)
- The State assures that it reviews and validates the encounter data collected and meets the requirements 42 CFR 438.242 of this section. (42 CFR enrollees under the contract between the State and the MCO, PIHP, or PAHP maintained, and submitted to the State by the MCO, PIHP, or PAHP to ensure 457.1233(d), cross referencing 42 CFR 438.242) it is a complete and accurate representation of the services provided to the
- $3.7.8 \times$ The State assures that it will submit to CMS all encounter data collected, maintained, submitted to the State by the MCO, PIHP, and PAHP once the 438.242. (CMS State Medicaid Director Letter #13-004) State has reviewed and validated the data based on the requirements of 42 CFR
- The State assures that each contracted MCO, PIHP and PAHP complies with the privacy protections under 42 CFR 457.1110. (42 CFR 457.1233(e))

3.8 Beneficiary Protections

- 3.8.1 × The State assures that each MCO, PIHP, PAHP, PCCM and PCCM entity has written policies regarding the enrollee rights specified in 42 CFR 438.100. (42 CFR 457.1220, cross-referencing to 42 CFR 438.100(a)(1))
- $3.8.2 \times$ The State assures that its contracts with an MCO, PIHP, PAHP, PCCM, or PCCM entity include a guarantee that the MCO, PIHP, PAHP, PCCM, or 457.1201(p)) referring enrollees to publicly supported health care resources. (42 CFR PCCM entity will not avoid costs for services covered in its contract by
- The State assures that MCOs, PIHPs, and PAHPs do not hold the enrollee liable for the following:
- The MCO's, PIHP's or PAHP's debts, in the event of the entity's solvency.

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(42 CFR 457.1226, cross-referencing to 42 CFR 438.106(a))

- 457.1226, cross-referencing to 42 CFR 438.106(b)) services under a contractual, referral or other arrangement. (42 CFR Covered services provided to the enrollee for which the State does not pay does not pay the individual or the health care provider that furnished the the MCO, PIHP or PAHP or for which the State, MCO, PIHP, or PAHP
- arrangement that are in excess of the amount the enrollee would owe if the Payments for covered services furnished under a contract, referral or other cross-referencing to 42 CFR 438.106(c)) MCO, PIHP or PAHP covered the services directly. (42 CFR 457.1226,

3.9 Grievances and Appeals

Guidance: Only States with MCOs, PIHPs, or PAHPs need to complete Section 3.9. review process for benefits. States with PCCMs and/or PCCM entities should be adhering to the State's

- $3.9.1 \times$ The State assures that each MCO, PIHP, and PAHP has a grievance and appeal system in place that allows enrollees to file a grievance and request an appeal (42 CFR 457.1260, cross-referencing to 42 CFR 438.402(a) and 438.402(c))
- $3.9.2 \times$ The State assures that each MCO, PIHP, and PAHP has only one level of appeal for enrollees. (42 CFR 457.1260, cross-referencing to 42 CFR 438.402(b))
- $3.9.3 \times$ The State assures that an enrollee may request a State review after receiving or PAHP fails to adhere to the notice and timing requirements in 42 CFR notice that the adverse benefit determination is upheld, or after an MCO, PIHP, 438.408. (42 CFR 457.1260, cross-referencing to 438.402(c))
- 3.9.4. Does the state offer and arrange for an external medical review? Yes
- Guidance: assurance (3.9.5). Only states that answered yes to assurance 3.9.4 need to complete the next
- $3.9.5 \times$ The State assures that the external medical review is:
- proceeding to the State review; At the enrollee's option and not required before or used as a deterrent to
- Independent of both the State and MCO, PIHP, or PAHP;
- Offered without any cost to the enrollee; and

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- Not extending any of the timeframes specified in 42 CFR 438.408. (42 438.402(c)(1)(i)) CFR 457.1260, cross-referencing to 42 CFR 438.402(a) and
- $3.9.6 \times$ The State assures that an enrollee may file a grievance with the MCO, PIHP, or PAHP at any time. (42 CFR 457.1260, cross-referencing to 42 CFR 438.402(a) and 438.402(c)(2)(i))
- $3.9.7 \times$ The State assures that an enrollee has 60 calendar days from the date on an adverse benefit determination notice to file a request for an appeal to the MCO, and 438.402(c)(2)(ii)) PIHP, or PAHP. (42 CFR 457.1260, cross-referencing to 42 CFR 438.402(a)
- $3.9.8 \times$ The State assures that an enrollee may file a grievance and request an appeal either orally or in writing. (42 CFR 457.1260, cross-referencing to 42 CFR 438.402(a) and 438.402(c)(3)(i))
- $3.9.9 \times$ The State assures that each MCO, PIHP, and PAHP gives enrollees timely and adequate notice of an adverse benefit determination in writing consistent with the requirements below in Section 3.9.10 and in 42 CFR 438.10.
- $3.9.10 \times$ The State assures that the notice of an adverse benefit determination explains: The adverse benefit determination.
- standards used in setting coverage limits. medical necessity criteria, and any processes, strategies, or evidentiary the enrollee's adverse benefit determination. Such information includes enrollee to be provided upon request and free of charge, reasonable access The reasons for the adverse benefit determination, including the right of the to and copies of all documents, records, and other information relevant to
- adverse benefit determination, including information on exhausting the MCO's, PIHP's, or PAHP's one level of appeal and the right to request a The enrollee's right to request an appeal of the MCO's, PIHP's, or PAHP's State review.
- The procedures for exercising the rights specified above under this assurance.
- how to request it. (42 CFR 457.1260, cross-referencing to 42 CFR The circumstances under which an appeal process can be expedited and 438.404(b))
- $3.9.11 \times$ The State assures that the notice of an adverse benefit determination is provided in a timely manner in accordance with 42 CFR 457.1260. (42 CFR 457.1260, cross-referencing to 42 CFR 438.404(c))

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 $3.9.12 \times$ The State assures that MCOs, PIHPs, and PAHPs give enrollees reasonable services upon request, such as providing interpreter services and toll-free assistance in completing forms and taking other procedural steps related to a 457.1260, cross-referencing to 42 CFR 438.406(a)) numbers that have adequate TTY/TTD and interpreter capability. (42 CFR grievance or appeal. This includes, but is not limited to, auxiliary aids and

- PAHP processes for handling enrollee grievances and appeals: The state makes the following assurances related to MCO, PIHP, and
- igwedge Individuals who make decisions on grievances and appeals were neither subordinate of any such individual. involved in any previous level of review or decision-making nor a
- \times Individuals who make decisions on grievances and appeals, if deciding expertise in treating the enrollee's condition or disease: any of the following, are individuals who have the appropriate clinical
- An appeal of a denial that is based on lack of medical necessity.
- A grievance regarding denial of expedited resolution of an appeal.
- A grievance or appeal that involves clinical issues.
- \times All comments, documents, records, and other information submitted by regard to whether such information was submitted or considered in the the enrollee or their representative will be taken into account, without initial adverse benefit determination.
- \times Enrollees have a reasonable opportunity, in person and in writing, to present evidence and testimony and make legal and factual arguments.
- Enrollees are provided the enrollee's case file, including medical records, of the adverse benefit determination. This information must be provided free of charge and sufficiently in advance of the resolution timeframe for the direction of the MCO, PIHP or PAHP) in connection with the appeal considered, relied upon, or generated by the MCO, PIHP or PAHP (or at other documents and records, and any new or additional evidence
- \times The enrollee and his or her representative or the legal representative of a deceased enrollee's estate are included as parties to the appeal. (42 CFR 457.1260, cross-referencing to 42 CFR 438.406(b))
- $3.9.14 \times$ The State assures that standard grievances are resolved (including notice to the affected parties) within 90 calendar days from the day the MCO, PIHP, or 438.408(b)) PAHP receives the grievance. (42 CFR 457.1260, cross-referencing to 42 CFR

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- $3.9.15 \times$ The State assures that standard appeals are resolved (including notice to the timeframe by up to 14 calendar days if the enrollee requests the extension or referencing to 42 CFR 42 CFR 438.408(b) and (c)) and that the delay is in the enrollee's interest. (42 CFR 457.1260, crossthe MCO, PIHP, or PAHP shows that there is need for additional information affected parties) within 30 calendar days from the day the MCO, PIHP, or PAHP receives the appeal. The MCO, PIHP, or PAHP may extend the
- $3.9.16 \times$ The State assures that each MCO, PIHP, and PAHP establishes and maintains the MCO, PIHP, or PAHP receives the appeal. The expedited review process an expedited review process for appeals that is no longer than 72 hours after 438.410(a)) 457.1260, cross-referencing to 42 CFR 438.408(b) and (c), and 42 CFR enrollee) or the provider indicates (in making the request on the enrollee's applies when the MCO, PIHP, or PAHP determines (for a request from the health, or ability to attain, maintain, or regain maximum function. (42 CFR resolution could seriously jeopardize the enrollee's life, physical or mental behalf or supporting the enrollee's request) that taking the time for a standard
- $3.9.17 \times$ The State assures that if an MCO, PIHP, or PAHP denies a request for expedited resolution of an appeal, it transfers the appeal within the timeframe 457.1260, cross-referencing to 42 CFR 438.410(c)(1)) for standard resolution in accordance with 42 CFR 438.408(b)(2). (42 CFR
- $3.9.18 \times$ The State assures that if the MCO, PIHP, or PAHP extends the timeframes for expedited resolution of an appeal, it completes all of the following: an appeal not at the request of the enrollee or it denies a request for an
- Make reasonable efforts to give the enrollee prompt oral notice of the
- a grievance if he or she disagrees with that decision. decision to extend the timeframe and inform the enrollee of the right to file Within 2 calendar days give the enrollee written notice of the reason for the
- requires and no later than the date the extension expires. (42 CFR Resolve the appeal as expeditiously as the enrollee's health condition 457.1260, cross-referencing to 42 CFR 438.408(c) and 42 CFR 438.410(c))
- $3.9.19 \times$ The State assures that if an MCO, PIHP, or PAHP fails to adhere to the notice may initiate a State review. (42 CFR 457.1260, cross-referencing to 42 CFR and timing requirements in this section, the enrollee is deemed to have exhausted the MCO's, PIHP's, or PAHP's appeals process and the enrollee 438.408(c)(3))

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- $3.9.20 \times$ 438.10. (42 CFR 457.1260, cross referencing to 42 CFR 457.408(d)(1)) that such methods meet, at a minimum, the standards described at 42 CFR PAHP will use to notify an enrollee of the resolution of a grievance and ensure The State assures that has established a method that an MCO, PIHP, and
- $3.9.21 \times$ For all appeals, the State assures that each contracted MCO, PIHP, and PAHP resolution includes at least the following items: provides written notice of resolution in a format and language that, at a minimum, meet the standards described at 42 CFR 438.10. The notice of
- The results of the resolution process and the date it was completed; and
- For appeals not resolved wholly in favor of the enrollees:
- The right to request a State review, and how to do so.
- and how to make the request. The right to request and receive benefits while the hearing is pending,
- 0 the cost of those benefits if the hearing decision upholds the MCO's, That the enrollee may, consistent with State policy, be held liable for cross referencing to 42 CFR 457.408(d)(2)(i) and (e)) PIHP's, or PAHP's adverse benefit determination. (42 CFR 457.1260
- $3.9.22 \times$ For notice of an expedited resolution, the State assures that each contracted referencing to 42 CFR 457.408(d)(2)(ii)) addition to the written notice of resolution. (42 CFR 457.1260, cross MCO, PIHP, or PAHP makes reasonable efforts to provide oral notice, in
- $3.9.23 \times$ The State assures that if it offers an external medical review:
- a deterrent to proceeding to the State review; The review is at the enrollee's option and is not required before or used as
- The review is independent of both the State and MCO, PIHP, or PAHP;
- cross-referencing to 42 CFR 438.408(f)) The review is offered without any cost to the enrollee. (42 CFR 457.1260)
- $3.9.24 \times$ The State assures that MCOs, PIHPs, and PAHPs do not take punitive action appeal. (42 CFR 457.1260, cross-referencing to 42 CFR 438.410(b)) against providers who request an expedited resolution or support an enrollee's
- $3.9.25 \times$ The State assures that MCOs, PIHPs, or PAHPs must provide information specified in 42 CFR 438.10(g)(2)(xi) about the grievance and appeal system to includes: all providers and subcontractors at the time they enter into a contract. This
- The right to file grievances and appeals
- The requirements and timeframes for filing a grievance or appeal;

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- The availability of assistance in the filing process;
- made a determination on an enrollee's appeal which is adverse to the The right to request a State review after the MCO, PIHP or PAHP has enrollee; and
- review is pending if the final decision is adverse to the enrollee. (42 CFR required to pay the cost of services furnished while the appeal or State for filing, and that the enrollee may, consistent with State policy, be PIHP, or PAHP seeks to reduce or terminate will continue if the enrollee 457.1260, cross-referencing to 42 CFR 438.414) files an appeal or a request for State review within the timeframes specified The fact that, when requested by the enrollee, benefits that the MCO.
- $3.9.26 \times$ The State assures that it requires MCOs, PIHPs, and PAHPs to maintain ongoing monitoring procedures, as well as for updates and revisions to the cross-referencing to 42 CFR 438.416) accessible to the state and available upon request to CMS. (42 CFR 457.1260, State quality strategy. The record must be accurately maintained in a manner records of grievances and appeals and reviews the information as part of its
- The State assures that if the MCO, PIHP, or PAHP, or the State review officer reverses a decision to deny, limit, or delay services that were not furnished notice reversing the determination. (42 CFR 457.1260, cross-referencing to 42 health condition requires but no later than 72 hours from the date it receives provide the disputed services promptly and as expeditiously as the enrollee's while the appeal was pending, the MCO, PIHP, or PAHP must authorize or CFR 438.424(a))

3.10 Program Integrity

Guidance: The State should complete Section 11 (Program Integrity) in addition to Section 3.10.

Guidance: (3.10.1 through 3.10.7). Only States with MCOs, PIHPs, or PAHPs need to answer the first seven assurances

- and abuse, including: management arrangements or procedures designed to safeguard against fraud PAHP under a separate child health program has administrative and The State assures that any entity seeking to contract as an MCO, PIHP, or
- Enforcing MCO, PIHP, and PAHP compliance with all applicable Federal and State statutes, regulations, and standards;
- \times Prohibiting MCOs, PIHPs, or PAHPs from conducting any unsolicited personal contact with a potential enrollee by an employee or agent of the

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enroll with the entity; and MCO, PAHP, or PIHP for the purpose of influencing the individual to

- \times Including a mechanism for MCOs, PIHPs, and PAHPs to report to the providers, or enrollees of an MCO, PIHP, or PAHP and other individuals appropriate, information on violations of law by subcontractors, State, to CMS, or to the Office of Inspector General (OIG) as (42 CFR 457.1280)
- $3.10.2 \times$ The State assures that it has in effect safeguards against conflict of interest on the part of State and local officers and employees and agents of the State who cross referencing 42 CFR 438.58) have responsibilities relating to the MCO, PIHP, or PAHP contracts or enrollment processes described in 42 CFR 457.1210(a). (42 CFR 457.1214,
- $3.10.3 \times$ The State assures that it periodically, but no less frequently than once every 3 submitted by, or on behalf of, each MCO, PIHP or PAHP. (42 CFR 457.1285 accuracy, truthfulness, and completeness of the encounter and financial data years, conducts, or contracts for the conduct of, an independent audit of the cross referencing 42 CFR 438.602(e))
- $3.10.4 \times$ The State assures that it requires MCOs, PIHPs, PAHPs, and or subcontractors and prevent fraud, waste, and abuse. The arrangements or procedures must implement and maintain arrangements or procedures that are designed to detect include the following: MCO, PIHP, or PAHP for coverage of services and payment of claims) (only to the extent that the subcontractor is delegated responsibility by the
- 438.608(a)(1); A compliance program that include all of the elements described in 42 CFR
- specifying the overpayments due to potential fraud, to the State; Provision for prompt reporting of all overpayments identified or recovered
- eligibility; about changes in an enrollee's circumstances that may affect the enrollee's Provision for prompt notification to the State when it receives information
- the termination of the provider agreement with the MCO, PIHP or PAHP provider's eligibility to participate in the managed care program, including change in a network provider's circumstances that may affect the network Provision for notification to the State when it receives information about a
- providers were received by enrollees and the application of such Provision for a method to verify, by sampling or other methods, whether services that have been represented to have been delivered by network verification processes on a regular basis;

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• information about rights of employees to be protected as whistleblowers; and State laws described in section 1902(a)(68) of the Act, including policies for all employees of the entity, and of any contractor or agent, that payments under the contract of at least \$5,000,000, provision for written In the case of MCOs, PIHPs, or PAHPs that make or receive annual provide detailed information about the False Claims Act and other Federal

- that the MCO, PIHP, or PAHP identifies to the State Medicaid/CHIP Provision for the prompt referral of any potential fraud, waste, or abuse program integrity unit or any potential fraud directly to the State Medicaid Fraud Control Unit; and
- allegation of fraud in accordance with 42 CFR 455.23. (42 CFR 457.1285 network provider for which the State determines there is a credible Provision for the MCO's, PIHP's, or PAHP's suspension of payments to a cross referencing 42 CFR 438.608(a))
- The State assures that each MCO, PIHP, or PAHP requires and has a or PAHP within 60 calendar days after the date on which the overpayment was it has received an overpayment, to return the overpayment to the MCO, PIHP mechanism for a network provider to report to the MCO, PIHP or PAHP when the overpayment. (42 CFR 457.1285, cross referencing 42 CFR 438.608(d)(2)) identified, and to notify the MCO, PIHP or PAHP in writing of the reason for
- $3.10.6 \times$ The State assures that each MCO, PIHP, or PAHP reports annually to the State on their recoveries of overpayments. (42 CFR 457.1285, cross referencing 42 CFR 438.608(d)(3))
- The State assures that it screens and enrolls, and periodically revalidates, all not otherwise enrolled with the State to provide services to fee-for-service requirements of part 455, subparts B and E. This requirement also extends to network providers of MCOs, PIHPs, and PAHPs, in accordance with the beneficiaries. (42 CFR 457.1285, cross referencing 42 CFR 438.602(b)(1) and PCCMs and PCCM entities to the extent that the primary care case manager is 438.608(b))
- $3.10.8 \times$ The State assures that it reviews the ownership and control disclosures submitted by the MCO, PIHP, PAHP, PCCM or PCCM entity, and any subcontractors. (42 CFR 457.1285, cross referencing 42 CFR 438.602(c))
- $3.10.9 \times$ The State assures that it confirms the identity and determines the exclusion or managing employee of the MCO, PIHP, PAHP, PCCM or PCCM entity as well as any person with an ownership or control interest, or who is an agent status of the MCO, PIHP, PAHP, PCCM or PCCM entity, any subcontractor, through routine checks of Federal databases. If the State finds a party that is

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457.1285, cross referencing 42 CFR 438.602(d)) PCCM entity and takes action consistent with 42 CFR 438.610(c). (42 CFR excluded, the State promptly notifies the MCO, PIHP, PAHP, PCCM, or

- $3.10.10 \times$ The State assures that it receives and investigates information from under this part. (42 CFR 457.1285, cross referencing 42 CFR 438.602(f)) whistleblowers relating to the integrity of the MCO, PIHP, PAHP, PCCM, or PCCM entity, subcontractors, or network providers receiving Federal funds
- $3.10.11 \times$ The State assures that MCOs, PIHPs, PAHPs, PCCMs, or PCCM entities with no claims paid by an MCO, PIHP, or PAHP to a network provider, out-ofnetwork provider, subcontractor or financial institution located outside of the which the State contracts are not located outside of the United States and that U.S. are considered in the development of actuarially sound capitation rates. 1902(a)(80) of the Social Security Act) (42 CFR 457.1285, cross referencing to 42 CFR 438.602(i); Section
- submit to the State the following data, documentation, and information: The State assures that MCOs, PIHPs, PAHPs, PCCMs, and PCCM entities
- described in 42 CFR 438.8. MCO, PIHP, or PAHP with the medical loss ratio requirement Data on the basis of which the State determines the compliance of the Encounter data in the form and manner described in 42 CFR 438.818.
- \boxtimes Data on the basis of which the State determines that the MCO, PIHP or required under 42 CFR 438.116. PAHP has made adequate provision against the risk of insolvency as
- \times Documentation described in 42 CFR 438.207(b) on which the State including the adequacy of the provider network, as set forth in 42 CFR the State's requirements for availability and accessibility of services, bases its certification that the MCO, PIHP or PAHP has complied with
- \times Information on ownership and control described in 42 CFR 455.104 of subcontractors as governed by 42 CFR 438.230. this chapter from MCOs, PIHPs, PAHPs, PCCMs, PCCM entities, and
- \boxtimes The annual report of overpayment recoveries as required in 42 CFR 438.604(a)) 438.608(d)(3). (42 CFR 457.1285, cross referencing 42 CFR
- The State assures that:
- It requires that the data, documentation, or information submitted in 438.604(a), is certified in a manner that the MCO's, PIHP's, PAHP's, accordance with 42 CFR 457.1285, cross referencing 42 CFR PCCM's, or PCCM entity's Chief Executive Officer or Chief Financial

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457.1285, cross referencing 42 CFR 438.606(a)) Officer is ultimately responsible for the certification. (42 CFR

- \times It requires that the certification includes an attestation that, based on information specified in 42 CFR 438.604 are accurate, complete, and truthful. (42 CFR 457.1285, cross referencing 42 CFR 438.606(b)); and best information, knowledge, and belief, the data, documentation, and
- \times It requires the MCO, PIHP, PAHP, PCCM, or PCCM entity to submit the certification concurrently with the submission of the data, (42 CFR 457.1285, cross referencing 42 CFR 438.604(c)) documentation, or information required in 42 CFR 438.604(a) and (b).
- $3.10.14 \times$ The State assures that each MCO, PIHP, PAHP, PCCM, PCCM entity, and any calendar days when it has identified the capitation payments or other payments in excess of amounts specified in the contract. (42 CFR 457.1285, cross control required under 42 CFR 455.104, and reports to the State within 60 subcontractors provides: written disclosure of any prohibited affiliation under 42 CFR 438.610, written disclosure of and information on ownership and referencing 42 CFR 438.608(c))
- $3.10.15 \times$ The State assures that services are provided in an effective and efficient manner. (Section 2101(a))
- $3.10.16 \times$ The State assures that it operates a Web site that provides:
- and accessibility of services; The documentation on which the State bases its certification that the MCO, PIHP or PAHP has complied with the State's requirements for availability
- Information on ownership and control of MCOs, PIHPs, PAHPs, PCCMs, PCCM entities, and subcontractors; and
- The results of any audits conducted under 42 CFR 438.602(e). (42 CFR 457.1285, cross-referencing to 42 CFR 438.602(g)).

3.11 Sanctions

Guidance: <u>3.11.3).</u> Only States with MCOs need to answer the next three assurances (3.11.1 through

enrollees the right to terminate enrollment without cause; (4) Suspension of all new enrollment; and (5) Suspension of payment for beneficiaries. penalties; (2) Appointment of temporary management (for an MCO); (3) Granting Intermediate sanctions are defined at 42 CFR 438.702(a)(4) as: (1) Civil money

STATE: Virginia $3.11.7 \times$ $3.11.5 \times$ $3.11.6 \times$ Guidance: $3.11.3 \times$ $3.11.2 \times$ $3.11.1 \times$ Guidance: The State assures that it will give CMS written notice that complies with 42 The State assures that before it imposes intermediate sanctions, it gives the The State assures that if it imposes temporary management on an MCO, the The State assures that it will impose temporary management if it finds that an The State assures that if it intends to terminate an MCO, PCCM, or PCCM The State assures that it has established intermediate sanctions that it may of the termination and information, consistent with 42 CFR 438.10, on their as specified in 42 CFR 438.710(b). If the decision to terminate is affirmed, the affected entity timely written notice. (42 CFR 457.1270, cross referencing 42 notifies the affected enrollees of their right to terminate enrollment. (42 CFR subpart L. (42 CFR 457.1270, cross referencing 42 CFR 438.706(b)) a manner specified in 438.700(b)-(d). (42 CFR 457.1270, cross referencing 42 options for receiving CHIP services following the effective date of termination State assures that it gives enrollees of the MCO, PCCM or PCCM entity notice State allows enrollees the right to terminate enrollment without cause and impose if it makes the determination that an MCO has acted or failed to act in listed in 42 CFR 438.700. (42 CFR 457.1270, cross referencing 42 CFR CFR 438.724 whenever it imposes or lifts a sanction for one of the violations (42 CFR 457.1270, cross referencing 42 CFR 438.710(b)) entity, it provides a pre-termination hearing and written notice of the decision CFR 438.710(a)) to complete the next three assurances (3.11.5 through 3.11.7). Only states with MCOs and states that answered yes to assurance 3.11.4 need Only states with PCCMs, or PCCM entities need to answer the next assurance 457.1270, cross referencing 42 CFR 438.706(b)) MCO has repeatedly failed to meet substantive requirements of part 457 CFR 438.700) (3.11.4). Does the State establish intermediate sanctions for PCCMs or PCCM entities? N_o Yes Page 3-45

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3.12 Quality Measurement and Improvement; External Quality Review

Guidance: Section 3.12. (Strategic Objectives and Performance Goals and Plan Administration) in addition to The State should complete Sections 7 (Quality and Appropriateness of Care) and 9

Guidance: complete the applicable sub-sections for each entity type in this section, regarding 42 whose contract with the State provides for shared savings, incentive payments or other CFR 457.1240 and 1250. financial reward for improved quality outcomes - see 42 CFR 457.1240(f)) - should States with MCO(s), PIHP(s), PAHP(s), or certain PCCM entity/ies (PCCM entities

3.12.1 Quality Strategy

Guidance: to complete section 3.12.1. All states with MCOs, PIHPs, PAHPs, PCCMs, or PCCM entities need

- $3.12.1.1 \times$ The State assures that it will draft and implement a written quality strategy for assessing and improving the quality of health care and services furnished CHIP enrollees as described in 42 CFR 438.340(a). The quality strategy must include the following items:
- standards for MCOs, PIHPs, and PAHPs required by 42 CFR The State-defined network adequacy and availability of services practice guidelines the State requires in accordance with 42 CFR 438.68 and 438.206 and examples of evidence-based clinical
- A description of:
- accordance with 42 CFR 438.330(c); and but not limited to, the performance measures reported in measuring the performance and improvement of each MCO, PIHP, and PAHP with which the State contracts, including The quality metrics and performance targets to be used in
- 0 improve access, quality, or timeliness of care for description of any interventions the State proposes to in accordance with 42 CFR 438.330(d), including a beneficiaries enrolled in an MCO, PIHP, or PAHP; The performance improvement projects to be implemented
- contract; timeliness of, and access to, the services covered under each accordance with 42 CFR 438.350, of the quality outcomes and Arrangements for annual, external independent reviews, in
- 42 CFR 438.62(b)(3); A description of the State's transition of care policy required under

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primary language; practicable, health disparities based on age, race, ethnicity, sex, and The State's plan to identify, evaluate, and reduce, to the extent

- minimum, meet the requirements of subpart I of 42 CFR Part 438; For MCOs, appropriate use of intermediate sanctions that, at a
- quality outcomes achieved by each PCCM entity; A description of how the State will assess the performance and
- health care needs); 438.208(c)(1) (relating to the identification of persons with special The mechanisms implemented by the State to comply with 42 CFR
- accreditation activity is comparable to such EQR-related activities; the rationale for the State's determination that the private (relating to nonduplication of EQR-related activities), and explain for which the State has exercised the option under 42 CFR 438.360 Identification of the external quality review (EQR)-related activities
- under 42 CFR 438.10(c)(3); and Identification of which quality measures and performance outcomes the State will publish at least annually on the Web site required
- updating the quality strategy under 42 CFR 438.340(c)(3)(ii). (42 The State's definition of a "significant change" for the purposes of CFR 457.1240(e), cross referencing to 42 CFR 438.340(b))
- $3.12.1.2 \times$ The State assures that the goals and objectives for continuous quality the MCO, PIHP, and PAHP. (42 CFR 457.1240(e), cross referencing to consideration the health status of all populations in the State served by improvement in the quality strategy are measurable and take into 42 CFR 438.340(b)(2))
- $3.12.1.3 \times$ The State assures that for purposes of the quality strategy, the State provides the demographic information for each CHIP enrollee to the cross referencing to 42 CFR 438.340(b)(6)) MCO, PIHP or PAHP at the time of enrollment. (42 CFR 457.1240(e),
- $3.12.1.4 \times$ The State assures that it will review and update the quality strategy as cross referencing to 42 CFR 438.340(c)(2)) needed, but no less than once every 3 years. (42 CFR 457.1240(e),
- $3.12.1.5 \times$ The State assures that its review and updates to the quality strategy will conducted within the previous 3 years and the recommendations provided pursuant to 42 CFR 438.364(a)(4). (42 CFR 457.1240(e), include an evaluation of the effectiveness of the quality strategy cross referencing to 42 CFR 438.340(c)(2)(i) and (iii)).

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3.12.1.6 ⊠ The State assures that it will submit to CMS:

- feedback prior to adopting it in final; and A copy of the initial quality strategy for CMS comment and
- made to the document, or whenever significant changes occur A copy of the revised strategy whenever significant changes are referencing to 42 CFR 438.340(c)(3)) update required every 3 years. (42 CFR 457.1240(e), cross within the State's CHIP program, including after the review and
- $3.12.1.7 \times$ Before submitting the strategy to CMS for review, the State assures that when it drafts or revises the State's quality strategy it will:
- Make the strategy available for public comment; and
- If the State enrolls Indians in the MCO, PIHP, or PAHP, consult 438.340(c)(1)) policy. (42 CFR 457.1240(e), cross referencing to 42 CFR with Tribes in accordance with the State's Tribal consultation
- $3.12.1.8 \times$ The State assures that it makes the results of the review of the quality and (d)) strategy available on the Web site required under 42 CFR 438.10(c)(3). strategy (including the effectiveness evaluation) and the final quality (42 CFR 457.1240(e), cross referencing to 42 CFR 438.340(c)(2)(ii)

3.12.2 Quality Assessment and Performance Improvement Program

and Projects Quality Assessment and Performance Improvement Program: Measures

Guidance: Only states with MCOs, PIHPs, or PAHPs need to complete the next two assurances (3.12.2.1.1 and 3.12.2.1.2).

- $3.12.2.1.1 \times$ The State assures that it requires that each MCO, PIHP, and and program include at least: 438.330, except that the terms of 42 CFR 438.330(d)(4) (related quality assessment and performance improvement program for to dual eligibles) do not apply. The elements of the assessment the services it furnishes to its enrollees as provided in 42 CFR PAHP establish and implement an ongoing comprehensive
- Standard performance measures specified by the State;
- Any measures and programs required by CMS (42 CFR 438.330(a)(2);
- Performance improvement projects that focus on clinical

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and non-clinical areas, as specified in 42 CFR 438.330(d);
Collection and submission of performance measurement data in accordance with 42 CFR 438.330(c);

- Mechanisms to detect both underutilization and overutilization of services; and
- 457.1240(b), cross referencing to 42 CFR 438.330(b) and defined by the State in the quality strategy under 42 CFR Mechanisms to assess the quality and appropriateness of 457.1240(e) and Section 3.12.1 of this template). (42 CFR care furnished to enrollees with special health care needs, as

Guidance: such request. submitting a written request to CMS explaining the basis for established by CMS under 42 CFR 438.330(a)(2), by performance measures or performance improvement programs A State may request an exemption from including the

- $3.12.2.1.2 \times$ The State assures that each MCO, PIHP, and PAHP's improvement projects include at least the following elements: outcomes and enrollee satisfaction. The performance significant improvement, sustained over time, in health performance improvement projects are designed to achieve
- Measurement of performance using objective quality indicators;
- Implementation of interventions to achieve improvement in the access to and quality of care
- 438.330(d)(2)(i); and the performance measures specified in 42 CFR Evaluation of the effectiveness of the interventions based on
- Planning and initiation of activities for increasing or sustaining improvement. (42 CFR 457.1240(b), cross referencing to 42 CFR 438.330(d)(2))

3.12.2.1.3Guidance: The State assures that it requires that each PCCM entity establishes and implements an ongoing comprehensive quality complete the next assurance (3.12.2.1.3). provides for shared savings, incentive payments or other financial reward for improved quality outcomes need to Only states with a PCCM entity whose contract with the State

assessment and performance improvement program for the

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must include: to dual eligibles) do not apply. The assessment and program 438.330, except that the terms of 42 CFR 438.330(d)(4) (related services it furnishes to its enrollees as provided in 42 CFR

- Standard performance measures specified by the State;
- Mechanisms to detect both underutilization and overutilization of services; and
- Collection and submission of performance measurement data in accordance with 42 CFR 438.330(c). (42 CFR 457.1240(a) and (b), cross referencing to 42 CFR 438.330(b)(3) and (c))

Reporting and Effectiveness Quality Assessment and Performance Improvement Program:

Guidance: Section 3.12.2.2. Only states with MCOs, PIHPs, or PAHPs need to complete

- The State assures that each MCO, PIHP, and PAHP reports on the status and results of each performance improvement project 457.1240(b), cross referencing to 42 CFR 438.330(d)(3)) required by the State, but not less than once per year. (42 CFR conducted by the MCO, PIHP, and PAHP to the State as
- $3.12.2.2.2 \times$ The State assures that it annually requires each MCO, PIHP and PAHP to:
- standard measures required by the State; 1) Measure and report to the State on its performance using the
- measures identified by the State; or MCO's, PIHP's, or PAHP's performance using the standard 2) Submit to the State data specified by the State to calculate the
- 3) Perform a combination of options (1) and (2) of this assurance. (42 CFR 457.1240(b), cross referencing to 42 CFR 438.330(c)(2))
- $3.12.2.2.3 \times$ The State assures that the State reviews, at least annually, the and PCCM entity. The State's review must include: performance improvement program of each MCO, PIHP, PAHP impact and effectiveness of the quality assessment and
- The MCO's, PIHP's, PAHP's, and PCCM entity's performance on the measures on which it is required to report; and
- The outcomes and trended results of each MCO's, PIHP's,

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and PAHP's performance improvement projects. (42 CFR 457.1240(b), cross referencing to 42 CFR 438.330(e)(1))

3.12.3 Accreditation

Guidance: Only states with MCOs, PIHPs, or PAHPs need to complete Section

- 3.12.3.1 summaries of findings; and expiration date of the accreditation. (42 recommended actions or improvements, corrective action plans, and type, and level (as applicable); accreditation results, including entity to provide the State a copy of its recent accreditation review that inform the state whether it has been accredited by a private independent The State assures that it requires each MCO, PIHP, and PAHP to CFR 457.1240(c), cross referencing to 42 CFR 438.332(a) and (b)). includes the MCO, PIHP, and PAHP's accreditation status, survey MCO, PIHP, and PAHP authorizes the private independent accrediting accreditation by a private independent accrediting agency, that the accrediting entity, and, if the MCO, PIHP, or PAHP has received
- $3.12.3.2 \times$ The State assures that it will make the accreditation status for each referencing to 42 CFR 438.332(c)) update this information at least annually. (42 CFR 457.1240(c), cross accrediting entity, accreditation program, and accreditation level; and PAHP has been accredited and, if applicable, the name of the under 42 CFR 438.10(c)(3), including whether each MCO, PIHP, and contracted MCO, PIHP, and PAHP available on the Web site required

3.12.4 Quality Rating

Guidance: Only states with MCOs, PIHPs, or PAHPs need to complete Section 3.12.4.

The State assures that it will implement and operate a quality rating system that issues an annual quality rating for each MCO, PIHP, and PAHP, which the State will accordance with the requirements set forth in 42 CFR 438.334. (42 CFR 457.1240(d)) prominently display on the Web site required under 42 CFR 438.10(c)(3), in

Guidance: notice and opportunity for comment, has identified performance measures and the Federal Register. a methodology for a Medicaid and CHIP managed care quality rating system in in consultation with States and other Stakeholders and after providing public States will be required to comply with this assurance within 3 years after CMS.

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3.12.5 Quality Review

Guidance: complete Sections 3.12.5 and 3.12.5.1. All states with MCOs, PIHPs, PAHPs, PCCMs or PCCM entities need to

 \times The State assures that each contract with a MCO, PIHP, PAHP, or PCCM entity 438.362. (42 CFR 457.1250(a), cross referencing to 42 CFR 438.350(a)) each contracting MCO, PIHP, PAHP or PCCM entity, except as provided in 42 CFR requires that a qualified EQRO performs an annual external quality review (EQR) for

3.12.5.1 External Quality Review Organization

- $3.12.5.1.1 \times$ The State assures that it contracts with at least one external alone or EQR and other EQR-related activities. (42 CFR quality review organization (EQRO) to conduct either EQR 457.1250(a), cross referencing to 42 CFR 438.356(a))
- $3.12.5.1.2 \times$ The State assures that any EQRO used by the State to comply cross referencing to 42 CFR 438.354 and 42 CFR 438.356(b) and oversees all subcontractor functions. (42 CFR 457.1250(a), independence requirements of 42 CFR 438.354 and, if the with 42 CFR 457.1250 must meet the competence and through (d)) EQRO uses subcontractors, that the EQRO is accountable for

3.12.5.2 External Quality Review-Related Activities

Guidance: 457.1250(a), the State, or its agent or EQRO, must conduct the EQR-related activity under 42 CFR 438.358(b)(1)(iv) regarding validation of projects, validation of performance measures, and compliance review). any or all the EQR-related activities under 42 CFR 438.358(b)(1)(i) the MCO, PIHP, or PAHP's network adequacy during the preceding 12 three assurances (3.12.5.2.1 through 3.12.5.2.3). Under 42 CFR Only states with MCOs, PIHPs, or PAHPs need to complete the next <u>through (iii) (relating to the validation of performance improvement</u> PAHPs to use information from a private accreditation review in lieu of months; however, the State may permit its contracted MCO, PIHP, and

 $3.12.5.2.1 \times$ The State assures that the mandatory EQR-related activities network adequacy) will be conducted on all MCOs, PIHPs, or of performance measures, compliance review, and validation of the validation of performance improvement projects, validation described in 42 CFR 438.358(b)(1)(i) through (iv) (relating to

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PAHPs. (42 CFR 457.1250(a), cross referencing to 42 CFR 438.358(b)(1))

- $3.12.5.2.2 \times$ The State assures that if it elects to use nonduplication for any of nonduplication in the State's quality strategy. (42 CFR through (b)(1)(iii), and 438.340) 457.1250(a), cross referencing 438.360, 438.358(b)(1)(i) 42 CFR 438.358(b)(1)(i) - (iii), the State will document the use or all of the three mandatory EQR-related activities described at
- $3.12.5.2.3 \times$ The State assures that if the State elects to use nonduplication 457.1250(a), cross referencing to 42 CFR 438.360(b)) technical report described in 42 CFR 438.364. (42 CFR ensure that all information from a Medicare or private described at 42 CFR 438.358(b)(1)(i) – (iii), the State will furnished to the EQRO for analysis and inclusion in the EQR accreditation review for an MCO, PIHP, or PAHP will be for any or all of the three mandatory EQR-related activities

Guidance: assurance (3.12.5.2.4). Only states with PCCM entities need to complete the next

- The State assures that the mandatory EQR-related activities described in 42 CFR 438.358(b)(2) (cross-referencing 42 CFR entities, which include: 438.358(b)(1)(ii) and (b)(1)(iii)) will be conducted on all PCCM
- Validation of PCCM entity performance measures required in accordance with 42 CFR 438.330(b)(2) or PCCM entity preceding 12 months; and performance measures calculated by the State during the
- described in 42 CFR 438.330. (42 CFR 457.1250(a), cross assessment and performance improvement requirements set forth in subpart D of 42 CFR part 438 and the quality determine the PCCM entity's compliance with the standards referencing to 438.358(b)(2)) A review, conducted within the previous 3-year period, to

3.12.5.3 External Quality Review Report

entities need to complete Sections 3.12.5.3. All states with MCOs, PIHPs, PAHPs, PCCMs or PCCM

3.12.5.3.1 \times The State assures that data obtained from the mandatory and

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optional, if applicable, EQR-related activities in 42 CFR 438.358 is used for the annual EQR to comply with 42 CFR 438.350 and must include, at a minimum, the elements in §438.364(a)(2)(i) through (iv). (42 CFR 457.1250(a), cross referencing to 42 CFR 438.358(a)(2))

- $3.12.5.3.2 \times$ The State assures that only a qualified EQRO will produce the EQR technical report (42 CFR 438.364(c)(1)).
- $3.12.5.3.3 \times$ The State assures that in order for the qualified EQRO to following conditions are met: perform an annual EQR for each contracting MCO, PIHP, PAHP or PCCM entity under 42 CFR 438.350(a) that the
- The EQRO has sufficient information to use in performing the review;
- The information used to carry out the review must be review as described in 42 CFR 438.360; obtained from the EQR-related activities described in 42 CFR 438.358 and, if applicable, from a private accreditation
- elements described in 42 CFR 438.364(a)(2)(i) through (iv); information gathered for use in the EQR must include the For each EQR-related activity (mandatory or optional), the
- The information provided to the EQRO in accordance with 42 CFR 438.350(b) is obtained through methods consistent with the protocols established by the Secretary in accordance with 42 CFR 438.352. (42 CFR 457.1250(a), cross referencing to 42 CFR 438.350(b) through (e))
- $3.12.5.3.4 \times$ The State assures that the results of the reviews performed by a least the following items: findings on access and quality of care. The report includes at 438.364 in an annual detailed technical report that summarizes PCCM entity are made available as specified in 42 CFR qualified EQRO of each contracting MCO, PIHP, PAHP, and
- A description of the manner in which the data from all activities conducted in accordance with 42 CFR 438.358 were aggregated and analyzed, and conclusions were drawn as to the quality, timeliness, and access to the care furnished by the MCO, PIHP, PAHP, or PCCM entity (described in 42 CFR 438.310(c)(2));
- For each EQR-related activity (mandatory or optional)

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conducted in accordance with 42 CFR 438.358

- Objectives;
- Technical methods of data collection and analysis;
- Description of data obtained, including validated performance measurement data for each activity conducted in accordance with 42 CFR 438.358(b)(1)(i) and (ii); and
- Conclusions drawn from the data;
- An assessment of each MCO's, PIHP's, PAHP's, or PCCM entity's strengths and weaknesses for the quality, timeliness, beneficiaries; and access to health care services furnished to CHIP
- objectives in the quality strategy, under 42 CFR 438.340, to entity, including how the State can target goals and Recommendations for improving the quality of health care access to health care services furnished to CHIP better support improvement in the quality, timeliness, and services furnished by each MCO, PIHP, PAHP, or PCCM beneficiaries;
- Methodologically appropriate, comparative information about all MCOs, PIHPs, PAHPs, and PCCM entities, consistent with guidance included in the EQR protocols issued in accordance with 42 CFR 438.352(e); and
- An assessment of the degree to which each MCO, PIHP, PAHP, or PCCM entity has addressed effectively the recommendations for quality improvement made by the EQRO during the previous year's EQR. (42 CFR 457.1250(a), cross referencing to 42 CFR 438.350(f) and 438.364(a))
- $3.12.5.3.5 \times$ The State assures that it does not substantively revise the error or omission. (42 CFR 457.1250(a), cross referencing to 42 content of the final EQR technical report without evidence of CFR 438.364(b))
- $3.12.5.3.6 \times$ The State assures that it finalizes the annual EQR technical report by April 30 of each year. (42 CFR 457.1250(a), cross referencing to 42 CFR 438.364(c)(1))
- $3.12.5.3.7 \times$ The State assures that it posts the most recent copy of the annual EQR technical report on the Web site required under 42 457.1250(a), cross referencing to 42 CFR 438.364(c)(2)(i)) CFR 438.10(c)(3) by April 30th of each year. (42 CFR

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 $3.12.5.3.8 \times$ The State assures that it provides printed or electronic copies of the information specified in 42 CFR 438.364(a) for the annual advocacy groups, and members of the general public. (42 CFR 457.1250(a), cross referencing to 42 CFR 438.364(c)(2)(ii)) enrollees of the MCO, PIHP, PAHP, or PCCM, beneficiary participating health care providers, enrollees and potential EQR technical report, upon request, to interested parties such as

 $3.12.5.3.9 \times$ The State assures that it makes the information specified in 42 requested. (42 CFR 457.1250(a), cross referencing to 42 CFR 438.364(c)(3)) in alternative formats for persons with disabilities, when CFR 438.364(a) for the annual EQR technical report available

3.12.5.3.10 ⊠The State assures that information released under 42 CFR the identity or other protected health information of any patient 438.364 for the annual EQR technical report does not disclose (42 CFR 457.1250(a), cross referencing to 42 CFR 438.364(d))

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Section 4. Eligibility Standards and Methodology

Guidance: under section 214 of CHIPRA regarding lawfully residing, complete section 4.1-LR as appropriate box and provide the ages and income level for each eligibility group. Medicaid. match for these children until and if the time comes that the children are eligible for well as update the budget to reflect the additional costs if the state will claim title XXI If the State is electing to take up the option to expand Medicaid eligibility as allowed eligibility under the State's Medicaid plan or combination plan should check the States electing to use funds provided under Title XXI only to provide expanded

4.0. ⊠ Medicaid Expansion

Ages of each eligibility group and the income standard for that group:

Medicaid Expansion Program). Please see approved template effective January 1, 2014: CS3 (Eligibility for

- \boxtimes Separate Program Check all standards that will apply to the State plan. (42 CFR 457.305(a) and 457.320(a)) Please see approved template effective January 1, 2014: CS7 (Eligibility – Targeted Low-Income Children).
- **4.1.0** Mescribe how the State meets the citizenship verification requirements Include whether or not State has opted to use SSA verification option

Eligibility - Citizenship). Please see approved template effective January 1, 2014: CS18 (Non-Financial

Geographic area served by the Plan if less than Statewide:

Statewide.

 $4.1.2 igotimes {
m Ages}$ of each eligibility group, including unborn children and pregnant women (if applicable) and the income standard for that group:

See SPA pages CS7 and CS9 for age standards under the CHIP State Plan.

Medical Insurance Security (FAMIS). FPL, are served in Virginia's standalone CHIP program, Family Access to Uninsured children from birth through age 18, from >143% through 200%

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income pregnant women up to 200% FPL who do not qualify for Medicaid. CHIP 1115 demonstration waiver. FAMIS MOMS covers uninsured low-Virginia offers the FAMIS MOMS program for pregnant women through a

incomes from 0-200% FPL not otherwise eligible for Medicaid, FAMIS, or FAMIS MOMS, regardless of immigration status requirements. Effective July 1, 2021, under the unborn child option, called FAMIS Prenatal, Virginia's separate CHIP program covers uninsured pregnant women with

4.1.2.1-PC Age: through birth (SHO #02-004, issued November 12, 2002)
4.1.3 MIncome of each separate eligibility group (if applicable):
See SPA pages CS7 and CS9 for income standards under the CHIP State Plan.
4.1.3.1-PC 0% of the FPL (and not eligible for Medicaid) through % of the FPL (SHO #02-004, issued November 12, 2002)
4.1.4 Resources of each separate eligibility group (including any standards relating to spend downs and disposition of resources):
4.1.5 \boxtimes Residency (so long as residency requirement is not based on length of time in state):
Eligible persons must be Virginia residents. See approved template effective January 1, 2014: CS17 (Non-financial Eligibility – Residency).
4.1.6 Disability Status (so long as any standard relating to disability status does not restrict eligibility):

4.1.8 \(\sum \) Duration of eligibility, not to exceed 12 months:

Targeted Low-Income Children).

Please see approved template effective January 1, 2014: CS7 (Eligibility –

4.1.7 ⊠ Access to or coverage under other health coverage:

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reported, eligibility will be renewed annually. moving out of the Commonwealth of Virginia. If none of the above changes is size resulting in a family income above 200% FPL or 2) an enrolled child annual renewal: 1) an increase in gross monthly income or change in family eligible for Medicaid. Families must report the following changes before the cancellation; or 5) the family reports a change and the child is determined child moves out of state; 3) a child turns age 19; 4) the family requests renewal: 1) an increase in gross monthly income to above 200% FPL; 2) a for 12 months, unless one of the following events occurs before the annual Effective 08-01-03, for FAMIS children from birth up to age 19, enrollment is

Please see approved template effective October 1, 2013: CS24 (Eligibility

See SPA page CS27 for a description of continuous eligibility for the FAMIS Prenatal population.

4.1.9 Mother Standards- Identify and describe other standards for or affecting eligibility, including those standards in 457.310 and 457.320 that are not addressed above. For instance:

indicate that the unborn children are exempt from providing a SSN. coverage. If SSNs are required and the State covers unborn children, States may only require the SSN of the child who is applying for and deemed newborns. Other standards include, but are not limited to presumptive eligibility

Guidance:

enrolled in FAMIS is born within the three months prior to the month in of social services in the locality where the child resides or electronically or their date of birth if they would have met all eligibility criteria during that which a signed application is received, coverage is effective retroactive to telephonically through Cover Virginia. Effective 08-01-06, if a child in which a completed application is received at either the local department Children are eligible for FAMIS coverage as of the first day of the month

agency in identifying and providing information to assist the requirements on assignment of rights to benefits or cooperation with the (3) their parent or other authorized representative does not meet the institution, (2) they are an inpatient in an institution for mental disease, or Children are not eligible for FAMIS if (1) they are an inmate of a public Commonwealth in pursuing any liable third party.

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Analysis 2021-22. Hardship Exception still applies. See attachment, Hardship Exception public employee coverage costs and confirms that the previously approved Employee Coverage). The Commonwealth performed an analysis of January 1, 2015: CS10 (Eligibility – Children Who Have Access to Public FAMIS, if they otherwise qualify. See approved template effective Virginia state employee health insurance plan are eligible to enroll in employer-sponsored dependent health insurance coverage under a As of January 1, 2015, dependents of state employees able to access

CS23 (Other Eligibility Standards). Deemed Newborns); CS19 (Non Financial - Social Security Number); and See approved templates effective January 1, 2014: CS13 (Eligibility -

born and living with the mother in determining household size pregnant woman, and the "unborn child" or children will be counted as if requirements. The household for this coverage will be based on the FAMIS, or FAMIS MOMS, regardless of immigration status and including 200% FPL who are not otherwise eligible for Medicaid, unborn child option for uninsured pregnant women with income up to Effective July 1, 2021, the Commonwealth provides coverage through the

States should specify whether Social Security Numbers (SSN) are required

Financial - Social Security Number). Please see approved template effective January 1, 2014: CS19 (Non-

Guidance: States should describe their continuous eligibility process and <u>populations that can be continuously eligible.</u>

Continuous eligibility

unborn child population (i.e., FAMIS Prenatal). See SPA page CS27 for a description of continuous eligibility for the

4.1-PW restriction). Please remember to update sections 8.1.1-PW, 8.1.2-PW, and 9.10 when instance, income and resources) that will be applied to this population. Use the same the population of pregnant women that the State proposes to cover in this section. more populations of targeted low-income pregnant women under the plan. Describe Pregnant Women Option (section 2112)- The State includes eligibility for one or reference number system for those criteria (for example, 4.1.1-P for a geographic Include all eligibility criteria, such as those described in the above categories (for

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electing this option.

Guidance: subgroup or only certain groups. In addition, states may not cover these new groups of providing coverage. Please remember to update section 9.10 when electing this that so CMS understands the basis for the enrollment estimates and the projected cost to update their budget to reflect the additional costs for coverage of these children. If a only in CHIP, but must also extend the coverage option to Medicaid. States will need such individuals who meet the definition of lawfully residing, and may not cover a women who are considered lawfully residing in the U.S. must offer coverage to all 2107(e)(1)(J) of the Act; or (3) both. A state electing to cover children and/or pregnant 2107(e)(1)(J) of the Act; (2) "lawfully residing" pregnant women described at section women. States may elect to cover (1) "lawfully residing" children described at section States have the option to cover groups of "lawfully residing" children and/or pregnant State has been covering these children with State only funds, it is helpful to indicate

4.1- LR ⊠ **Lawfully Residing Option** (Sections 2107(e)(1)(J) and 1903(v)(4)(A); (CHIPRA # 17, SHO # 10-006 issued July 1, 2010) Check if the State is electing the option under the United States including the following: eligible pregnant women and children as specified below who are lawfully residing in section 214 of the Children's Health Insurance Program Reauthorization Act of 2009 (CHIPRA) regarding lawfully residing to provide coverage to the following otherwise

A child or pregnant woman shall be considered lawfully present if he or she is

- (1) A qualified alien as defined in section 431 of PRWORA (8 U.S.C.
- $\overline{\mathcal{O}}$ An alien in nonimmigrant status who has not violated the terms of the changed after admission; status under which he or she was admitted or to which he or she has
- (3) An alien who has been paroled into the United States pursuant to prosecution, for deferred inspection or pending removal proceedings; section 212(d)(5) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (INA) (8 U.S.C. $\S1182(d)(5)$) for less than 1 year, except for an alien paroled for
- (4) An alien who belongs to one of the following classes:
- (i) Aliens currently in temporary resident status pursuant to section 210 or 245A of the INA (8 U.S.C. §§1160 or 1255a, respectively);
- (ii) Aliens currently under Temporary Protected Status (TPS) pursuant to section 244 of the INA (8 U.S.C. §1254a), and pending applicants for TPS who have been granted employment authorization;
- (iii) Aliens who have been granted employment authorization under 8 CFR 274a.12(c)(9), (10), (16), (18), (20), (22), or (24);

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(iv) Family Unity beneficiaries pursuant to section 301 of Pub. L. 101-649, as amended;

- (v) Aliens currently under Deferred Enforced Departure (DED) pursuant to a decision made by the President;
- (vi) Aliens currently in deferred action status; or
- (vii) Aliens whose visa petition has been approved and who have a pending application for adjustment of status;
- (5) A pending applicant for asylum under section 208(a) of the INA (8 under the age of 14 who has had an application pending for at least 180 who has been granted employment authorization, and such an applicant of the INA (8 U.S.C. § 1231) or under the Convention Against Torture U.S.C. § 1158) or for withholding of removal under section 241(b)(3)
- (6) An alien who has been granted withholding of removal under the Convention Against Torture;
- (7) A child who has a pending application for Special Immigrant Juvenile status as described in section 101(a)(27)(J) of the INA (8 U.S.C. §1101(a)(27)(J));
- (8) An alien who is lawfully present in the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands under 48 U.S.C. § 1806(e); or
- (9) An alien who is lawfully present in American Samoa under the immigration laws of American Samoa.

Elected for pregnant women. Please refer to CHIP 1115 Demonstration amendment Flected for children under age 10

Please see template CS18 (Citizenship).

										4.1.1-LR ⊠
status under section 1137(d) of the Act.	manner as it would for anyone else claiming satisfactory immigration	further evidence to verify satisfactory immigration status in the same	available, it must require the individual to provide documentation or	application. If the State cannot do so from the information readily	verify this status using information provided at the time of initial	be lawfully residing in the United States. The State must first attempt to	time of the eligibility redetermination, that the individual continues to	at the time of the individual's initial eligibility determination and at the	Medicaid under the CHIPRA Lawfully Residing option, it has verified,	4.1.1-LR ⊠ The State provides assurance that for an individual whom it enrolls in

4.1-DS Supplemental Dental (Section 2103(c)(5) - A child who is eligible to enroll in dental-

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9.10 when electing this option. report these children separately in SEDS. Please update sections 1.1-DS, 4.2-DS, and supplemental coverage shall be provided benefits. States choosing this option must January 1, 2009. All who meet the eligibility standards and apply for dental-only eligibility standard under its approved State child health plan (or under a waiver) as of employer. The State's CHIP plan income eligibility level is at least the highest income they are enrolled in a group health plan or health insurance offered through an targeted low-income children who are otherwise eligible for CHIP but for the fact that only supplemental coverage, effective January 1, 2009. Eligibility is limited to only

- 2102(b)(1)(B) and 42 CFR 457.320(b)) Assurances The State assures by checking the box below that it has made the following findings with respect to the eligibility standards in its plan: (Section
- 4.2.1.
- These standards do not discriminate on the basis of diagnosis.

 Within a defined group of covered targeted low-income children, these standards do not cover children of higher income families without covering children with a lower family income. This applies to pregnant women
- These standards do not deny eligibility based on a child having a preexisting medical condition. This applies to pregnant women as well as included in the State plan as well as targeted low-income children. targeted low-income children.
- the following findings with standards in its plan: (Section 2102(b)(1)(B) and 42 CFR this option. For dental-only supplemental coverage, the State assures that it has made Supplemental Dental - Please update sections 1.1-DS, 4.1-DS, and 9.10 when electing 457.320(b))

4.2-DS

- 4.2.1-DS These standards do not discriminate on the basis of diagnosis.
- 4.2.2-DS Within a defined group of covered targeted low-income children, these covering children with a lower family income. standards do not cover children of higher income families without
- 4.2.3-DS These standards do not deny eligibility based on a child having a preexisting medical condition.
- and/or other public benefit programs. (Section 2102)(b)(2)) (42CFR, 457.350) covered services, and whether the State uses the same application form for Medicaid eligibility determinations, and the process for enrollment of individuals receiving standards, the organization and infrastructure responsible for making and reviewing enrollment. The description should address the procedures for applying the eligibility Methodology. Describe the methods of establishing and continuing eligibility and

form. Effective October 1, 2013, Virginia began accepting the new MAGI single Prior to October 2013, Virginia had a single child health insurance application

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used for both the Medicaid and FAMIS programs. streamlined application telephonically and electronically. This application is

screener, based on MAGI methodologies, and a link to an online application. coverva.dmas.virginia.gov) went live to provide users a self-directed eligibility and FAMIS population. The Cover Virginia website (center answers eligibility and covered services questions for the general Medicaid center supports electronic and telephonic application and signature. The call eligibility and enrollment in all insurance affordability programs. This call accept the single streamlined application used to make determinations of contract with Xerox (now Conduent) to launch the Cover Virginia Call Center to federal open enrollment period of October 1, 2013. DMAS modified an existing Changes to the Medicaid and FAMIS eligibility methodology aligned with the

cases. This process is monitored by co-located state staff. Cover Virginia now using the state's new eligibility system for determinations of eligibility for MAGI resides, and maintained by the LDSS where the child resides. Steps were taken in monthly into the new eligibility system, renewed by the LDSS where the child processes telephonic and FFM applications. 2014 to bring up a new Central Processing Unit function through Cover Virginia, Beginning with renewals due in April 2014, FAMIS cases were converted

review and return the paper document to their local department of social family is mailed a pre-filled renewal packet with instructions to either call Cover Medicaid and FAMIS MAGI cases. In instances where that is not possible, the in the other program. The ex parte renewal process is used for the majority of eligibility. At the time of redetermination and/or renewal, a child found ineligible Virginia or go to CommonHelp (state online portal) to complete their renewal or for either Medicaid or FAMIS will have his eligibility automatically determined FAMIS and Medicaid cases are reviewed annually to determine continued

services or any right or entitlement to participation. No Entitlement: In accordance with § 2102(b)(4) of the Social Security Act and Security Plan shall not create any individual entitlement for payment of medical § 32.1-353 of the Code of Virginia, the Family Access to Medical Insurance

declared disaster and at the Commonwealth's discretion: Beginning January 1, 2020, in the event of a federally-declared or Governor-

waived for FAMIS applicants who reside and/or work in the State or federally (1) Requirements related to timely processing of applications may be temporarily

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declared disaster area.

- beneficiaries who reside and/or work in a State or federally-declared disaster families to respond to renewal requests may be temporarily waived for FAMIS (2) Requirements related to timely processing of renewals and/or deadlines for
- coverage, erroneous eligibility determinations, and becoming eligible for changes in circumstance related to residency, death, voluntary termination of or federally declared disaster area. The Commonwealth will continue to act on temporarily waived for FAMIS beneficiaries who reside and/or work in a State Medicaid. (3) Requirements related to timely processing changes in circumstances may be
- any necessary documentation, or the agency is unable to complete the verification noncitizen is making a good faith effort to resolve any inconsistencies or obtain federally-declared disaster or public health emergency. process within the 90-day reasonable opportunity period due to the State or period for noncitizens declaring to be in satisfactory immigration status, if the (4) The Agency may provide for an extension of the reasonable opportunity

affected by the disaster, and the effective dates of the policy modification. The implement one or more of these policy modifications. The CMS notification will renewal completion date. next twelve-month continuous eligibility period will begin the month after the include the intent to modify the application and/or renewal processes, the areas DMAS will notify CMS in the event of a declared disaster and Virginia's intent to

approved templates effective January 1, 2014: CS13 (Deemed Newborns) and CS15 (MAGI-Based Income Methodologies). Please see the approved template CS24 and associated attachments. See also

Guidance: have a waiting list or limit eligibility in any way. Please note: A State providing dental-only supplemental coverage may not The box below should be checked as related to children and pregnant women.

- 4.3.1. Limitation on Enrollment Describe the processes, if any, that a State will use for box below. (Section 2102(b)(2)) (42CFR, 457.305(b)) instituting enrollment caps, establishing waiting lists, and deciding which children will be given priority for enrollment. If this section does not apply to your state, check the
- X Check here if this section does not apply to your State.

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State plan. (42 CFR 457.355) the citizenship status of the child. States electing this option should indicate so in the Guidance: the requirements of section 1920A of the Act. (Section 2107(e)(1)(L)); (42 CFR 457.355) Check if the State elects to provide presumptive eligibility for children that meets eligibility determinations, redeterminations, or both. the State will be using the Express Lane eligibility option for the initial information on the identified Express Lane agency or agencies, and whether Note that for purposes of presumptive eligibility, States do not need to verify Describe how the State intends to implement the Express Lane option. Include

- **4.3.3-EL Express Lane Eligibility** Check here if the state elects the option to rely on a after September 30, 2013. (Section 2107(e)(1)(E)) authority may not apply to eligibility determinations made before February 4, 2009, or requirements of sections 2107(e)(1)(E) and 1902(e)(13) of the Act for this option. Please update sections 4.4-EL, 5.2-EL, 9.10, and 12.1 when electing this option. This or more components of CHIP eligibility. The state agrees to comply with the finding from an Express Lane agency when determining whether a child satisfies one
- initial eligibility determination, (2) redetermination, or (3) both **4.3.3.1-EL** Also indicate whether the Express Lane option is applied to (1)
- **4.3.3.2-EL** List the public agencies approved by the State as Express Lane
- methodology between CHIP eligibility determinations for such children and the determination under the Express Lane option. budget unit, deeming, income exclusions, income disregards, or other determined under the Express Lane. In this section, specify any differences in **4.3.3.3-EL** List the components/components of CHIP eligibility that are
- determined under the Express Lane. **4.3.3.3-EL** List the component/components of CHIP eligibility that are
- requirements before a child may be enrolled under title XXI. **4.3.3.4-EL** Describe the option used to satisfy the screen and enrollment

Guidance: under section 2102(b)(3)(A) and (B) of the Social Security Act and 42 CFR States should describe the process they use to screen and enroll children required

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eligibility thresholds.) Include the screening threshold(s) expressed as a percentage of applicable to a child by a minimum of 30 percentage points. (NOTE: The State may Express Lane agency, pending the completion of the screen and enroll process. State is temporarily enrolling children in CHIP, based on the income finding from an the FPL, and provide an explanation of how this was calculated. Describe whether the set more than one screening threshold, based on its existing, age-related Medicaid threshold for all children, based on the highest Medicaid income threshold, or it may those used by the State for its Medicaid program. The State may set one screening between the income calculation methodologies used by an Express Lane agency and set this threshold higher than 30 percentage points to account for any differences Federal poverty level (FPL) that exceeds the highest Medicaid income threshold 457.350(a) and 457.80(c). Describe the screening threshold set as a percentage of the

and other applicable criteria that will describe the State's ability to make assurances. addresses the five assurances specified below. 457.350(a)(1) and 457.80(c)(3)) important definitions, the relationship with affected Federal, State and local agencies. In this section, states should describe their eligibility screening process in a way that (Sections 2102(b)(3)(A) and 2110(b)(2)(B)), (42 CFR 457.310(b)(2), 42CFR The State should consider including

4.4 States must describe how they will assure that: Eligibility screening and coordination with other health coverage programs

4.4.1. \(\sum \) Only targeted low-income children who are ineligible for Medicaid or not apply a waiting period for pregnant women. 457.350(a)(1) and 42 CFR 457.80(c)(3)) Confirm that the State does not plan. (Sections 2102(b)(3)(A), 2110(b)(2)(B)) (42 CFR 457.310(b), 42 CFR State health benefits plan) are furnished child health assistance under the covered under a group health plan or health insurance (including access to a

Please see template CS24 and associated attachments.

of income, and Medicaid eligibility. completeness of information, the presence of other health insurance, verification change. All applications for child health insurance coverage are screened for employee insurance was removed in accordance with the January 2015 policy have health insurance. The screening question regarding access to state The application asks for employer information and whether children currently

income at their first renewal applying MAGI standards will be provided coverage under FAMIS. See template CS14 (Eligibility - Children Ineligible for Beginning January 1, 2014, children who will lose Medicaid due to changes in

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demonstration), to avoid termination at their next annual eligibility review. with employer-sponsored or private insurance have the option to enroll in the Medicaid as a Result of the Elimination of Income Disregards). Those children FAMIS Select program (administered through a CHIP Section 1115

4.4.2. Kchildren found through the screening process to be potentially eligible for under such plan; (Section 2102(b)(3)(B)) (42CFR 457.350(a)(2)) medical assistance under the State Medicaid plan are enrolled for assistance

and enrollment of children in the appropriate program, either Medicaid or A single streamlined application and process facilitates eligibility determination

4.4.3. \boxtimes Children found through the screening process to be ineligible for Medicaid are enrolled in CHIP; (Sections 2102(a)(1) and (2) and 2102(c)(2)) (42 CFR 431.636(b)(4))

determination and enrollment of children in the appropriate program, either Medicaid or FAMIS. A single streamlined application and process facilitates eligibility

4.4.4. X The insurance provided under the State child health plan does not substitute 457.805) for coverage under group health plans. (Section 2102(b)(3)(C)) (42 CFR

coverage the child may have. streamlined application requests information on health insurance Only uninsured children shall be eligible for FAMIS. The single

based health insurance for enrollment in FAMIS. See template effective determine the percentage of enrollees who have dropped employer-DMAS will conduct a focused survey of applicants every five years to medical support is a condition of eligibility. July 2014: CS20 (Substitution of Coverage). Assignment of rights to

4.4.4.1. (formerly 4.4.4.4) If the State provides coverage under a premium exceptions to the waiting period; 2) the expected minimum level of under a group health plan. This should include any allowable contribution employers will make; and 3) how cost-effectiveness is assistance program, describe: 1) the minimum period without coverage

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determined. (42 CFR 457.810(a)-(c))

through a Section 1115 demonstration. Virginia's CHIP premium assistance program, FAMIS Select, is administered

4.4.5. \(\times \) Child health assistance is provided to targeted low-income children in the State who are American Indian and Alaska Native. (Section 2102(b)(3)(D)) (42 CFR 457.125(a))

on American Indian and Alaska Native children. served statewide by Marketing and Outreach efforts. At this time Virginia has seven federally recognized Indian tribes. No cost sharing is imposed the same basis as any other children in the Commonwealth, and are American Indian and Alaska Native children are eligible for FAMIS on

Guidance:	When the State is using an income finding from an Express Lane agency, the State
	must still comply with screen and enroll requirements before enrolling children in CHIP. The State may either continue its current screen and enroll process, or elect one of two new options to fulfill these requirements.
4.4-EL	The State should designate the option it will be using to carry out screen and enroll requirements:
	The State will continue to use the screen and enroll procedures required under section 2102(b)(3)(A) and (B) of the Social Security Act and 42 CFR 457.350(a) and 42 CFR 457.80(c). Describe this process.
	Federal poverty level (FPL) that exceeds the highest Medicaid income threshold applicable to a child by a minimum of 30 percentage points. (NOTE: The State may set this threshold higher than 30 percentage points to account for any differences between the income calculation methodologies used by the Express Lane agency and those used by the State for its Medicaid program. The State may set one screening threshold for all children, based on the highes Medicaid income threshold, or it may set more than one screening threshold, based on its existing, age-related Medicaid eligibility thresholds.) Include the screening threshold(s) expressed as a percentage of the FPL, and provide an explanation of how this was calculated.
	The State is temporarily enrolling children in CHIP, based on the income finding from the Express Lane agency, pending the completion of the screen

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and enroll process.

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Section 5. Outreach and Coordination

2102(a)(2)) (42 CFR 457.80(b)) coverage for uninsured children by addressing sections 5.1.1 and 5.1.2. (Section (formerly 2.2) Describe the current State efforts to provide or obtain creditable health

Guidance: eligibility and a description of the State's outreach efforts through Medicaid and state-only programs. The information below may include whether the state elects express lane

(formerly 2.2.1.) The steps the State is currently taking to identify and enroll all uninsured children who are eligible to participate in public health insurance programs (i.e., Medicaid and state-only child health insurance):

to excess income. Families may apply by mail, by phone, fax or web; there is no Medicaid first and then determines FAMIS eligibility for children denied Medicaid due to completing a FAMIS eligibility determination. LDSS determines eligibility for program, the Family Access to Medical Insurance Security (FAMIS) Plan (Title XXI), requirement for a face-to-face interview. (LDSS). The Central Processing Unit screened applicants for Medicaid eligibility prior were completed at a Central Processing Unit or Local Department of Social Services Prior to October 1, 2013, determinations of eligibility for the state child health insurance

questions and helping to complete applications and gather verifications needed to potential Medicaid (Title XIX) and FAMIS (Title XXI) eligible individuals by answering process cases. In addition, many community groups have trained volunteers to help parents of

screener, based on MAGI methodologies, and a link to an online application. questions for the general Medicaid and FAMIS population. applications for FAMIS. The call center answered eligibility and covered services center accepts the new MAGI single streamlined application and signature by telephone. At the same time, the existing Central Processing Unit stopped handling new Effective October 1, 2013, DMAS launched the Cover Virginia Call Center. This call (coverva.dmas.virginia.gov) also went live to provide users a self-directed eligibility The Cover Virginia website

insurance may enroll in FAMIS. The application addresses specific questions about need a four-month uninsured waiting period to be eligible for FAMIS. Effective who are not covered under health insurance. Effective July 3, 2014, children no longer FAMIS provides comprehensive health benefits for children from birth through age 18 other current health insurance coverage. January 1, 2015, dependents of state employees who have access to subsidized health

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eligibility for Medicaid and FAMIS. can be completed, signed, and returned via mail or fax to LDSS for determination of contact Cover Virginia by phone or online to apply. Additionally, a paper application telephonic applications, again functioning as a Central Processing Unit. A family may In April 2015, Cover Virginia began processing and determining eligibility for

the Medicaid expansion. Expenditures for the children determined eligible under the claiming enhanced funding for optional targeted low-income children who qualify under Family Access to Medical Insurance Security Plan are claimed at the State's enhanced Commonwealth's regular Medicaid FMAP. Effective 9/01/02, the Commonwealth began Expenditures for children who meet Medicaid eligibility criteria are claimed at the

medical services or any right or entitlement to participation. 1397bb(b)(4)) and § 32.1-353 of the Code of Virginia, the Family Access to Medical No Entitlement: In accordance with § 2102(b)(4) of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. Insurance Security Plan shall not create any individual entitlement for payment of

- Guidance: all uninsured children from the time the State's plan was initially approved. provide a historic record of the steps the State is taking to identify and enroll and the public health programs that is occurring statewide. This section will appropriate. States do not have to rewrite his section but may instead update this section as The State may address the coordination between the public-private outreach
- 5.1.2. (formerly 2.2.2.) The steps the State is currently taking to identify and enroll all involve a public-private partnership: uninsured children who are eligible to participate in health insurance programs that

DMAS also provides funding to VHCF to administer the SignUpNow training assist families with the enrollment process. workshops series, which trains community organizations and individuals who wish to outreach and application assistance to families in underserved regions of the state. DMAS funds a number of community outreach organizations that provide FAMIS Care Foundation (VHCF), in coordinating local outreach efforts. Through VHCF, DMAS continues to work closely with its public/private contractor, the Virginia Health

Guidance: enrollment with Medicaid because under Title XXI, children identified as Medicaid-Medicaid screen and enroll procedures is requested in Section 4.4. (42 CFR 457.80(c)) eligible are required to be enrolled in Medicaid. Specific information related to The State should describe below how its Title XXI program will closely coordinate the

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item requires a brief overview of how Title XXI efforts - particularly new enrollment coverage. (Section 2102(a)(3), 2102(b)(3)(E) and 2102(c)(2) (42 CFR 457.80(c)). This low-income children to increase the number of children with creditable health relevant child health programs (such as title V), that provide health care services for insurance programs, other sources of health benefits coverage for children, other outreach efforts – will be coordinated with and improve upon existing State efforts. (formerly 2.3) Describe how CHIP coordinates with other public and private health

coordinated with Medicaid in identifying and facilitating enrollment in the respective Medicaid program, also administers FAMIS. Virginia ensures that the plan is closely available to low income children. DMAS, the single state agency that administers the is the close cooperation between these programs to enhance the health care resources FAMIS does not supplant or replace existing programs. Rather, the goal of coordination secures a medical home for children. This coordination is directed to ensuring that targeted low-income children with an accessible and comprehensive system of care that programs which serve low income children. The Commonwealth's goal is to provide all teaching hospitals serving indigent families, and with local government health delivery Children's Specialty Services and the Maternal and Child Health programs, with State The FAMIS program coordinates with the Virginia Department of Health, including

requirements are used as a resource in reaching eligible children. networks serving families who would meet either FAMIS or Medicaid's income eligibility referrals to other sources of care if not eligible. Public programs that have established callers with program information, selection of a managed care organization, and them with applying. The Cover Virginia Call Center provides customer service, assists organizations participating in this effort inform families about the programs and assist children whether they qualify for Medicaid or for FAMIS. Community-based DMAS is responsible for the coordination of outreach and education efforts for all

private entities on its programs. Council, CHIP Advisory Committee), DMAS solicits input and advice from public and In addition, through its many other committees comprised of non-agency membership (e.g., Board of Directors, Managed Care Advisory Committee, Provider Advisory

enrollment of eligible children into Medicaid or CHIP. option to provide a simplified eligibility determination process and expedited The State should include a description of its election of the Express Lane eligibility

Guidance: Outreach strategies may include, but are not limited to, community outreach workers, outstationed eligibility workers, translation and transportation services, assistance with

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enrollment forms, case management and other targeting activities to inform families of or other private or public health coverage. low-income children of the availability of the health insurance program under the plan

assist them in enrolling in the appropriate program. the availability of the programs, including American Indians and Alaska Natives, and The description should include information on how the State will inform the target of

assist them in enrolling their children in such a program. (Section 2102(c)(1)) (42 private health coverage to inform them of the availability of the programs, and to CFR 457.90) families of children likely to be eligible for child health assistance or other public or Strategies. Describe the procedures used by the State to accomplish outreach to

the Department of Medical Assistance Services and the Secretary of Health and insurance. The Committee may report on the current status of FAMIS and other individuals with significant knowledge and interest in children's health the Joint Commission on Health Care, the Department of Social Services, the has established the Children's Health Insurance Program Advisory Committee Innovation staff. Human Resources. The Committee is staffed by DMAS Policy Planning and FAMIS Plus and make recommendations as deemed necessary to the Director of Foundation, various provider associations and children's advocacy groups; and Behavioral Health and Developmental Services, the Virginia Health Care Department of Health, the Department of Education, the Department of include membership from appropriate entities, as follows: one representative of (CHIPAC). The Committee consists of no more than 20 members and shall Pursuant to the 2004 amendment to § 32.1-351.2 of the Code of Virginia, DMAS

oversee campaigns, attend community events, sit on coalitions, and design and FAMIS and Cover Virginia Facebook pages and Twitter accounts. Spanish. This staff also oversees content for the Cover Virginia website and print flyers, brochures, posters, and other support materials in English and DMAS maintains Community Outreach staff to conduct statewide outreach,

include the following: The marketing and outreach efforts promote FAMIS and Medicaid and may

enrollees. Utilizing the highly successful annual Back to School Campaign in and Department of Social Services to promote the program to potential new agencies, including Virginia's Department of Education, Department of Health, conjunction with the Free and Reduced School Lunch Program, school systems Coordination with Other State Agencies -- Assistance is sought from other

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trained about the program, informed of any changes or new initiatives, and are the month of September. In addition, State agencies are routinely educated and are a primary vehicle for sending information home to parents about the FAMIS provided with informational fact sheets, website links, and other materials. program. This campaign usually results in a 25% increase in applications during

organizations with the support and tools needed to reach these families are available in both English and Spanish. DMAS continues to provide these eligible families with limited English speaking abilities. All outreach materials outreach and application assistance, including translation services to reach local outreach efforts through various CBO that have expertise in providing closely with its contractor, the Virginia Health Care Foundation, in coordinating application assistance in both FAMIS and Medicaid. DMAS continues to work infrastructure at the state and local level that will provide awareness and children. DMAS has partnered with a network of Community Based not limited to, those organizations that target high concentrations of uninsured actively encourages participation of a wide range of organizations including, but FAMIS and Medicaid programs. DMAS will continue to build coalitions and Organizations (CBO) to promote and facilitate enrollment of children in the Coordination with Other Community Based Organizations -- The Commonwealth

that they can make informed decisions on their ability and level of participation. support of the State's child health insurance programs. These groups will be employees' children, sponsorship opportunities, advertising partnerships, and provided with materials outlining the importance and benefits of the program so businesses and business associations to request their cooperation in enrolling Coordination with the Business Community - DMAS will contact Virginia

cooperation in performing outreach for Virginia's child health insurance information to their members. health care providers so that they can distribute FAMIS and Medicaid programs. Outreach information is provided to health care associations and Commonwealth partners with health care associations and requests their Coordination with the Health Care Associations and Providers -- The

applications, documents reported changes in status, provides status updates on general program information, assists callers with completing new and renewal through a contractor, provides a call center with a toll-free number that provides callers and making referrals to other programs. DMAS continues to coordinate resources are available to support customer service representatives in assisting pending applications, and helps enrollees with selecting a MCO as needed. Online Cover Virginia Call Center -- Effective since October 2013, the Commonwealth,

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non-English-speaking callers in 148 of the most commonly spoken languages. outreach evaluation methods. The call center provides translation services for outreach efforts in conjunction with the call center and works to develop better

health information for populations served by public insurance. sources of care is available, as is a link to the FFM. The site is also a source of the CommonHelp application. If the user is not eligible, information on other tool using MAGI income methodologies, and if the user is found eligible, a link to community partners who assist with enrollment, and an online portal where community partners. It provides information on eligibility, training for contracted MCOs. The site is a resource for consumers, navigators, and Center, provides program information as well as information about DMAS coverva.dmas.virginia.gov-- This web site, in tandem with the Cover Virginia Call partners can order materials. The site provides an online eligibility screening

applicants and enrollees. They serve as great tools for promoting current healthestablished to capitalize on social media as a method of communicating with related messages to pregnant women and families with children. Cover Virginia Facebook and Cover Virginia Twitter accounts which were FAMIS and Cover Virginia Facebook -- DMAS monitors and updates FAMIS and

stated above, none of these funds are used to draw down the Title XXI federal provided directly to the grantees providing/supporting the outreach efforts. As have been given directly to the outreach efforts (as described above) or have been Program. Any gifts, donations, or in-kind contributions that have been provided business community to support the Commonwealth's Child Health Insurance The Commonwealth has not received any gifts or in-kind contributions from the

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Section 6.	Coverage Req	Coverage Requirements for Children's Health Insurance
Check h eligibilii under a EPSDT.	sk here if the State bility under the St er a Medicaid expa DT.	Check here if the State elects to use funds provided under Title XXI only to provide expanded eligibility under the State's Medicaid plan and proceed to Section 7 since children covered under a Medicaid expansion program will receive all Medicaid covered services including EPSDT.
6.1.	The state elects (Check all that	The state elects to provide the following forms of coverage to children: (Check all that apply.) (Section 2103(c)); (42 CFR 457.410(a))
	6.1.1. Be 6.1.1.1. Be 6.1.1.2. G	Benchmark coverage; (Section 2103(a)(1) and 42 CFR 457.420) FEHBP-equivalent coverage; (Section 2103(b)(1)) (42 CFR 457.420(a)) (If checked, attach copy of the plan.) State employee coverage; (Section 2103(b)(2)) (If checked, identify the plan and attach a copy of the benefits description.) HMO with largest insured commercial enrollment (Section 2103(b)(3)) (If checked, identify the plan and attach a copy of the benefits description.)
	6.1.2.	Benchmark-equivalent coverage; (Section 2103(a)(2) and 42 CFR 457.430) Specify the coverage, including the amount, scope and duration of each service, as well as any exclusions or limitations. Attach a signed actuarial report that meets the requirements specified in 42 CFR 457.431. See instructions.
	6.1.3.	Existing Comprehensive State-Based Coverage; (Section 2103(a)(3) and 42 CFR 457.440) This option is only applicable to New York, Florida, and Pennsylvania. Attach a description of the benefits package, administration, and date of enactment. If existing comprehensive state-based coverage is modified, provide an actuarial opinion documenting that the actuarial value of the modification is greater than the value as of August 5, 1997 or one of the benchmark plans. Describe the fiscal year 1996 state expenditures for existing comprehensive state-based coverage.
Guid	Guidance: Secreta deemec state. (S	Secretary-approved coverage refers to any other health benefits coverage deemed appropriate and acceptable by the Secretary upon application by a state. (Section 2103(a)(4)) (42 CFR 457.250)
	6.1.4. ⊠	Secretary-Approved Coverage. (Section 2103(a)(4)) (42 CFR 457.450)
	Guidance:	Section 1905(r) of the Act defines EPSDT to require coverage of (1) any medically necessary screening, and diagnostic services, including

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ameliorate any defects and mental and physical illnesses or conditions and (2) inform eligible beneficiaries about the services available under to receive medical care included within the scope of the EPSDT benefit services, including supportive services, such as transportation, needed requires that the State (1) provide and arrange for all necessary covered under the Medicaid state plan. Section 1902(a)(43) of the Act discovered by the screening services, whether or not those services are determine if a suspected condition or illness exists; and (2) all services with a periodicity schedule based on current and reasonable medical vision, hearing, and dental screening and diagnostic services, consistent the EPSDT benefit. <u>practice standards or the health needs of an individual child to</u> listed in section 1905(a) of the Act that are necessary to correct or

do not check this box. for EPSDT contained in sections 1902(a)(43) and 1905(r) of the Act, If the coverage provided does not meet all of the statutory requirements

- 6.1.4.3.6.1.4.1. Coverage that the state has extended to the entire Medicaid Comprehensive coverage for children under a Medicaid Coverage of all benefits that are provided to children under the population Section 1115 demonstration waiver Diagnosis and Treatment (EPSDT) Medicaid State plan, including Early Periodic Screening
- Guidance: specified in § 457.420, plus additional coverage. Under this option, the services that are being added to the benchmark package the same coverage as the benchmark package, and also describes the State must clearly demonstrate that the coverage it provides includes Check below if the coverage offered includes benchmark coverage, as
- **6.1.4.4.** ⊠ Coverage that includes benchmark coverage plus additional coverage
- 6.1.4.5. \Box Coverage that is the same as defined by existing comprehensive or Florida (under 457.440) state-based coverage applicable only to New York, Pennsylvania,
- 6.1.4.6. Coverage under a group health plan that is substantially the comparison will be done) benefit by benefit comparison (Please provide a sample of how equivalent to or greater than benchmark coverage through a

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Guidance: including any benefit limitations or exclusions. not described above. Describe the coverage that will be offered. Check below if the State elects to provide a source of coverage that is

6.1.4.7. ⊠ Other (Describe)

in a MCO. newly eligible children on a temporary basis until they are enrolled alike (a fee-for-service component) is the coverage provided for Secretary-approved coverage through a modified Title XIX look-

on occasion after its initial establishment to include additional care. This plan is modeled after the Key Advantage Plan, which plan is the coverage provided for children enrolled in managed Secretary-approved coverage modeled after the state employee Advantage Plan, for FAMIS children in managed care. benefits, beyond those originally offered in the 2000 Key 2000. Section 6.2 of the State Child Health Plan has been amended was the PPO option for state employees offered statewide in June

Guidance: specifies benefits for the unborn child population. (Section 2110(a)) (42 CFR 457.490) covered under its plan, as well as any exclusions or limitations. States that choose to cover unborn children under the State plan should include a separate section 6.2 that All forms of coverage that the State elects to provide to children in its plan must be . The State should also describe the scope, amount and duration of services

chooses to provide a different benefit package for these pregnant women under the for pregnant women. (Section 2112) CHIP plan, the state must include a separate section 6.2 describing the benefit package If the state elects to cover the new option of targeted low-income pregnant women, but

amount, duration and scope of services covered, as well as any exclusions or limitations) (Section 2110(a)) (42 CFR 457.490) The state elects to provide the following forms of coverage to children: (Check all that apply. If an item is checked, describe the coverage with respect to the

6.2.

COVERED SERVICES FOR FAMIS CHILDREN

benefit packages. The FAMIS program has two separate health care services delivery systems and

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state plan, including the Early and Periodic Screening, Diagnostic and Treatment During this period, FAMIS children receive the same benefits as the Medicaid temporary basis prior to enrollment in a managed care organization (MCO). (EPSDT) benefit. Newly enrolled children initially receive coverage in fee-for-service (FFS) on a

care plans are summarized in the checklist below (6.2.1 - 6.2.31). Key Advantage State Employee Benefit Plan. Benefits offered under the managed modeled after the state employee benefit plan in effect in June 2000, Virginia's FAMIS children enrolled in managed care receive Secretary-approved coverage

pursuant to the SUPPORT Act. Behavioral health benefits are summarized separately in 6.2.1-BH – 6.2.31-BH,

POPULATION) COVERED SERVICES FOR FAMIS PRENATAL (UNBORN CHILD

eligible for the FAMIS Select premium assistance program. subsequent changes in household income. FAMIS Prenatal enrollees are not end of the month in which the 60th postpartum day occurs, regardless of any of the "unborn child" shall continue to be eligible to receive services through the delivery and utilization control systems as those used for FAMIS MOMS. pregnant women, with the exception of long-term services and supports (LTSS). coverage is the same as that provided under the FAMIS MOMS CHIP 1115 of the pregnant individual's immigration status. The FAMIS Prenatal program's option for uninsured pregnant persons in households with income up to 200% Pregnant persons who are receiving services under FAMIS Prenatal on the basis Benefits to the "unborn child" population are delivered through the same Demonstration, which reflects the Medicaid state plan covered benefits for FPL not otherwise eligible for Medicaid, FAMIS, or FAMIS MOMS, regardless Effective July 1, 2021, Virginia provides coverage through the unborn child

recognition that beyond traditional limited prenatal and postpartum services, the comprehensive maternal health benefits plan in Medicaid and CHIP is based on a child" who at birth may be eligible as a targeted low-income child. Virginia's pregnancy through 60 days postpartum to support the health of the "unborn considers all services delivered to the mother through managed care during the including prenatal, labor and delivery, and postpartum services. Virginia DMAS utilizes bundled capitated payment arrangements for coverage of services newborn's access to health care. Adequately addressing the birthing person's new mother's access to full-scope health services substantially improves the Through Virginia's Medicaid and CHIP managed care organizations (MCOs),

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newborn's physical, social, and emotional health. health needs in the critical postpartum period is essential to supporting the

postpartum. State Plan for managed care costs for the covered population through 60 days Accordingly, DMAS claims CHIP federal financial participation (FFP) under this

the postpartum period, Virginia will utilize a Health Services Initiative as fee-for-service. described in Section 2.2 to claim CHIP FFP for postpartum services paid through For FAMIS Prenatal participants who are not enrolled in managed care during

 $6.2.1. \times$ Inpatient services (Section 2110(a)(1))

365 days per confinement; includes ancillary services.

× Outpatient services (Section 2110(a)(2))

outpatient hospital department. Facility charge for outpatient and professional provider services in a physician's office or from physician or diagnostic services. department of a hospital or hospital emergency room, separate Outpatient services include emergency services, surgical services,

 $6.2.3. \times$ Physician services (Section 2110(a)(3))

or in a physician's office, or outpatient hospital department Physician services include services while admitted in the hospital,

6.2.4. ⊠ Surgical services (Section 2110(a)(4))

Surgical services include services provided in Sections 6.2.1, 6.2.2,

6.2.5. × health care services. (Section 2110(a)(5)) Clinic services (including health center services) and other ambulatory

Clinic services include services provided in Sections 6.2.2 and 6.2.3

 $6.2.6. \boxtimes$ Prescription drugs (Section 2110(a)(6))

Covered for outpatient prescription drugs. Mandatory generic

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program.

6.2.7.Over-the-counter medications (Section 2110(a)(7))

Optional - May be covered at the discretion of the health plan.

6.2.8. ⊠ Laboratory and radiological services (Section 2110(a)(8))

in a physician's office, hospital, independent and clinical reference Outpatient diagnostic tests, x-rays, and laboratory services covered

 $6.2.9. \times$ Prenatal care and pre-pregnancy family services and supplies (Section 2110(a)(9))

and devices approved by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration caps, diaphragms, intrauterine devices and transdermal implants for reimbursement are oral contraceptives, Depo-Provera, cervical for use as contraceptives. Contraceptive drugs and devices eligible pregnancy family services include coverage for prescription drugs Maternity service including routine prenatal care is covered. Pre-

6.2.10. ⊠ Durable medical equipment and other medically-related or remedial devices devices, and adaptive devices). (Section 2110(a)(12)) (such as prosthetic devices, implants, eyeglasses, hearing aids, dental

eyeglasses are covered when medically necessary with certain Durable medical equipment, prosthetic devices, hearing aids, and

6.2.11. ⊠ Disposable medical supplies. (Section 2110(a)(13))

inpatient or outpatient setting are covered as part of the inpatient or outpatient service. Medically necessary disposable medical supplies provided in an

Guidance: assistance with activities of daily living, chore services, day care services, home health nursing services, home health aide services, personal care, Home and community based services may include supportive services such as respite care services, training for family members, and minor modifications to the home.

 $6.2.12. \times$ Home and community-based health care services (Section 2110(a)(14))

Includes coverage of up to 90 visits per calendar year. Includes

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and inhalation therapy. physical therapy, occupational therapy, and speech, hearing nursing and personal care services, home health aides,

6.2.13. \boxtimes Nursing care services (Section 2110(a)(15))

Nurse practitioner services, nurse midwife services, and private duty nursing services are covered. Skilled nursing services provided by Local Education Agencies (LEAs) are covered and include medical evaluations and/or assessments, state-mandated health screenings, and other nursing services that are determined to be necessary to assess, monitor, and provide nursing interventions to treat or maintain health or a medical condition, under the scope of practice of a licensed school nurse (RN or LPN working under the supervision of an RN).

Nursing facility services are covered for up to 180 days in accordance with the base benchmark plan.

 $6.2.14. \times$ if the pregnancy is the result of an act of rape or incest. Abortion only if necessary to save the life of the mother or (Section 2110(a)(16))

Abortion only if necessary to save the life of the mother.

6.2.15. ⊠ #09-012 issued October 7, 2009) dental benefits must complete 6.2-DC (CHIPRA # 7, SHO # Dental services (Section 2110(a)(17)) States updating their

Coverage includes diagnostic, preventive, primary, prosthetic and complex restorative services. Coverage does not include I tems such as bases or protective liners under restorations. Those measures are incidental and included in the restoration fee.

Coverage shall include full-banded orthodontics and related services to correct abnormal and correctable malocclusion for enrollees. Post-treatment stabilization retainers and follow-up visits are included in the orthodontic services. Effective 12/1/02, the benefit limits for orthodontic services increased to mirror Medicaid.

Vision screenings and services (Section 2110(a)(24))

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 $6.2.18. \times$ 6.2.17.Hearing screenings and services (Section 2110(a)(24)) Case management services (Section 2110(a)(20))

The State may elect to offer benefits for an approved, alternative treatment plan for a recipient who would otherwise require more expensive services. These services will be offered on a case-by-case basis. Effective October 1, 2011, targeted case management is provided by a certified Early Intervention Case Manager and reimbursed directly by DMAS for children from birth up to age three years who are in need of early intervention services.

Effective July 1, 2023, targeted case management for persons with traumatic brain injury is covered in accordance with the coverage set forth in the Medicaid state plan.

- 6.2.19.Care coordination services (Section 2110(a)(21))
- **6.2.20.** ⊠ Physical therapy, occupational therapy, and services for (Section 2110(a)(22)) individuals with speech, hearing, and language disorders

Medically necessary services used to treat or promote recovery from an illness or injury are covered with limitations.

6.2.21. \boxtimes Hospice care (Section 2110(a)(23))

Hospice services include a program of home and inpatient care provided directly under the direction of a licensed hospice.

a diagnosis of terminal illness has been made. the treatment of the child's condition with respect to which expectancy of six months or fewer. Effective 3/23/10, if the enrollee is diagnosed with a terminal illness with a life interdisciplinary team. Hospice care services are available services to individuals utilizing a medically directed physician, psychological, psychosocial, and other health hospice care is available concurrently with care related to Hospice care programs include palliative and supportive

Guidance: See guidance for section 6.1.4.1 for guidance on the statutory

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the Act. If the benefit being provided does not meet the EPSDT statutory requirements, do not check this box. requirements for EPSDT under sections 1905(r) and 1902(a)(43) of

- $6.2 \boxed{22}$. EPSDT consistent with the requirements of sections 1905(r) and 1902(a)(43) of the Act.
- plan can be exceeded as medically necessary. scope of benefits described in Sections 6.2 and 6.3-BH of the CHIP state 6.2|22.1duration, and The state assures that any limitations applied to the amount,

Guidance: scope of practice as prescribed by State law; a physician or other licensed or registered practitioner within the State law and only if the service is: 1) prescribed by or furnished by whether in a facility, home, school, or other setting, if recognized by remedial, therapeutic or rehabilitative service may be provided, physician; 2) performed under the general supervision or at the direction of a Any other medical, diagnostic, screening, preventive, restorative,

the scope of the license. local government or is licensed under State law and operating within or 3) furnished by a health care facility that is operated by a State or

 $6.2.23. \boxtimes$ Any other medical, diagnostic, screening, preventive restorative, remedial, therapeutic, or rehabilitative services. (Section 2110(a)(24))

limitations. Coverage of chiropractic and vision services with benefit

Professionals and Early Intervention Specialists. was expanded to include all certified Early Intervention Effective 10/1/09, coverage for early intervention services

 $6.2.24. \boxtimes$ Premiums for private health care insurance coverage (Section 2110(a)(25))

covered in the FAMIS Select program through a CHIP Section 1115 Demonstration waiver, as outlined in Section Premiums for private health care insurance coverage are

6.2.25. ⊠ Medical transportation (Section 2110(a)(26))

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or provider's office. Ambulance services if prearranged to a local hospital's emergency room. enrollee's condition suddenly becomes worse and must go hospital. Ambulance services will be covered if the provider's office or to the outpatient department of the enrollee cannot ride safely in a car when going to the Company if, because of enrollee's medical condition, the by the Primary Care Physician and authorized by the are covered when used locally to or from a covered facility Professional ambulance services under certain conditions

condition; (b) The services received in that facility or administrator as having services adequate to treat the must be to the nearest one recognized by the health plan conditions must be met: (a) The trip to the facility or office private car or by any other less expensive means. must explain why transportation could not occur in a plan administrator requests it, the attending provider provider's office are covered services; and (c) If the health For coverage of ambulance services, the following three

Guidance: Enabling services, such as transportation, translation, and outreach of primary and preventive health care services for eligible lowservices, may be offered only if designed to increase the accessibility income individuals.

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6.2.26.services (Section 2110(a)(27)) Enabling services (such as transportation, translation, and outreach

6.2.27. ⊠ not included under this section (Section 2110(a)(28)) Any other health care services or items specified by the Secretary and

modeled after the state employee plan: Enhanced Services Provided Beyond Secretary-approved coverage

the additional benefits listed below: employee plan will include all of the Key Advantage benefits plus FAMIS Secretary-approved coverage modeled after the state Advantage State Employee Benefit Package in effect in June 2000. The services described above are the services included in the Key

- covered under Key Advantage.) Practice (ACIP). (Well-child care from birth through age 5 is recommended by the Advisory Committee on Immunization of Pediatrics Advisory Committee, and any immunizations as laboratory services as recommended by the American Academy Well-child care from age 6 through 18 including visits,
- 2 and health-related screenings; and specialized transportation. treatment; personal care; medical evaluations; well-child visits services; adaptive behavior treatment; substance use disorder audiology; skilled nursing; psychiatric and psychological therapy, occupational therapy, and speech-language therapy; (LEAs) to studentsare covered under this State Plan: physical The following services provided by Local Education Agencies
- 3. Blood lead testing.

COVID-19 Vaccines, Testing, and Treatment:

the Act, and for all populations covered in the CHIP state child calendar quarter that begins one year after the last day of the Effective March 11, 2021 and through the last day of the first COVID-19 emergency period described in section 1135(g)(1)(B) of

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health plan:

COVID-19 Vaccine:

their administration, in accordance with the requirements The state provides coverage of COVID-19 vaccines and of section 2103(c)(11)(A) of the Act.

COVID-19 Testing:

- accordance with the requirements of section 2103(c)(11)(B) The state provides coverage of COVID-19 testing, in of the Act.
- should receive diagnostic and screening tests for COVID-19. testing for COVID-19 and its recommendations for who Prevention (CDC) definitions of diagnostic and screening consistent with the Centers for Disease Control and The state assures that coverage of COVID-19 testing is
- The state assures that coverage includes all types of FDA authorized COVID-19 tests.

COVID-19 Treatment:

- The state assures that the following coverage of treatments section 2103(c)(11)(B) of the Act: scope limitations, in accordance with requirements of for COVID-19 are provided without amount, duration, or
- The state provides coverage of treatments for COVID-19 including specialized equipment and therapies (including preventive therapies);
- The state provides coverage of any nonpharmacological item or service described in section 2110(a) of the Act, that is medically necessary for treatment of COVID-19; and
- o The state provides coverage of any drug or biological that is approved (or licensed) by the U.S. Food & Drug Administration (FDA) or authorized by the FDA under an Emergency Use Authorization (EUA) to treat or prevent COVID-19, consistent with the applicable authorizations.

Treatment of COVID-19: Coverage for a Condition That May Seriously Complicate the

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when a beneficiary is diagnosed with or is presumed to have that may seriously complicate COVID-19 treatment without The state provides coverage for treatment of a condition 2103(c)(11)(B) of the Act. COVID-19, in accordance with the requirements of section amount, duration, or scope limitations, during the period

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children. and linguistically appropriate manner for all CHIP enrollees, including pregnant women and unborn prevent, diagnose, and treat a broad range of mental health and substance use disorders in a culturally **6.2-BH Behavioral Health Coverage** Section 2103(c)(5) requires that states provide coverage to

coverage, please describe the recommendations being followed for those services. Guidance: Please attach a copy of the state's periodicity schedule. For pregnancy-related

6.2.1- BH Periodicity Schedule The state has adopted the following periodicity schedule for covered CHIP populations: behavioral health screenings and assessments. Please specify any differences between any

State-developed schedule Mamerican Academy of Pediatrics/ Bright Futures Other Nationally recognized periodicity schedule (please specify: Other (please describe:)
--

condition being treated, please specify those differences. and/or substance use disorders. If there are differences in benefits based on the population or type of benefit. For each benefit, please also indicate whether the benefit is available for mental health state's CHIP populations, and provide a description of the amount, duration, and scope of each 6.3- BH Covered Benefits Please check off the behavioral health services that are provided to the

duration, and scope of each covered behavioral health benefit. applicable benefits. It does not have to provide additional information regarding the amount, If EPSDT is provided, as described at Section 6.2.22 and 6.2.22.1, the state should only check off the

including EPSDT. MCO, and during this period, they receive the same benefits as the Medicaid state plan, FAMIS children are enrolled in fee-for-service on a temporary basis prior to enrollment in a

the state employee benefit plan in effect in June 2000, Virginia's Key Advantage State Employee Benefit Plan. Behavioral health services are outlined in detail in the checklist below. FAMIS children enrolled in managed care receive Secretary-approved coverage modeled after

health screenings and assessments described in the assurance below at 6.3.1.1-BH. Guidance: Please include a description of the services provided in addition to the behavioral

6.3.1- BH |\times Behavioral health screenings and assessments. (Section 2103(c)(6)(A))

6.3.1.1- BH X The state assures that all developmental and behavioral health

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package, as appropriate for the covered populations. recommendations graded as A and B are covered as a part of the CHIP benefit recommendations outlined in the AAP Bright Futures periodicity schedule and United States Public Preventive Services Task Force (USPSTF)

providing education, training, and technical resources, and covering the costs of organizations and their networks to use such tools in primary care practice. Guidance: Examples of facilitation efforts include requiring managed care administering or purchasing the tools.

primary care settings. Please describe how the state will facilitate the use of the use of age-appropriate validated behavioral health screening tools in **6.3.1.2- BH** \boxtimes The state assures that it will implement a strategy to facilitate validated screening tools.

of the tools as they become available. DMAS provides information and section of the DMAS provider manuals. This guidance also applies to given discretion, within the scope of AAP guidance, on the specifics of updates regarding developmental and behavioral health screenings in and train providers on the use of these tools and provide updated versions validated behavioral health screening tools, MCOs are required to educate FAMIS well child coverage. To facilitate the use of age-appropriate developmental and behavioral health screenings is outlined in the EPSDT evidence-based screening tools used. DMAS guidance regarding are outlined in the managed care contracts. Primary care providers are populations, coverage for age-appropriate, routine, and standardized including the use of age-appropriate validated behavioral health screening describing the requirements of Section 5022 of the SUPPORT Act, updated information through a policy transmittal to providers and MCOs provider manuals and on the agency's website. DMAS will provide FAMIS enrollees, consistent with the Bright Futures/American Academy of validated developmental and behavioral health screenings, including for all Virginia currently mandates, throughout delivery systems and covered tools in primary care settings. Pediatrics (AAP) guidelines and periodicity schedule. These requirements

6.3.2- BH ⊠ Outpatient services (Sections 2110(a)(11) and 2110(a)(19))

therapy, family therapy and other types of counseling services Guidance: Psychosocial treatment includes services such as psychotherapy, group

6.3.2.1- BH \boxtimes Psychosocial treatment

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Provided for: igwedge Mental Health X Substance Use Disorder

operated mental hospital are covered without limitations. mental health and substance use disorder services (American Society of and other types of counseling services, is covered for the treatment of mental Addiction Medicine [ASAM] Level 1) other than services furnished in a statehealth and substance use disorder conditions. Medically necessary outpatient Psychosocial treatment, including psychotherapy, group therapy, family therapy,

6.3.2.2- BH X Tobacco cessation Provided for: X Substance Use Disorder

quit attempts and five tobacco cessation counseling sessions per quit attempt are visits. All FDA-approved tobacco cessation products are covered. At least two risk-reduction counseling with regard to tobacco use during routine well-child pharmacotherapy. Coverage includes the provision of anticipatory guidance and covered; these limits can be exceeded when medically necessary. Tobacco cessation services are covered, including both counseling and

description of those benefits below at section 6.3.2.3- BH. the Act, MAT benefits are required for the treatment of opioid use disorders. Guidance: In order to provide a benefit package consistent with section 2103(c)(5) of However, if the state provides MAT for other SUD conditions, please include a

6.3.2.3- BH ⊠ Medication Assisted Treatment Provided for: ⊠ Substance Use Disorder

6.3.2.3.1- BH ⊠ Opioid Use Disorder

well as psychotherapy and substance use disorder counseling. There is no treatment. visit limit on medically necessary outpatient substance use disorder FDA-approved medications to treat opioid use disorder are covered as Medication Assisted Treatment for opioid use disorder is covered. All

6.3.2.3.2- BH ⊠ Alcohol Use Disorder

visit limit on medically necessary outpatient substance use disorder well as psychotherapy and substance use disorder counseling. There is no FDA-approved medications to treat alcohol use disorder are covered as Medication Assisted Treatment for alcohol use disorder is covered. All treatment.

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6.3.2.5- BH Caregiver Support Provided for: Mental Health Substance Use Disorder 6.3.2.6- BH Respite Care Provided for: Mental Health Substance Use Disorder	Peer Support Provided for: Peer Support As of 07-01-17, Peer Support Services for mental health and substance use disorder conditions are covered. Peer Support Services extend existing comprehensive behavioral health and substance use treatment services to help facilitate recovery from even the most serious mental health and substance use disorders. Peer support providers are self-identified individuals who are in successful and ongoing recovery from mental health and/or substance use disorders. Peer support providers shall be sufficiently trained and certified to deliver services. Peer Support Services are delivered by peers (trained/certified individuals with lived experience with mental health and/or substance use disorders) who have been successful in the recovery process and can extend the reach of treatment beyond the clinical setting into an individual's community to support and assist a member with staying engaged in the recovery process. A Peer Support service called Family Support Partners shall be provided to individuals under the age of 21 who have a mental health or substance use disorder or co-occurring mental health and substance use disorders that are the focus of the support with their caregiver.	6.3.2.3.3- BH Other
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Page 6-94	

Intensive in-home services to children and adolescents under age 19 are time-limited interventions provided typically but not solely in the residence of a child who is at risk of being moved into an out-of-home placement or who is being transitioned to home from out-of-home placement due to a documented medical need of the child. These services provide crisis treatment, individual and family counseling, and communication skills (e.g., counseling to assist the child and his parents to understand and practice appropriate problem-solving, anger management, and interpersonal interaction, etc.); care coordination with other required services; and 24-hour emergency response. Services must be directed toward the treatment of the eligible child and delivered primarily in the family sersidence with the child present. 6.3.2.8- BH
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of the benefit's amount, duration, and scope. benefits, such as the staffing or intensity of the setting, please specify those in the description benefit, please indicate that in the benefit description. If there are differences between these Guidance: If the state considers day treatment and partial hospitalization to be the same

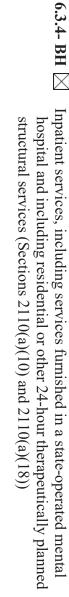
Provided for: Menta	6.3.3- BH ⊠ Day Treatmen
Mental Health	nt
Substance Use Disorder	

etc.); and individual, group and family psychotherapy. community responsibility, increased impulse control, and appropriate peer relations, enhance social and interpersonal skills (e.g., problem-solving, anger management, education and management; opportunities to learn and use daily living skills and to the treatment of mental health conditions. TDT provides evaluation, medication, Therapeutic Day Treatment (TDT) is an intensive outpatient service that is covered for

Provided for:	6.3.3.1- BH
Mental Health	Partial Hospitalization

services. Medication assisted treatment shall be provided onsite or through There is no visit limit on medically necessary outpatient substance use treatment Partial Hospitalization (ASAM Level 2.5) is covered for substance use treatment.

management, individual and group therapy, skills restoration, and care service must demonstrate a medical necessity for the service arising from a psychiatric hospitalization to the community. Individuals qualifying for this direction to individuals at risk of psychiatric hospitalization or transitioning from individual's psychiatric condition. The service is delivered under physician are more intensive than outpatient services and that are required to stabilize an treatment. MH-PHP services are short-term, non-residential interventions that and multidisciplinary treatment but who do not require inpatient treatment. coordination for individuals who require coordinated, intensive, comprehensive, major life activities. This service includes assessment, assistance with medication behavioral health disorders that result in significant functional impairments in for mental health and co-occurring mental health and substance use disorder Effective 7/1/2021, Mental Health Partial Hospitalization (MH-PHP) is covered



Provided for: Mental Health X Substance Use Disorder

Effective Date: 07/01/2023

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Approval Date:

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structural services with the exception of Residential Crisis Stabilization (effective services furnished in a state-operated mental hospital, (2) services furnished in an covered for 365 days per confinement. The following services are not covered: (1) services rendered in a psychiatric unit of a general acute care hospital are of a general acute care hospital and inpatient substance use disorder treatment Medically necessary inpatient psychiatric services rendered in a psychiatric unit 12/1/21). IMD, and (3) residential services or other 24-hour therapeutically planned

treatment services are provided). benefit (e.g. intensity of services, provider types, or settings in which the residential Guidance: If applicable, please clarify any differences within the residential treatment

Provided for:	6.3.4.1- BH
☐ Mental Health ☐ Substance Use Disorder	Residential Treatment

STATE: Virginia

longer than 30 days, the child is assessed for Medicaid eligibility. of mental health or substance use disorder Residential Treatment services may Treatment services are not provided under the CHIP state plan. Children in need receive them for stays less than 30 days, through state-only funds. For stays With the exception of Residential Crisis Stabilization (see 6.3.5.1), Residential

6.3.4.2- BH \(\times\) Detoxification Provided for: \(\times\) Substance Use Disorder

management, as defined by ASAM, means services to assist a member's Levels of Care. withdrawal from the use of substances. This service may be offered in all ASAM ASAM defines detoxification as "withdrawal management." Withdrawal

Guidance: Crisis intervention and stabilization could include services such as mobile crisis, or short term residential or other facility based services in order to avoid inpatient hospitalization.

6.3.5- BH Provided for: Emergency services

:: Mental Health X Substance Use Disorder

Provided for: 6.3.5.1- BH 🔀 Mental Health 🛚 Substance Use Disorder Crisis Intervention and Stabilization

health care, available 24 hours a day, seven days per week, to assist individuals Effective 12/1/2021, Mobile Crisis Response shall provide immediate behavioral

temporary detention order preadmission screenings. works, attends school, participates in services and socializes, and includes variety of settings including community locations where the individual lives, the context of the least restrictive setting. Mobile Crisis Response is provided in a condition, to prevent injury to the client or others, and to provide treatment in clinical attention. This service's objectives shall be to prevent exacerbation of a who are experiencing an acute behavioral health crisis requiring immediate

while a comprehensive array of services is established acute behavioral health crisis. The goal is to address and stabilize the acute behavioral health needs at the earliest possible time to prevent decompensation behavioral health care to non-hospitalized individuals who recently experienced an Effective 12/1/2021, Community Stabilization services provide intensive, short term

crisis services provider units of fewer than 16 beds. Residential Crisis from inpatient hospitalization by offering psychiatric stabilization in licensed Effective 12/1/2021, Residential Crisis Stabilization services serves as a diversion

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distress. This service is also available as a 23-hour option. associated with a precipitating situation or a marked increase in personal change in behavior noted by severe impairment of functioning typically services to support an individual who is experiencing an abrupt and substantial Institution for Mental Diseases (IMD) as defined in 42 CFR 435.1010. Residential Stabilization shall not be provided in facilities that meet the definition of an Crisis Stabilization provides short-term, crisis evaluation and brief intervention

Addiction Treatment (OBAT) and Opioid Treatment Programs, requires Substance Use Disorder (SUD) Care Coordination that includes integrating behavioral health into primary care and specialty medical settings through interdisciplinary care planning and monitoring member progress and tracking member outcomes; linking members with community resources to facilitate referrals and respond to social service needs, or peer supports; and tracking and supporting members when they obtain medical, behavioral health, or social services outside the practice. SUD Care Coordination services are considered duplicative of SUD Case Management services (6.3.8-BH), so these benefits are provided only to individuals with a primary SUD diagnosis who are not already receiving SUD Case Management. 6.3.7.1-BH	6.3.7- BH ⊠ Care Coordination Provided for: ☐ Mental Health ⊠ Substance Use Disorder	6.3.6- BH Continuing care services Provided for: Mental Health Substance Use Disorder
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	6.3.8- BH
Provided for:	\geq
	Case Management
Mental Health	

directly for the purpose of locating, developing, or obtaining needed service and linking the individual directly to services and supports, assisting the individual meeting basic needs. Services to be provided include: Assessment and planning, with a diagnosis of serious emotional disturbance in accessing needed medical, Management services assist youth at risk of serious emotional disturbance and who meet the definition of seriously emotionally disturbed are covered. Case and counseling. integration, making collateral contacts, follow up and monitoring, and education resources, coordinating services and service planning, enhancing community psychiatric, social, educational, vocational, and other supports essential to Case Management services for youth at risk of serious emotional disturbance and

be billed concurrently with SUD Care Coordination (6.3.7-BH). Case Management services for substance use disorders are covered and cannot

6.3.9- BH ⊠ Other

Provided for: Behavioral Therapies Mental Health
 [Substance Use Disorder

preauthorized and based on a medical necessity determination. manage the individual's behavior in the home and community settings using care. The service goal is to ensure the individual's family is trained to effectively decrease maladaptive patterns of behavior which, if left untreated, could lead to behavior analysis. Services are designed to enhance communication skills and regulations, to individuals younger than 19 years of age, usually in the behavioral modification strategies. Behavioral therapy services must be more complex problems and the need for a greater or a more restrictive level of individual's home. Behavioral therapy includes, but is not limited to, applied practitioners within their scope of practice, defined under state law or Behavioral therapies are systematic interventions provided by licensed Behavioral Therapies - As of 07-01-16, behavioral therapies are covered

Assertive Community Treatment Provided for: Mental Health Subst

Substance Use Disorder

severe and persistent mental illness especially those who have severe symptoms treatment, rehabilitation, and support services to identified individuals with As of 7/1/2021 Assertive Community Treatment provides long-term needed

UNDER TITLE XXI OF THE SOCIAL SECURITY ACT STATE CHILD HEALTH PLAN

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that are not effectively remedied by available treatments or who becaus tal

reasons related to their mental illr health services in the community. Multi-systemic therapy Provided for: Mental Health	reasons related to their mental illness resist or avoid involvement with ment health services in the community. Multi-systemic therapy Provided for: Mental Health Substance Use Disorder
Multi-systemic therapy Provided for: X Mer	Multi-systemic therapy Provided for: Mental Health Substance Use Disorder

term and rehabilitative intervention that is used as a step-down and diversion natural supports and is delivered in the recovery environment. MST is a shortincludes an emphasis on engagement with the youth's family, caregivers and clinical impairment in disruptive behavior, mood, and/or substance use. MST treatment provided in home and community settings to youth with significant from higher levels of care and seeks to understand and intervene with youth

Provided for: Functional Family Therapy within their network of systems including family, peers, school, and community. As of 12/1/2021 Multi-systemic therapy (MST) is an intensive, evidence-based

justice, behavioral health, school or child welfare systems. behavioral or emotional problems and/or substance use disorders by the juvenile based treatment program for at-risk youth who have been referred for As of 12/1/2021 Functional Family Therapy (FFT) is a short-term, evidence-

6.4- BH Assessment Tools

6.4.1-BH Please specify or describe all of the tool(s) required by the state and/or each managed care entity:

InterQualMental Health ☐ Substance Use Disorders

 CALOCUS/LOCUS (Child and Adolescent Level of Care Utilization System) Mental Health Substance Use Disorders

Contracted managed care organizations must use the Department's service authorization criteria or other medically sound, evidence-based criteria in accordance with national standards in making medical necessity determinations. MCOs may choos
6.4.2- BH $\boxed{\times}$ Please describe the state's strategy to facilitate the use of validated assessmen tools for the treatment of behavioral health conditions.
Guidance: Examples of facilitation efforts include requiring managed care organizations and their networks to use such tools to determine possible treatments or plans of care, providing education, training, and technical resources, and covering the costs of administering or purchasing the assessment tools.
No specific criteria or tools are requiredMental Health ☐ Substance Use Disorders
Other (please describe)Mental Health ☐ Substance Use Disorders
The plans are required to use a standardized assessment tool to determine medical necessity for behavioral health services. DMAS does not specify which standardized assessment tools the MCOs must use; however, MCOs must use assessment tools that meet an acceptable practice standard. These include InterQual, Milliman, and MCG. If MCOs use plan-specific criteria, the criteria shall not be more restrictive than the State Plan program.
✓ Plan-specific criteria (please describe)✓ Mental Health ✓ Substance Use Disorders
The Virginia Department of Medical Assistance Services manuals describe the criteria for psychiatric services, community mental health and rehabilitation services (CMHRS), and Addiction and Recovery Treatment Services (ARTS).
 \infty State-specific criteria (e.g. state law or policies) (please describe) \infty Mental Health

☐ CASII (Child and Adolescent Service Intensity Instrument)☐ Mental Health☐ Substance Use Disorders
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assessment tools listed in Section 6.4.1-BH. To facilitate the use of validated assessment

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the plan in the future, that details the use of validated assessment tools for the treatment they become available. DMAS will require MCOs to submit a plan, as well as updates to and train providers on the use of these tools and provide updated versions of the tools as tools for the treatment of behavioral health conditions, MCOs are required to educate of behavioral health conditions.

DLA-20, a validated outcomes measurement and monitoring tool that helps persons with comprehensive needs assessment on members, which can be done by completing the mental illness manage their treatment, which can reduce the need for specialized, high-To engage in community mental health services, providers must complete a cost services. The use of the DLA-20 is included in the DMAS service manuals.

health benefits in CHIP: **6.2.5-BH Covered Benefits** The State assures the following related to the provision of behavioral

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(6)	ly a
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leliv	y al
ery	pro
manner consistent with the requirements of section 2103(c)(6), regardless of delivery system	All behavioral health benefits are provided in a culturally and linguistically appropriate
tem	ıte

timely treatment and monitoring of children with chronic, complex or serious conditions. ensure there are procedures in place to access covered services as well as appropriate and oxtimes The state will provide all behavioral health benefits consistent with 42 CFR 457.495 to

- process at 42 CFR 457.1201(l). plan population by managed care entities and will be considered as part of CMS's contract review requirements are also applicable to any additional benefits provided voluntarily to the child health care arrangement, this requirement applies to both the state and managed care plans. These a group health plan. If the state child health plan provides for delivery of services through a managed section 2705(a) of the Public Health Service Act in the same manner that such requirements apply to health and substance use disorder benefits comply with the mental health parity requirements of child health plan ensures that financial requirements and treatment limitations applicable to mental provides both medical/surgical benefits and mental health or substance use disorder benefits, a State 6.2- MHPAEA Section 2103(c)(6)(A) of the Social Security Act requires that, to the extent that it
- of medical practice. (42 CFR 457.496(f)(1)(i)) standard that is consistent with state and federal law and generally recognized independent standards covered benefit is a medical/surgical, mental health, or substance use disorder benefit based on a **6.2.1- MHPAEA** Before completing a parity analysis, the State must determine whether each
- covered benefit is a medical/surgical benefit, mental health benefit, or substance use disorder benefit. The most current version of the standard elected must be used. If different standards 6.2.1.1- MHPAEA Please choose the standard(s) the state uses to determine whether a

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\square Yes
6.2.2.1- MHPAEA Does the State child health plan provide coverage of EPSDT? The State must provide for coverage of EPSDT benefits, consistent with Medicaid statutory requirements, as indicated in section 6.2.26 of the State child health plan in order to answer "yes."
6.2.2- MHPAEA Section 2103(c)(6)(B) of the Social Security Act (the Act) provides that to the extent a State child health plan includes coverage of early and periodic screening, diagnostic, and treatment services (EPSDT) defined in section 1905(r) of the Act and provided in accordance with section 1902(a)(43) of the Act, the plan shall be deemed to satisfy the parity requirements of section 2103(c)(6)(A) of the Act.
Guidance: If the State does not provide any mental health or substance use disorder benefits, the mental health parity requirements do not apply ((42 CFR 457.496(f)(1)). Continue on to Section 6.3.
□No
⊠Yes
6.2.1.2- MHPAEA Does the State provide mental health and/or substance use disorder benefits?
Mother (Describe): Conditions noted in ICD-10-CM, Chapter 5, "Mental, Behavioral, and Neurodevelopmental Disorders" are classified under MH/SUD with the following exceptions: The conditions listed in subchapter 1, "Mental disorders due to known physiological conditions" (F01 to F09) are categorized as MED/SURG; the conditions listed in subchapter 8, "Intellectual disabilities" (F70 to F79) are categorized as MED/SURG; and the conditions listed in subchapter 9, "Pervasive and specific developmental disorders" (F80-F89) are categorized as MED/SURG.
State guidelines
Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders (DSM)
International Classification of Disease (ICD)
are used for different benefit types, please specify the benefit type(s) to which each standard is applied. If "Other" is selected, please provide a description of that standard.

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UNDER TITLE XXI OF THE SOCIAL SECURITY ACT STATE CHILD HEALTH PLAN

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children in managed care do not receive the EPSDT benefit; therefore DMAS population. is not seeking deemed parity on the basis of EPSDT for its separate CHIP temporarily in fee-for-service prior to being enrolled in a MCO. FAMIS FAMIS children access the EPSDT benefit during the time they are

Medicaid statutory requirements at sections 1902(a)(43) and 1905(r) of the Act, please go to Section 6.2.3- MHPAEA to complete the required parity analysis of the State child health plan. Guidance: If the State child health plan does not provide EPSDT consistent with

supporting documentation, such as contract language, provider manuals, and/or member handbooks describing the state's provision of EPSDT. regulations of 42 CFR 457.496(b) related to deemed compliance. Please provide requirements of section 2103(c)(6)(B) of the Act and the mental health parity please continue this section to demonstrate compliance with the statutory If the state does provide EPSDT benefits consistent with Medicaid requirements,

6.2.2.2- N	6.2.2.2- MHPAEA EPSDT benefits are provided to the following:
	All children covered under the State child health plan.
	A subset of children covered under the State child health plan.
	Please describe the different populations (if applicable) covered under the State child health plan that are provided EPSDT benefits consistent with Medicaid statutory requirements
	Guidance: If only a subset of children are provided EPSDT benefits under the State child health plan, 42 CFR 457.496(b)(3) limits deemed compliance to those children only and Section 6.2.3- MHPAEA must be completed as well as the
	required parity analysis for the other children.

the separate State child health plan: must provide EPSDT in accordance with sections 1902(a)(43) and 1905(r) of the Act (42 CFR 457.496(b)). 6.2.2.3- MHPAEA The State assures each of the following for children eligible for EPSDT under To be deemed compliant with the MHPAEA parity requirements, States -

meets reasonable standards of medical or dental practice as well as when medically	disorder conditions, are provided at intervals that align with a periodicity schedule that	All screening services, including screenings for mental health and substance use

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necessary to determine the existence of suspected illness or conditions. (Section $1905(r)$)
All diagnostic services described in 1905(a) of the Act are provided as needed to diagnose suspected conditions or illnesses discovered through screening services, whether or not those services are covered under the Medicaid state plan. (Section 1905(r))
All items and services described in section 1905(a) of the Act are provided when needed to correct or ameliorate a defect or any physical or mental illnesses and conditions discovered by the screening services, whether or not such services are covered under the Medicaid State plan. (Section 1905(r)(5))
Treatment limitations applied to services provided under the EPSDT benefit are not limited based on a monetary cap or budgetary constraints and may be exceeded as medically necessary to correct or ameliorate a medical or physical condition or illness. (Section $1905(r)(5)$)
\square Non-quantitative treatment limitations, such as definitions of medical necessity or criteria for medical necessity, are applied in an individualized manner that does not preclude coverage of any items or services necessary to correct or ameliorate any medical or physical condition or illness. (Section 1905(r)(5))
\square EPSDT benefits are not excluded on the basis of any condition, disorder, or diagnosis. (Section 1905(r)(5))
☐ The provision of all requested EPSDT screening services, as well as any corrective treatments needed based on those screening services, are provided or arranged for as necessary. (Section 1902(a)(43))
All families with children eligible for the EPSDT benefit under the separate State child health plan are provided information and informed about the full range of services available to them. (Section 1902(a)(43)(A))

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are offered EPSDT, the State must conduct a parity analysis of the benefit packages plan population, please continue to Section 6.3. If not all of the covered populations provided to those populations. Guidance: For states seeking deemed compliance for their entire State child health Please continue to 6.2.3- MHPAEA.

Populations Mental Health Parity Analysis Requirements for States Not Providing EPSDT to All Covered

states should perform a parity analysis for each of the benefit packages. For example, if different Guidance: The State must complete a parity analysis for each population under the State child health plan that is not provided the EPSDT benefit consistent with the requirements 42 CFR 457.496(b). If needed for the benefit package provided at each income level. the State provides benefits or limitations that vary within the child or pregnant woman populations, <u>financial requirements are applied according to a beneficiary's income, a separate parity analysis is</u>

the parity analysis are also made in Section 6.2. Please ensure that changes made to benefit limitations under the State child health plan as a result of

- 457.496(d)(2)(ii); 42 CFR 457.496(d)(3)(ii)(B)) one of four classifications: Inpatient, outpatient, emergency care, and prescription drugs. (42 CFR and mental health and substance use disorder benefits covered under the State child health plan into 6.2.3- MHPAEA In order to conduct the parity analysis, the State must place all medical/surgical
- one of the four classifications. 6.2.3.1 MHPAEA Please describe below the standard(s) used to place covered benefits into

order/certification for a >24-hour admission to a facility. when a physician (or other qualified provider as applicable) has written an Inpatient: All covered services or items (including medications) provided to a member

order/certification for a >24-hour admission, and does not meet the definition of in a setting that does not require a physician (or other qualified provider as applicable) Outpatient: All covered services or items (including medications) provided to a member emergency care.

setting other than an inpatient setting. emergency department setting or to stabilize an emergency/crisis, when provided in a Emergency Care: All covered services or items (including medications) provided in an

requiring a prescription, and services delivered by a pharmacist who works in a free-Pharmacy/Prescription Drugs: Covered medications, drugs, and associated supplies

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standing pharmacy.

6.2.3.1.1 MHPAEA The State assures that:
∑ The State has classified all benefits covered under the State plan into one of the four classifications.
☐ The same reasonable standards are used for determining the classification for a mental health or substance use disorder benefit as are used for determining the classification of medical/surgical benefits.
6.2.3.1.2- MHPAEA Does the State use sub-classifications to distinguish between office visits and other outpatient services?
☐ Yes
\boxtimes No
6.2.3.1.2.1- MHPAEA If the State uses sub-classifications to distinguish between outpatient office visits and other outpatient services, the State assures the following:
☐ The sub-classifications are only used to distinguish office visits from other outpatient items and services, and are not used to distinguish between similar services on other bases (ex: generalist vs. specialist visits).
Guidance: For purposes of this section, any reference to "classification(s)" includes sub-classification(s) in states using sub-classifications to distinguish between outpatient office visits from other outpatient services.
6.2.3.2 MHPAEA The State assures that:
\boxtimes Mental health / substance use disorder benefits are provided in all classifications in which medical/surgical benefits are provided under the State child health plan.
Guidance: States are not required to cover mental health or substance use disorder

medical/surgical benefits are covered under the State child health plan (42 CFR disorder benefits must be provided in all the same classifications in which health or substance use disorder benefits, those mental health or substance use benefits (42 CFR 457.496(f)(2)). However if a state does provide any mental

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457.496(d)(2)(ii).

Annual and Aggregate Lifetime Dollar Limits

substance use disorder benefits must comply with parity requirements related to annual and aggregate lifetime dollar limits for benefits covered under the State child health plan. (42 CFR 457.496(c)) 6.2.4- MHPAEA A State that provides both medical/surgical benefits and mental health and/or

covered under the State child health plan. limit and/or an annual dollar limit on any mental health or substance abuse disorder benefits 6.2.4.1- MHPAEA Please indicate whether the State applies an aggregate lifetime dollar

Aggregate lifetime dollar limit is applied
Aggregate annual dollar limit is applied
⊠ No dollar limit is applied
Guidance: A monetary coverage limit that applies to all CHIP services provided under the State child health plan is not subject to parity requirements.
If there are no aggregate lifetime or annual dollar limits on any mental health or substance use disorder benefits, please go to section 6.2.5- MHPAEA.

please specify what type of limits apply. 6.2.4.2- MHPAEA health plan that have either an aggregate lifetime dollar limit or an annual dollar limit? If yes, Are there any medical/surgical benefits covered under the State child

Yes (Type(s) of limit:)
$\bigotimes N_0$
Guidance: If no aggregate lifetime dollar limit is applied to medical/surgical benefits.
the State may not impose an aggregate lifetime dollar limit on any mental health or
substance use disorder benefits. If no aggregate annual dollar limit is applied to
medical/surgical benefits, the State may not impose an aggregate annual dollar limit
on any mental health or substance use disorder benefits. (42 CFR 457.496(c)(1))

whether the portion of the medical/surgical benefits to which the limit applies is less than onemedical/surgical benefits and mental health or substance use disorder benefits must determine 6.2.4.3 - MHPAEA. States applying an aggregate lifetime or annual dollar limit on third, at least one-third but less than two-thirds, or at least two-thirds of all medical/surgical

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benefits covered under the State plan (457.496(c)).

aggregate lifetime or annual dollar limits (457.496(c)(3)). expected to be paid for all medical/surgical benefits under the State plan for the State plan year or portion of the plan year after a change in benefits that affects the applicability of the The portion of medical/surgical benefits subject to the limit is based on the dollar amount

lifetime and/or annual dollar limit, as applicable. portion of covered medical/surgical benefits which are subject to the aggregate] The State assures that it has developed a reasonable methodology to calculate the

medical/surgical benefits which are subject to the aggregate lifetime and/or annual Guidance: Please include the state's methodology to calculate the portion of covered dollar limit, as applicable, as an attachment to the State child health plan.

surgical benefits covered under the State plan which are subject to a lifetime dollar **6.2.4.3.1- MHPAEA** Please indicate the portion of the total costs for medical and

At least 2/3	At least 1/3 and less than 2/3	Less than 1/3
	/3	

surgical benefits covered under the State plan which are subject to an annual dollar **6.2.4.3.2- MHPAEA** Please indicate the portion of the total costs for medical and

Less than 1/3 At least 1/3 and less than 2/3 At least 2/3

disorder benefits (§457.496(c)(1)). Skip to section 6.2.5-MHPAEA may not impose an annual dollar limit on any mental health or substance use on any mental health or substance use disorder benefits. medical/surgical benefits, the State may not impose an aggregate lifetime limit Guidance: If an aggregate lifetime limit is applied to less than one-third of all limit is applied to less than one-third of all medical surgical benefits, the State If an annual dollar

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medical/surgical benefits that are subject to either an annual or lifetime limit. assurances related to the determination of the portion of total costs for third of all medical/surgical benefits, please continue below to provide the If the State applies an aggregate lifetime or annual dollar limit to at least one-

medical/surgical benefits, the State assures the following annual dollar limit to at least 1/3 and less than 2/3 of all **6.2.4.3.2.1- MHPAEA** If the State applies an aggregate lifetime or $(\S\$457.496(c)(4)(i)(B); 457.496(c)(4)(ii)):$ state's methodology as an attachment to the State child health medical/surgical benefits. more restrictive than an average limit calculated for on mental health or substance use disorder benefits that is no $\S\S457.496(c)(4)(i)(B)$ and 457.496(c)(4)(ii). Please include the limit for medical/surgical benefits must be consistent with Guidance: The state's methodology for calculating the average The State applies an aggregate lifetime or annual dollar limit

are subject to an annual or lifetime limit, the State assures either of the following (§457.496(c)(2)(i); (§457.496(c)(2)(ii)): 6.2.4.3.2.2- MHPAEA If at least 2/3 of all medical/surgical benefits

Quantitative Treatment Limitations

health or substance use disorder benefits in any classification of benefits? If yes, specify the 6.2.5- MHPAEA Does the State apply quantitative treatment limitations (QTLs) on any mental

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assification(s) of benefits in which the State applies one or more QTLs on any mental health or ibstance use disorder benefits.

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Yes (Specify:

use disorder benefits, the state must conduct a parity analysis. Please continue. continue to Section 6.2.6 - MHPAEA. If the state does apply QTLs to any mental health or substance disorder benefits in any classification, the state meets parity requirements for QTLs and should Guidance: If the state does not apply any type of QTLs on any mental health or substance use

6.2.5.1- MHPAEA treatment limitations. disorder benefits, please go to Section 6.2.6- MHPAEA related to non-quantitative may not impose quantitative treatment limitations on mental health or substance use Guidance: If the State does not apply QTLs on any medical/surgical benefits, the State N_O Does the State apply any type of QTL on any medical/surgical benefits?

expected to be made by MCEs contracting with the State. (§457.496(d)(3)(i)(C)) plan includes payments expected to be made directly by the State and payments which are the plan year. For purposes of this paragraph all payments expected to be paid under the State amount expected to be paid for all medical and surgical benefits within the classification for quantitative treatment limitation to any medical/surgical benefits in the class) to (b) the dollar classification which are subject to the type quantitative treatment limitation for the plan year expected to be paid under the State plan for medical and surgical benefits within a QTL on any mental health or substance use disorder benefits, the State must determine the (or portion of the plan year after a mid-year change affecting the applicability of a type of More specifically, the State must determine the ratio of (a) the dollar amount of all payments proportion of medical and surgical benefits in the class which are subject to the limitation. 6.2.5.2- MHPAEA Within each classification of benefits in which the State applies a type of

State applies QTLs to mental health or substance use disorder benefits. amounts used in the ratio described above for each classification within which the (§457.496(d)(3)(i)(E)) The State assures it has applied a reasonable methodology to determine the dollar

Guidance: Please include the state's methodology as an attachment to the State child

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health plan.

same classification? (§457.496(d)(3)(i)(A)) "substantially all" (defined as at least two-thirds) of the medical/surgical benefits within the disorder benefits within a given classification, does the State apply the same type of QTL to 6.2.5.3- MHPAEA For each type of QTL applied to any mental health or substance use

\square Yes
□No
Guidance: If the State does not apply a type of QTL to substantially all medical/surgical benefits in a given classification of benefits, the State may <i>not</i> impose that type of QTL on mental health or substance use disorder benefits in that classification. (§457.496(d)(3)(i)(A))
6.2.5.3.1- MHPAEA For each type of QTL applied to mental health or substance use disorder benefits, the State must determine the predominant level of that type which is applied to medical/surgical benefits in the classification. The "predominant level" of a type of OTL in a classification is the level (or least restrictive of a
combination of levels) that applies to more than one-half of the medical/surgical benefits in that classification, as described in §§457.496(d)(3)(i)(B). The portion of medical/surgical benefits in a classification to which a given level of a QTL type is applied is based on the dollar amount of payments expected to be paid for medical/surgical benefits subject to that level as compared to all medical/surgical benefits in the classification as described in §457.496(d)(3)(i)(C). For each type of
benefits, the State assures:
☐ The same reasonable methodology applied in determining the dollar amounts used to determine whether substantially all medical/surgical benefits within a classification are subject to a type of quantitative treatment limitation also is applied in determining the dollar amounts used to determine the predominant level of a type of quantitative treatment limitation applied to medical/surgical benefits within a classification. (§457.496(d)(3)(i)(E))
☐ The level of each type of quantitative treatment limitation applied by the State to mental health or substance use disorder benefits in any classification is
no more restrictive than the predominate level of that type which is applied by the State to medical/surgical benefits within the same classification.
(§457.496(d)(2)(i))

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combined levels are applied to at least half of all medical/surgical benefits within a classification; the predominate level is the least restrictive level of the threshold, the State may combine levels within a type of QTL such that the Guidance: If there is no single level of a type of QTL that exceeds the one-half levels combined to meet the one-half threshold (\$457.496(d)(3)(i)(B)(2)).

Non-Quantitative Treatment Limitations

- the mental health parity requirements. (42 CFR 457.496(d)(4)); (42 CFR 457.496(d)(5)) **6.2.6- MHPAEA** health or substance use disorder benefits, but the State must ensure that those NQTLs comply with all The State may utilize non-quantitative treatment limitations (NQTLs) for mental
- **6.2.6.1 MHPAEA** If the State imposes any NQTLs, complete this subsection. If the State does not impose NQTLs, please go to Section 6.2.7-MHPAEA.
- standards or other factors used in the application of NQTLs to medical/surgical disorder benefits are no more stringent than the processes, strategies, evidentiary benefits within the same classification. factors used in the application of any NQTL to mental health or substance use oxtimes The State assures that the processes, strategies, evidentiary standards or other

exclude benefits based on medical necessity, restrictions based on geographic location, States will need to provide a summary of its NQTL analysis, as well as supporting provider network design (ex: preferred providers vs. participating providers). provider specialty, or other criteria to limit the scope or duration of benefits and Guidance: Examples of NQTLs include medical management standards to limit or documentation as requested. Additional examples of possible NQTLs are provided in 42 CFR 457.496(d)(4)(ii).

- they provide coverage of medical or surgical benefits furnished by out-of-network providers. **6.2.6.2 – MHPAEA** The State or MCE contracting with the State must comply with parity if
- coverage of medical or surgical benefits provided by out-of-network providers? 6.2.6.2.1- MHPAEA Does the State or MCE contracting with the State provide

Ye

 \times

services in specific circumstances, such as emergency care, or when the network is Guidance: The State can answer no if the State or MCE only provides out of network unable to provide a necessary service covered under the contract

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6.2.6.2.2- MHPAEA If yes, the State must provide access to out-of-network providers for mental health or substance use disorder benefits. Please assure the following:
The State attests that when determining access to out-of-network provider within a benefit classification, the processes, strategies, evidentiary standards or other factors used to determine access to those providers for mental health substance use disorder benefits are comparable to and applied no more stringently than the processes, strategies, evidentiary standards or other factor used to determine access for out- of-network providers for medical/surgical benefits.
Availability of Plan Information 6.2.7- MHPAEA The State must provide beneficiaries, potential enrollees, and providers with information related to medical necessity criteria and denials of payment or reimbursement for menta health or substance use disorder services (42 CFR 457.496(e)) in addition to existing notice requirements at 42 CFR 457.1180.
6.2.7.1- MHPAEA Medical necessity criteria determinations must be made available to any current or potential enrollee or contracting provider, upon request. The state attests that the following entities provide this information:
☐ State
☐ Managed Care entities☒ Both
6.2.7.2- MHPAEA Reason for any denial for reimbursement or payment for mental health or substance use disorder benefits must be made available to the enrollee by the health plan or the State. The state attests that the following entities provide denial information:
☐ State
⊠ Both
Guidance: Under Title XXI, pre-existing condition exclusions are not allowed, with the only

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exception being in relation to another law in existence (HIPAA/ERISA). Indicate that the plan adheres to this requirement by checking the applicable description.

pre-existing conditions. (Formerly 8.6.) provides benefits through group health coverage, describe briefly any limitations on permitted by HIPAA/ERISA. If the State is contracting with a group health plan or waiver (see Section 6.4.2.), pre-existing condition limits are allowed to the extent health coverage, or provides family coverage through a group health plan under a In the event that the State provides benefits through a group health plan or group

- 6.3 two statements applies to its plan: (42CFR 457.480) The state assures that, with respect to pre-existing medical conditions, one of the following
- $6.3.1. \times$ condition exclusion for covered services (Section 2102(b)(1)(B)(ii)); OR The state shall not permit the imposition of any pre-existing medical
- The state contracts with a group health plan or group health insurance 2103(f)). Previously 8.6. Please describe: conditions are permitted to the extent allowed by HIPAA/ERISA (Section under a waiver (see Section 6.4.2. of the template). Pre-existing medical coverage, or contracts with a group health plan to provide family coverage
- 6.4 cost effective alternatives or the purchase of family coverage, it must request the appropriate Additional Purchase Options. If the state wishes to provide services under the plan through (42 CFR 457.1005 and 457.1010) To be approved, the state must address the following: (Section 2105(c)(2) and(3))
- plan, if it demonstrates the following (42CFR 457.1005(a)): the plan; and 4) other reasonable costs incurred by the state to administer the expenditures for outreach activities as provided in section 2102(c)(1) under (including targeted low-income children and other low-income children); 3) services initiatives under the plan for improving the health of children assistance for targeted low-income children; 2) expenditures for health 10% limitation on use of funds for payments for: 1) other child health Cost Effective Coverage. Payment may be made to a state in excess of the
- 6.4.1.1. cross reference section 6.2.1 - 6.2.28. (Section 2105(c)(2)(B)(i)) coverage provided by the alternative delivery system. The state may expenditures must meet the coverage requirements above. Describe the Coverage provided to targeted low-income children through such (42CFR 457.1005(b))

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6.4.1.2an average per child basis. (Section 2105(c)(2)(B)(ii)) (42CFR The cost of such coverage must not be greater, on an average per child 457.1005(b)) the coverage described above. Describe the cost of such coverage on basis, than the cost of coverage that would otherwise be provided for

Guidance: Check below if the State is requesting to provide cost-effective

such as through contracts with health centers receiving funds under allows the State to waive the 10 percent limitation on expenditures not Section 1886(c)(5)(F) or 1923. provided through the use of a community-based health delivery system. otherwise be provided under Section 2103; and such coverage is on an average per child basis, than the cost of coverage that would to targeted low-income children through such expenditures meets the used for Medicaid or health insurance assistance if coverage provided coverage through a community-based health delivery system. This Section 330 of the Public Health Services Act or with hospitals such as requirements of Section 2103; the cost of such coverage is not greater, those that receive disproportionate share payment adjustments under

457.1005(a)) costs incurred by the State to administer the plan. (42CFR. provided in Section 2102(c)(1) under the plan; and other reasonable other low-income children); expenditures for outreach activities as expenditures for health services initiatives under the plan for improving used for other child health assistance for targeted low-income children; demonstrate that payments in excess of the 10 percent limitation will be the health of children (including targeted low-income children and If the cost-effective alternative waiver is requested, the State must

6.4.1.3. with hospitals such as those that receive disproportionate share The coverage must be provided through the use of a community-based 2105(c)(2)(B)(iii)) (42CFR 457.1005(a)) Security Act. Describe the community based delivery system. (Section payment adjustments under section 1886(c)(5)(F) or 1923 of the Social receiving funds under section 330 of the Public Health Service Act or health delivery system, such as through contracts with health centers

establishes to the Secretary's satisfaction that: 1) when compared to the amount of State requesting to purchase such coverage will need to include information that Guidance: Check 6.4.2. if the State is requesting to purchase family coverage. Any

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comparable package, the purchase of family coverage is cost effective; and 2) the money that would have been paid to cover only the children involved with a to the child. (Section 2105(c)(3)) (42CFR 457.1010) purchase of family coverage is not a substitution for coverage already being provided

Purchase of Family Coverage. Describe the plan to purchase family coverage 2105(c)(3)) (42CFR 457.1010) targeted low-income children, if it demonstrates the following: (Section group health plan or health insurance coverage that includes coverage of Payment may be made to a state for the purpose of family coverage under a

Select is to provide coverage for eligible children under their parents' insurance through their employer may be eligible for premium employer-sponsored plan. Any coverage of individuals not eligible for assistance for the purchase of their employer-sponsored health insurance if certain conditions are met. However, the goal of FAMIS The families of targeted low-income children who have access to health FAMIS is incidental.

- Purchase of family coverage is cost-effective. The State's cost of of other CHIP coverage for these children or families, done on a casefor children or families under premium assistance programs to the cost an assessment of the cost of coverage, including administrative costs, and (2) The State may base its demonstration of cost effectiveness on plan for all eligible targeted low-income children or families involved; must not be greater than the cost of obtaining coverage under the State by-case basis, or on the cost of premium assisted coverage in the family involved (as applicable) under premium assistance programs includes coverage for the targeted low-income children involved or the purchasing family coverage, including administrative expenditures, that
- substitute for health insurance coverage that would be provided to 2105(c)(3)(B)) (42CFR 457.1010(b)) such children but for the purchase of family coverage. (Section The state assures that the family coverage would not otherwise
- title XXI requirements. (42CFR 457.1010(c)) The state assures that the coverage for the family otherwise meets

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6.5-Vaccine coverages

Guidance: should also check box 6.5.3. 6.5.2. States that elect to cover the from-conception-to-end-of-pregnancy elect to cover pregnant individuals under the State plan should also check box population (previously referred to as the "unborn") option under the State plan the State plan (indicated in Section 4.1) should check box 6.5.1. States that administration, without cost sharing. States that elect to cover children under States are required to provide coverage for age-appropriate vaccines and their

- 6.5.1 coverage for age-appropriate vaccines and their administration in accordance with the recommendations of the Advisory Committee on Immunization 457.410(b)(2) and 457.520(b)(4)). Practices (ACIP), without cost sharing. (Section 2103(c)(1)(D)) (42CFR Vaccine coverage for targeted-low-income children. X The State provides
- 6.5.2 June 27, 2023); (Section 2103(c)(12)) ACIP, and their administration, without cost sharing. (SHO # 23-003, issued State provides coverage for approved adult vaccines recommended by the Vaccine coverage for targeted-low-income pregnant individuals.

sharing, to FAMIS MOMS beneficiaries. recommended by the ACIP, and their administration, without cost women. The state provides coverage for approved adult vaccines MOMS reflects the Medicaid state plan covered benefits for pregnant Under the terms of the demonstration, the benefit package for FAMIS individuals, is provided under Section 1115 demonstration authority. FAMIS MOMS, Virginia's coverage for targeted low-income pregnant

the ACIP, without cost-sharing, to benefit the unborn child. option. M The state provides coverage for age appropriate (child or adult) vaccines and their administration in accordance with the recommendations of Vaccine coverage for from-conception-to-end-of-pregnancy population

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Section 7. Quality and Appropriateness of Care

expanded eligibility under the state's Medicaid plan, and continue on to Section 8. \square Check here if the state elects to use funds provided under Title XXI only to provide

7.1. child care, and immunizations provided under the plan. (2102(a)(7)(A)) (42CFR quality and appropriateness of care, particularly with respect to well-baby care, well-Describe the methods (including external and internal monitoring) used to assure the 457.495(a))

quality services that are appropriate to their needs. These methods may include the The Commonwealth will use numerous methods to assure that FAMIS enrollees receive

- maintain quality assurance and quality improvement programs. Verification that contracted managed care organizations (MCOs) develop and
- procedures to ensure that children have access to routine, urgent, and emergency Verification that contracted MCOs have sufficient network providers and
- provide access to a grievance process to appeal a plan action. Verification that contracted MCOs maintain a member complaint system and

(Check all that apply and describe the activities for any categories utilized.) Will the State utilize any of the following tools to assure quality?

7.1.1. ⊠ Quality standards

improvement programs. Contracted MCOs are required to follow standards established by the Commonwealth in the development and maintenance of their quality

7.1.2. ⊠ Performance measurement

7.1.2(a) ⊠ CHIPRA Quality Core Set 7.1.2(b) ⊠ Other

- A. Submission of a quality improvement plan.
- **B**. Adherence to NCQA, JCAHO, or other nationally recognized accrediting organization.
- C. Results of HEDIS or other.

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D. CAHPS Survey.

E. Clinical focus studies.

7.1.3. \boxtimes Information strategies

was enrolled, and the percentage of two-year-old children who have recommendations. received each immunization specified in the most current ACIP according to the benefits schedule, during the period that each child percentage of children who received all expected well child visits DMAS annually requires managed care organizations to report the management system to meet DMAS data collection requirements. compliance with access standards set forth by DMAS and a data Each managed care organization will establish a system to monitor

7.1.4. \boxtimes Quality improvement strategies

Health insurers may perform the following:

- P Documentation of current MCHIP quality certification or documentation of a comparable accreditation.
- **B** Develop and maintain a Quality Improvement Program (QIP) which meets standards and reporting requirements set out by the Commonwealth.
- Ω care. Managed care organizations must show implementation of utilization management (UM) program that reflects the National Managed care organizations are required to have a written performance improvement projects as well as cooperate with Cooperate and show compliance with the DMAS Quality grievances. an approved system to monitor and address complaints and mechanisms to detect underutilization and/or overutilization of Committee for Quality Assurance standards to include DMAS or a designated agent in conducting quality reviews. reporting of performance measures and the implementation of Improvement Program, which may require calculation and
- 7.2. Describe the methods used, including monitoring, to assure: (2102(a)(7)(B)) (42 CFR 457.495)
- 7.2.1 Access to well-baby care, well-child care, well-adolescent care and childhood and adolescent immunizations. (Section 2102(a)(7)) (42CFR 457.495(a))

Each MCO will meet the requirements by the contract with DMAS to ensure

STATE: Virginia

services to enrollees and ensuring that the delivery system provides available, accordance with the most current Advisory Committee on Immunization provide services as established by recognized clinically approved guidelines care by providers specializing in early childhood and youth services. MCOs provision of covered services. The MCO provides or otherwise arranges accessible and adequate numbers of facilities, locations and personnel for the By contract MCOs are responsible for arranging and administering covered access to well-baby care, well adolescent care, and childhood immunizations. Committee recommendations. Practices (ACIP) or the American Academy of Pediatrics Advisory for standards of care. MCOs ensure that immunizations are rendered in

7.2.2 Access to covered services, including emergency services as defined in 42 CFR 457.10. (Section 2102(a)(7)) 42CFR 457.495(b))

adequate numbers of facilities, locations, and personnel for the provision of arrange care by providers specializing in early childhood and youth services. covered services. The health plan must include in its network or otherwise and ensuring that its delivery system provides available, accessible, and responsible for arranging for and administering covered services to enrollees to routine, urgent, and emergency care. Each health plan is solely Commonwealth establishes standards and reporting requirements for access throughout their service area for routine, urgent, and emergency care. The MCOs are required to demonstrate their ability to monitor network capacity

7.2.3 enrollee's medical condition. (Section 2102(a)(7)) (42CFR 457.495(c)) access to out-of-network providers when the network is not adequate for the of visits to specialists experienced in treating the specific medical condition and complex, or serious medical conditions, including access to an adequate number Appropriate and timely procedures to monitor and treat enrollees with chronic,

MCOs with regard to access to care. The State monitors complaints received by DMAS, the Call Center, or

child regardless of the medical condition. Each MCO must have, at a respiratory conditions such as asthma, heart disease, diabetes, co-occurring health status of members diagnosed with the following conditions: minimum, complex care management programs that focus on improving the provide access to all covered services, including specialty services, to any population or as a special population under the FAMIS State Plan. MCOs Children with special health care needs are not considered a separate mental health/behavioral health conditions, and cancer.

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services or necessary supplementary resources are not available in the plan's facilities or by practitioners outside the plan's network if the needed medical pre-existing conditions. MCOs cover and pay for services furnished in present prior to being assigned the enrollee; thus the MCO will manage all provision of services regardless if a medical condition and/or diagnosis was complex or serious medical conditions. The MCO is responsible for the appropriateness of services for all enrollees including those with chronic, for monitoring and reporting access to services, timeliness of services, and appointment standards and meet requirements determined by the contract Each MCO must arrange to provide care according to established

disability or type of illness or condition. otherwise discriminate against a patient based on physical or mental MCOs are not permitted to refuse an assignment or disenroll a patient or

7.2.4 CFR 457.495(d)) within 14 days after the receipt of a request for services. (Section 2102(a)(7)) (42 accordance with State law or, in accordance with the medical needs of the patient, Decisions related to the prior authorization of health services are completed in

health insurance plans. consistent with the standards set by the regulations governing managed care Prior authorization of health decisions is made in accordance with State law,

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ection 8. Cost Sharing and Payment (Section 2103(e)	Cost Sharing and Payment (Secti
Cost Sharing and Payment (Section 2103)	Cost Sharing and Payment (Secti
Cost Sharing and Payment (Section 2103)	Cost Sharing and Payment (Secti
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- 457.505) Indicate if this also applies for pregnant women. (CHIPRA #2, SHO # 09-006, issued May 11, 2009) Is cost-sharing imposed on any of the children covered under the plan? (42CFR
- 8.1.1. Yes
 8.1.2. No. s
- $\mathbf{.2.}$ No, skip to question 8.8

Guidance: issued May 11, 2009) (Section 2103(e)(1)(A)) (42CFR 457.505(a), 457.510(b) and sharing will be charged for pregnancy-related services. (CHIPRA #2, SHO # 09-006) exceed 5 percent of a family's income per year. Include a statement that no cost implemented by regulations at 42 CFR 447.50 - 447.59). For families with incomes of sharing limitations have been set forth in Section 1916 of the Social Security Act, as It is important to note that for families below 150 percent of poverty, the same limitations on cost sharing that are under the Medicaid program apply. (These cost-(c), 457.515(a) and (c)) 150 percent of poverty and above, cost sharing for all children in the family cannot

- **8.2**. charge is imposed or time period for the charge, as appropriate. (Section 2103(e)(1)(A)) (42 CFR 457.505(a), 457.510(b) &(c), 457.515(a)&(c)) groups of enrollees that may be subject to the charge and the service for which the Describe the amount of cost-sharing, any sliding scale based on income, the group or
- **8.2.1.** Premiums:

None. Effective April 15, 2002, Virginia temporarily suspended premiums. Effective September 1, 2002, the FAMIS program permanently removed premiums.

- **8.2.2.** Deductibles:
- None.
- **8.2.3.** Coinsurance or copayments:

Co-payments are removed for all FAMIS populations effective July 1,

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	8.2.4. Other
None.	Other

Guidance: **%**.ა The State should be able to demonstrate upon request its rationale and justification differences based on income. (Section 2103(e)((1)(A)) (42 CFR 457.505(b)) sharing (including the cumulative maximum) and changes to these amounts and any Describe how the public will be notified, including the public schedule, of this cost-

plan will remain capped at five percent of the beneficiary's income as required by 42 CFR **8.4.3-** MHPAEA Cost sharing applied to benefits provided under the State child health regardless of whether a drug is generally prescribed for medical/surgical benefits or mental applied to different tiers of prescription drugs are determined based on reasonable factors, disorder benefits compared to medical/surgical benefits. (42 CFR 457.496(d)(3)(iii)) requirements, as defined in 42 CFR 457.496(a), for mental health and substance abuse **8.4**. 457.560 (42 CFR 457.496(d)(3)(i)(D)). health/substance use disorder benefits. (42 CFR 457.496(d)(3)(ii)(A)) **8.4.2-** MHPAEA **8.4.1-** MHPAEA 8.4.2. 8.4.3. sharing in its plan: (Section 2103(e)) The state assures that it has made the following findings with respect to the cost certain expenditures and requirements for maintenance of effort. regarding these assurances. services delivered outside the network. (Section 2103(e)(1)(A)) (42 CFR No additional cost-sharing applies to the costs of emergency medical appropriate immunizations. (Section 2103(e)(2)) (42 CFR 457.520) No cost-sharing applies to well-baby and well-child care, including agelower income families. (Section 2103(e)(1)(B)) (42 CFR 457.530) 457.515(f)) Cost-sharing does not favor children from higher income families over There is no separate accumulation of cumulative financial If applicable, any different levels of financial requirements that are This section also addresses limitations on payments for

substance use disorder benefits? If yes, specify the classification(s) of benefits in which the 8.4.4- MHPAEA Does the State apply financial requirements to any mental health or

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State applies financial requirements on any mental health or substance use disorder benefits
Yes (Specify: inpatient, emergency, pharmacy)
□ No
Guidance: For the purposes of parity, financial requirements include deductibles, copayments, coinsurance, and out of pocket maximums; premiums are excluded from the definition. If the state does not apply financial requirements on any mental health or substance use disorder benefits, the state meets parity requirements for financial requirements. If the state does apply financial requirements to mental health or substance use disorder benefits, the state must conduct a parity analysis. Please continue below.
Please ensure that changes made to financial requirements under the State child health plan as a result of the parity analysis are also made in Section 8.2.
8.4.5- MHPAEA Does the State apply any type of financial requirements on any medical/surgical benefits?
☐ Yes
No
Guidance: If the State does not apply financial requirements on any medical/surgical benefits, the State may not impose financial requirements on mental health or substance use disorder benefits.
8.4.6- MHPAEA Within each classification of benefits in which the State applies a type of financial requirement on any mental health or substance use disorder benefits, the State must determine the portion of medical and surgical benefits in the class which are subject to the limitation.
☐ The State assures it has applied a reasonable methodology to determine the dollar amounts used in the ratio described above (Section 6.2.5.2-MHPAEA) for each classification or within which the State applies financial requirements to mental health or substance use disorder benefits. (42 CFR 457.496(d)(3)(i)(E))
Guidance: Please include the state's methodology as an attachment to the State child health plan.

8.4.7- MHPAEA For each type of financial requirement applied to any mental health or substance use disorder benefits within a given classification, does the State apply the same

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type o medic	type of financial requirement to at least two-thirds ("substantially all") of all the medical/surgical benefits within the same classification? (42 CFR 457.496(d)(3)(i)(A))
	☐ Yes
	□No
	Guidance: If the State does not apply a type of financial requirement to substantially all medical/surgical benefits in a given classification of benefits, the State may <i>not</i> impose financial requirements on mental health or substance use disorder benefits in that classification. (42 CFR 457.496(d)(3)(i)(A))
8.4.8- medic (as de: benefi all me	8.4.8- MHPAEA For each type of financial requirement applied to substantially all medical/surgical benefits in a classification, the State must determine the predominant level (as defined in 42 CFR 457.496(d)(3)(i)(B)) of that type which is applied to medical/surgical benefits in the classification. For each type of financial requirement applied to substantially all medical/surgical benefits in a classification, the State assures:
	The same reasonable methodology applied in determining the dollar amounts used in determining whether substantially all medical/surgical benefits within a classification are subject to a type of financial requirement also is applied in determining the dollar amounts used to determine the predominant level of a type of financial requirement applied to medical/surgical benefits within a classification. (42 CFR 457.496(d)(3)(i)(E))
	☐ The level of each type of financial requirement applied by the State to mental health or substance use disorder benefits in any classification is no more restrictive than the predominant level of that type which is applied by the State to medical/surgical benefits within the same classification. (42 CFR 457.496(d)(2)(i))
	Guidance: If there is no single level of a type of financial requirement that exceeds the one-half threshold, the State may combine levels within a type of financial requirement such that the combined levels are applied to at least half of all medical/surgical benefits within a classification; the predominant level is the least restrictive level of the levels combined to meet the one-half threshold. (42 CFR 457.496(d)(3)(i)(B)(2))
8. 5.	Describe how the state will ensure that the annual aggregate cost-sharing for a family does not exceed 5 percent of such family's income for the length of the child's eligibility period in the State. Include a description of the procedures that do not primarily rely on a refund given by the state for overpayment by an enrollee: (Section 2103(e)(3)(B)) (42CFR 457.560(b) and 457.505(e))

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- 8.6 excluded from cost-sharing. (Section 2103(b)(3)(D)) (42CFR 457.535) the Indian Health Care Improvement Act of 1976) and Alaska Native children will be Describe the procedures the state will use to ensure American Indian (as defined by
- **8.7** Please provide a description of the consequences for an enrollee or applicant who does not pay a charge. (42CFR 457.570 and 457.505(c))

Guidance: and efficient manner that is coordinated with other sources of health benefits coverage of title XXI is to provide funds to States to enable them to initiate and expand the for children. provision of child health assistance to uninsured, low-income children in an effective Section 8.7.1 is based on Section 2101(a) of the Act which provides that the purpose

- 8.7.1 Please provide an assurance that the following disenrollment protections are being applied:
- Guidance: Provide a description below of the State's premium grace period process and to payment of premiums. (Section 2103(e)(3)(C)) how the State notifies families of their rights and responsibilities with respect
- 8.7.1.1coinsurance, deductibles or similar fees prior to disenrollment. (42CFR and an opportunity to pay past due premiums, copayments, State has established a process that gives enrollees reasonable notice of 457.570(a))
- 8.7.1.2. The disenrollment process affords the enrollee an opportunity to show for non-payment of cost-sharing charges. (42CFR 457.570(b)) that the enrollee's family income has declined prior to disenrollment
- 8.7.1.3. appropriate. (42CFR 457.570(b)) In the instance mentioned above, that the State will facilitate enrolling the child in Medicaid or adjust the child's cost-sharing category as
- 8.7.1.4 review to address disenrollment from the program. (42CFR 457.570(c)) The State provides the enrollee with an opportunity for an impartial
- . 8 8.8.1. aspects of its plan: (Section 2103(e)) The state assures that it has made the following findings with respect to the payment No Federal funds will be used toward state matching requirements

(Section 2105(c)(4)) (42CFR 457.220)

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- 8.8.2. X No cost-sharing (including premiums, deductibles, copays, coinsurance and all other types) will be used toward state matching requirements. (Section 2105(c)(5) (42CFR 457.224) (*Previously 8.4.5*)
- **8.8.3.** ⊠ No funds under this title will be used for coverage if a private insurer would have been obligated to provide such assistance except for a title. (Section 2105(c)(6)(A)) (42CFR 457.626(a)(1)) provision limiting this obligation because the child is eligible under this
- 8.8.4.Income and resource standards and methodologies for determining 1, 1997. (Section 2105(d)(1)) (42CFR 457.622(b)(5)) Medicaid eligibility are not more restrictive than those applied as of June
- 8.8.5. \times No funds provided under this title or coverage funded by this title will mother or if the pregnancy is the result of an act of rape or incest. include coverage of abortion except if necessary to save the life of the (Section 2105)(c)(7)(B)) (42CFR 457.475)

Abortion only if necessary to save the life of the mother.

8.8.6.No funds provided under this title will be used to pay for any abortion or to abortion (except as described above). (Section 2105)(c)(7)(A)) (42CFR assist in the purchase, in whole or in part, for coverage that includes 457.475)

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Section 9. Strategic Objectives and Performance Goals and Plan Administration (Section 2107)

2107(a)(2)) (42CFR 457.710(b)) among targeted low-income children and other low-income children: (Section Describe strategic objectives for increasing the extent of creditable health coverage

Objective 3: Improve the health care status of enrolled children Objective 2: Increase enrolled children's access to care Objective 1: Reduce the number of uninsured children

9.2. Specify one or more performance goals for each strategic objective identified: (Section 2107(a)(3)) (42CFR 457.710(c))

Objective 1 performance goal:

are insured Maximize the percentage of Medicaid and CHIP-eligible children in Virginia who

Objective 2 performance goal:

"Getting Needed Care" composite metric for the FAMIS program (general child (NCQA) national average for this metric population) will meet or exceed the National Committee for Quality Assurance Consumer Assessment of Healthcare Providers and Systems (CAHPS) survey

Objective 3 performance goal:

HEDIS Medicaid 50th percentile Medicaid and CHIP-enrolled children that meets or surpasses the national Maintain childhood immunization status (Combo 3) percentage among Virginia's

9.3. indicators as specified below or other indicators the state develops: determine the state's performance, taking into account suggested performance Describe how performance under the plan will be measured through objective (Section 2107(a)(4)(A),(B)) (42CFR 457.710(d)) independently verifiable means and compared against performance goals in order to

than enrollment targets. enrollment on a monthly basis, a decision was made to focus on quality measures rather performance goals for the program. While program managers continue to monitor With the FAMIS program well established after 10 years, Virginia re-assessed the

be accredited by the National Committee for Quality Assurance (NCQA). As such, they All of Virginia's Medicaid/CHIP managed care organizations (MCOs) are required to

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services. All performance measures are monitored based on the combined Medicaid-CHIP annual basis. These measures of care are calculated using technical specifications set Survey annually. Virginia contracts with the same MCOs for Medicaid and FAMIS forth by the NCQA. In addition, each MCO is required to conduct the CAHPS Child must calculate Healthcare Effectiveness Data and Information Set (HEDIS) scores on an

- Childhood Immunization Status (Combo 2) and each vaccine reported separately as
- Childhood Immunization Status (Combo 3) and each vaccine reported separately as
- Lead Screening in Children
- Well-Child Visits in the First 15 Months of Life and each number of visits listed
- Well-Child Visits in the Third, Fourth, Fifth, and Sixth Year of Life
- Adolescent Well-Care Visit
- Children and Adolescent access to primary care practitioners
- technical specifications) Asthma - Medication Management (all age categories set forth by the HEDIS

monitor progress on the following measures, based on HEDIS specifications, and make recommendations for improvement: The Children's Health Insurance Program Advisory Committee (CHIPAC) continues to

- Well Child Visits for child and adolescent age groups
- Immunizations at 2 years of age for combinations 2 and 3

goals for the CHIP population for the 2016-2018 biennium, beginning July 1, 2016, using NCQA's HEDIS technical specifications: The DMAS agency strategic plan was modified to include performance measures and

- visit per year Annually Percentage of adolescents in managed care with at least one comprehensive well-
- Annually Percentage of two-year-olds in managed care who are fully immunized
- service Quarterly Number of Medicaid/FAMIS enrolled children who received at least one dental

plans to use: (Section 2107(a)(4)) Check the applicable suggested performance measurements listed below that the state

9.3.1. □ The increase in the percentage of Medicaid-eligible children enrolled in Medicaid

STATE: Virginia 9.4. × 9.7. ⊠ 9.6. ⊠ 9.5. ⊠ 9.3.6. 9.3.5. 9.3.2. □ *9.3.3.* □ $9.3.7. \times$ 9.3.4.and the results of the program assessment. submitting a report to the Secretary by January 1 following the end of the fiscal assessments and reports. (Section 2107(b)(2)) (42CFR 457.750) 2107(b)(3)) (42CFR 457.720) information relating to the plan for purposes of review of audit. The state assures it will provide the Secretary with access to any records or year. This includes the reduction in the number of uninsured low-income children DMAS complies with subsection 10.1 in assessing the operation of FAMIS and required under Section 10. Briefly describe the state's plan for these annual Secretary at the times and in the standardized format that the Secretary requires. The state assures it will comply with the annual assessment and evaluation (Section 2107(b)(1)) (42CFR 457.720) The state assures it will collect all data, maintain records and furnish reports to the Performance measures for special targeted populations HEDIS Measurement Set relevant to children and adolescents younger than The extent to which outcome measures show progress on one or more of the health problems identified by the state. $9.3.7.7. \times$ 9.3.7.6. 9.3.7.5. 9.3.7.4. ⊠ *9.3.7.3.* ⊠ 9.3.7.2. ⊠ If not utilizing the entire HEDIS Measurement Set, specify which measures Other child appropriate measurement set. List or describe the set used The reduction in the percentage of uninsured children $9.3.7.1. \times$ will be collected, such as: The increase in the percentage of children with a usual source of care × X Other, please list: Adolescent well visits (HEDIS) Dental care (EPSDT) Mental health (HEDIS) Well child care (HEDIS) Immunizations (HEDIS) Asthma (HEDIS) Lead screening (HEDIS) Satisfaction with care (CAHPS) (Section Page 9-131

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The state assures that, in developing performance measures, it will modify those

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measures to meet national requirements when such requirements are developed. (42CFR 457.710(e))

- 9.8. Title XIX: (Section 2107(e)) (42CFR 457.135) Security Act will apply under Title XXI, to the same extent they apply to a state under The state assures, to the extent they apply, that the following provisions of the Social
- 9.8.1. ⊠ Section 1902(a)(4)(C) (relating to conflict of interest standards)
- 9.8.2. × payment) Paragraphs (2), (16) and (17) of Section 1903(i) (relating to limitations on
- 9.8.3. × Section 1903(w) (relating to limitations on provider donations and taxes)
- Section 1132 (relating to periods within which claims must be filed)
- 9.9. involvement. (Section 2107(c)) (42CFR 457.120(a) and (b)) design and implementation of the plan and the method for insuring ongoing public Describe the process used by the state to accomplish involvement of the public in the

during the regulatory process. Implementing regulations must go through a mandatory 60-day comment period consistent with the Code of Virginia. public also has the opportunity to become involved in administrative policies program through the legislative process of the Virginia General Assembly. The The public has the opportunity for involvement in major changes to the FAMIS

streamlining and simplifying the application process, brochures, other printed coordination of regional and local outreach activities, and procedures for period. The Committee may offer recommendations regarding policies, the outreach efforts. Meetings are open to the public and include a public comment insurance. The Committee meets quarterly to assess policies, operations, and individuals with significant knowledge of and interest in children's health composed of representatives from public and private organizations and other Health Insurance Program Advisory Committee (CHIPAC). CHIPAC is materials, forms, and applicant correspondence. Another method for insuring ongoing public involvement is the Children's

9.9.1 Describe the process used by the state to ensure interaction with Indian Tribes and procedures required in 42 CFR 457.125. (Section 2107(c)) (42CFR 457.120(c)) organizations in the state on the development and implementation of the

participates with CMS representatives and Tribal leaders in an annual face-At this time, Virginia has seven federally recognized Indian tribes. DMAS

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implementation of pertinent components of the CHIP State Plan are discussed. to-face tribal consultation. During this meeting, the state's development and

9.9.2provided as required in 457.65(b) through (d). enrollment procedures), please describe how and when prior public notice was For an amendment relating to eligibility or benefits (including cost sharing and

also posted on the DMAS website. Medicaid Memorandum was sent to all providers. This Memorandum was expansion, notification was sent by letter to all affected members, and a 2000 in conjunction with the expansion of Medicaid MCOs. Prior to each FAMIS MCO coverage has expanded incrementally over the years since

- 9.10. attached. The budget must describe: (Section 2107(d)) (42CFR 457.140) Provide a one year projected budget. A suggested financial form for the budget is
- Planned use of funds, including:
- Projected amount to be spent on health services;
- child health initiatives, and evaluation; and Projected amount to be spent on administrative costs, such as outreach,
- expected enrollment. Assumptions on which the budget is based, including cost per child and
- requirements for cost-sharing by enrollees Projected sources of non-Federal plan expenditures, including any

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CHIP Budget Plan

\$ 510,992,754	Total Program Costs
\$ 173,175,444	State Share
\$ 337,817,310	Federal Share (Multplied by enh-FMAP rate)
\$ 54,315,200	10% Administrative Cap
\$ 22,155,954	Total Administration Costs
	Other
\$ 3,383,911	Health Services Initiatives
\$ 499,334	Outreach/marketing costs
\$ 1,243,645	Claims Processing
\$ 13,962,759	Contractors/Brokers (e.g., enrollment contractors)
\$ 364,618	General administration
\$ 2,701,687	Personnel
	Administration Costs
\$ 488,836,800	Net Benefit Costs
	(Offsetting beneficiary cost sharing payments)
\$ 488,836,800	Total Benefit Costs
\$ 2,847,407	Cost of proposed SPA changes
\$ 99,333,353	Fee for Service
mos	per member/per month rate @# of eligible
elig/mo over 11	
@168,800 avg	
\$208.24	
\$ 386,656,040	Managed Care
	Insurance Payments
	Benefit Costs
66.11%	Enhanced FMAP rate
2024	
Year Costs - FFY	
Federal Fiscal	

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Funding:

State funding comes from state General Funds and the Family Access to Medical Insurance Security (FAMIS) Plan Trust Fund.

Insurance Plan (CMSIP) Trust Fund in anticipation that a children's health insurance The 1997 General Assembly established the Virginia Children's Medical Security

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share is paid from state General Funds. tax exemption enjoyed by the Blue Cross and Blue Shield Companies, which no longer Fund are approximately \$14 million a year. The remainder of the Commonwealth's provide insurance of last resort as a result of HIPAA reforms. Payments into the Trust health insurance premium tax revenue. In 1997, the Commonwealth repealed a partial children's health insurance program. Income to the Fund is derived from increased Fund be used to pay, in part, the Commonwealth's share of expenditures under the FAMIS Plan Trust Fund in legislation enacted in 2000. The Assembly directed that the program would be enacted by the 1998 General Assembly. The fund was renamed the

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Section 10. **Annual Reports and Evaluations** (Section 2108)

- 10.1. Annual Reports. The state assures that it will assess the operation of the state plan 457.750) under this Title in each fiscal year, including: (Section 2108(a)(1),(2)) (42CFR
- 10.1.1. ⊠ children and report to the Secretary by January 1 following the end of the fiscal year on the result of the assessment, and The progress made in reducing the number of uninsured low-income
- 10.2. developed. (42CFR 457.710(e)) ☑ The state assures it will comply with future reporting requirements as they are
- 10.3. reporting requirements. regulations, including but not limited to Federal grant requirements and Federal ☑ The state assures that it will comply with all applicable Federal laws and

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Program Integrity (Section 2101(a))

- Check here if the state elects to use funds provided under Title XXI only to provide expanded eligibility under the state's Medicaid plan, and continue to Section 12.
- 11.1 ⊠ free and open competition or through basing rates on other public and private rates that are actuarially sound. (Section 2101(a)) (42CFR 457.940(b)) The state assures that services are provided in an effective and efficient manner through
- 11.2. (Section 2107(e)) (42CFR 457.935(b)) The items below were moved from section 9.8 Act will apply under Title XXI, to the same extent they apply to a state under Title XIX: The state assures, to the extent they apply, that the following provisions of the Social Security (*Previously items* 9.8.6. - 9.8.9)
- 11.2.1.42 CFR Part 455 Subpart B (relating to disclosure of information by providers and fiscal agents)
- × Section 1124 (relating to disclosure of ownership and related information)
- X Section 1126 (relating to disclosure of information about certain convicted individuals)
- 11.2.4. X Section 1128A (relating to civil monetary penalties)
- \times Section 1128B (relating to criminal penalties for certain additional charges)
- \times Section 1128E (relating to the National health care fraud and abuse data collection program)

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Applicant and enrollee protections (Sections 2101(a))

Check here if the state elects to use funds provided under Title XXI only to provide expanded eligibility under the state's Medicaid plan.

Eligibility and Enrollment Matters

12.1 42 CFR 457.1120. Describe the review process for eligibility and enrollment matters that complies with

or the Central Processing Unit (CPU), the following procedures shall apply. Medical Assistance Services (DMAS), the Department of Social Services (DSS), For reviews involving adverse eligibility actions taken by the Department of

- -DMAS, the DSS, and/or the CPU must send written notification of adverse actions affecting an individual's request for or receipt of FAMIS coverage. Adverse actions include:
- a. Denial of eligibility;
- b. Failure to make a timely determination;
- C Suspension or termination of enrollment, including disenrollment for failure to pay cost sharing.
- 12 applicants/enrollees within 10 days after the date of denial or at least 10 days which enrollment may continue pending review. The notice must be sent to standard and expedited time frames for review, and the circumstances under explanation of rights to request a review and how to request a review, the prior to suspension or termination of enrollment. The written notification must include the reasons for the determination, an
- S To be considered timely, a request for review shall be received by DMAS no later than 30 calendar days from the date of the notice of adverse action.
- 4 a state or federal provision requiring an automatic change in eligibility or enrollees without regard to their individual circumstances enrollment that affects all applicants or enrollees or a group of applicants or A review shall not be granted if the sole basis for the adverse determination is
- S has not been directly involved in the adverse action under review. A request for review shall be heard and decided by an agent of DMAS who
- 6 All applicants/enrollees shall have the right to have personal and medical information and records maintained as confidential.

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7. All applicants/enrollees shall have an opportunity to:

- a Represent themselves or have representation of their choosing during the review process;
- ಶ review of the decision; Timely review their files and other applicable information relevant to
- <u></u> present supplemental information during the review process; and Fully participate in the review process, including an opportunity to
- <u>a</u> the effective date of the suspension or termination of the enrollment. Receive continued coverage if the enrollee requests a review prior to
- ∞ standard resolution of the review request could seriously jeopardize the State receives, from the managed care organization or the primary health review shall result in a written final decision within 3 business days after the enrollee's life or health or ability to attain, maintain, or regain maximum whenever the State receives, from the managed care organization or the requests or causes a delay. An expedited review decision will be mandated or causes a delay. function, unless the applicant, enrollee, or authorized representative requests enrollee's life or health or ability to attain, maintain, or regain maximum a standard resolution of the review request could seriously jeopardize the provider, the case record and information indicating that taking the time for primary health provider, information indicating that taking the time for a request for review unless the applicant, enrollee, or authorized representative result in a written final decision within 90 calendar days of receipt of the If an expedited review decision is not mandated, a request for review shall function. If an expedited review decision is mandated, then a request for

Health Services Matters

12.2 Please describe the review process for health services matters that complies with 42 of health care. CFR 457.1120. "Health services matters" refers to grievances relating to the provision

apply. through Managed Care Organizations (MCOs), the following procedures shall For reviews involving health services matters for FAMIS enrollees receiving services

The MCO shall provide a written notification within 10 days after a decision is request for covered services is delayed, denied, reduced, suspended, or made and provide the opportunity for external review whenever an enrollee's of services; or whenever there has been the failure to approve, furnish or provide terminated, in whole or in part including a determination about the type or level

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payment for health services in a timely manner

- 2 enrollee about his or her opportunity to file a grievance or a request for review standard and expedited time frames for review. In addition, it shall inform the explanation of rights to request a review and how to request a review, and the Written notification must include the reasons for the determination, an the MCO's office. with the MCO, and include the phone number and name of the contact person at
- $\dot{\omega}$ The MCO shall comply with the Department's hearing process, no more or less, and in the same manner as is required for all other FAMIS evidentiary hearings.
- 4 must be in compliance with federal and State regulations. The procedures must and formal grievance and review process and how it operates, and the process The MCO shall have written policies and procedures which describe the informal individuals with the authority to require corrective action. provide for prompt resolution of the issue and involve the participation of
- S applicants or enrollees or a group of applicants or enrollees without regard to state or federal provision requiring an automatic change that affects all A review shall not be granted if the sole basis for the adverse determination is a their individual circumstances.
- 9 decision must be in writing and shall include but not be limited to: of the grievance and after all pertinent information has been received. The issue grievance decisions within fourteen (14) days from the date of initial receipt The MCO shall offer an internal grievance review procedure. The MCO shall
- 3. The decision reached by the MCO;
- þ. The reasons for the decision;
- C The policies or procedures which provide the basis for the decision; and
- request for review. A clear explanation of further review rights and the time frame for filing a
- .7 appeal must be filed within 30 days of the enrollee's receipt of notice of the final If an enrollee wishes to file an appeal with the external review organization, the other than the contractor responsible for the matter subject to external review. review, because the external review organization is the State or a contractor the MCO. An external review organization shall manage the external review The enrollee may request an external review of any formal grievance decision by decision from the MCO. procedure. The external review organization provides an independent external
- ∞ necessary for any enrollee appeal within the time frame established by the The MCO shall provide to the external review organization all information

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Department.

9. All applicants/enrollees shall have the right to have personal and medical information and records maintained as confidential.

10. All applicants/enrollees shall have an opportunity to:

- 2 review process: Represent themselves or have representation of their choosing during the
- b. review of the decision; Timely review their files and other applicable information relevant to
- c. in writing, including an opportunity to present supplemental information Fully participate in the review process, whether the review is in person or during the review process; and
- d. effective date of the reduction or termination of services or payment for Receive continued coverage if the enrollee requests a review prior to the
- 11. Unless an expedited review decision is mandated, the external review a decision within seventy-two (72) hours of the time an enrollee requests external external review organization must complete the external review process and issue under the standard time frame could seriously jeopardize the enrollee's life or review. If the enrollee's physician or health plan determines that operating within ninety (90) calendar days of the date an enrollee requests an internal organization shall complete the external review process and issue a decision health or ability to attain, maintain, or regain maximum function, then the
- 12. The MCO shall comply with the external review decision. The external review appeal by the MCO. organization's decision in these matters shall be final and shall not be subject to
- 13. The external review organization's decision must be in writing and shall include but not be limited to:
- The decision reached by the external review organization:
- þ The reasons for the decision;
- The policies or procedures which provide the basis for the decision.

through fee-for-service, the following procedures shall apply. For reviews involving health services matters for FAMIS enrollees receiving services

The State or its contractor shall provide a written notification within 10 days

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the type or level of services; or whenever there has been the failure to approve, suspended, or terminated, in whole or in part including a determination about after a decision is made and provide the opportunity for external review furnish or provide payment for health services in a timely manner. whenever an enrollee's request for covered services is delayed, denied, reduced,

- . standard and expedited time frames for review. explanation of rights to request a review and how to request a review, and the Written notification must include the reasons for the determination, an
- S applicants or enrollees or a group of applicants or enrollees without regard to state or federal provision requiring an automatic change that affects all their individual circumstances. A review shall not be granted if the sole basis for the adverse determination is a
- 4. the contractor responsible for the matter subject to external review The external review must be conducted by the State or a contractor other than
- S within 30 days of the enrollee's receipt of notice of the final decision from the State or its contractor. If an enrollee wishes to request an external review, the request must be filed
- 6 All applicants/enrollees shall have the right to have personal and medical information and records maintained as confidential.
- 7. All applicants/enrollees shall have an opportunity to:
- 3. review process; Represent themselves or have representation of their choosing during the
- þ. review of the decision; Timely review their files and other applicable information relevant to
- C during the review process; and in writing, including an opportunity to present supplemental information Fully participate in the review process, whether the review is in person or
- d. effective date of the reduction or termination of services or payment for Receive continued coverage if the enrollee requests a review prior to the
- ∞ standard time frame could seriously jeopardize the enrollee's life or health or the enrollee's physician or health plan determines that operating under the applicant, enrollee, or authorized representative requests or causes a delay. If calendar days of the date an enrollee requests an external review, unless the Unless an expedited review decision is mandated, the external review process shall be completed and a written decision shall be issued within ninety (90)

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two (72) hours of the time an enrollee requests external review, unless the ability to attain, maintain, or regain maximum function, then the external review applicant, enrollee, or authorized representative requests or causes a delay. process must be completed and a written decision must be issued within seventy-

services through the contracted BHSA, the following procedures shall apply. For reviews involving behavioral health services matters for FAMIS enrollees receiving

- The BHSA shall provide a written notification within 10 days after a decision is payment for health services in a timely manner. of services; or whenever there has been the failure to approve, furnish or provide terminated, in whole or in part including a determination about the type or level request for covered services is delayed, denied, reduced, suspended, or made and provide the opportunity for external review whenever an enrollee's
- 2 with the BHSA, and include the phone number and name of the contact person at enrollee about his or her opportunity to file a grievance or a request for review standard and expedited time frames for review. In addition, it shall inform the explanation of rights to request a review and how to request a review, and the Written notification must include the reasons for the determination, an the BHSA's office.
- $\dot{\omega}$ receipt of the grievance. shall issue grievance decisions within thirty (30) days from the date of initial informal and formal grievance and review process and how it operates, and the The BHSA shall have written policies and procedures which describe the process must be in compliance with federal and State regulations. The BHSA
- 4 applicants or enrollees or a group of applicants or enrollees without regard to state or federal provision requiring an automatic change that affects all A review shall not be granted if the sole basis for the adverse determination is a their individual circumstances.
- S with the Department, the appeal must be filed within 30 days of the enrollee's of their right to appeal to the Department. If an enrollee wishes to file an appeal contractor directly to the Department. The contractor shall notify the members FAMIS members have the right to appeal most adverse actions by the BHSA receipt of notice of the decision from the BHSA contractor.
- 6 The BHSA shall provide to the Department all information necessary for any enrollee appeal within the time frame established by the Department
- .7 All applicants/enrollees shall have the right to have personal and medical information and records maintained as confidential

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- ∞ All applicants/enrollees shall have an opportunity to:
- 3. review process; Represent themselves or have representation of their choosing during the
- þ. Timely review their files and other applicable information relevant to review of the decision;
- C during the review process; and in writing, including an opportunity to present supplemental information Fully participate in the review process, whether the review is in person or
- \mathbf{q} effective date of the reduction or termination of services or payment for Receive continued coverage if the enrollee requests a review prior to the
- 9. ninety (90) calendar days of the date an enrollee's request. An expedited review The Department shall complete the review process and issue a decision within must be completed within seventy-two (72) hours of the request.
- 10. The Department's decision must be in writing and shall include but not be and, the policies or procedures which provide the basis for the decision. limited to: the decision reached by the Department; the reasons for the decision;
- 11. The BHSA shall comply with the Department's decision.
- other than through the group health plan at initial enrollment and at each redetermination will assure that applicants and enrollees have the option to obtain health benefits coverage that does not meet the requirements of 42 CFR 457.1120, please describe how the state Premium Assistance Programs - If providing coverage through a group health plan

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